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THE WEATHER
Fair tonight and Sunday.

SPOT COTTON
Atlanta, nominal, 8½c; New York, quiet, 9 23-100c; New Orleans, steady, 8 63-100c.

679 BODIES RECOVERED FROM CHICAGO DISASTER

NATIONAL DEFENSE CONFERENCE CALLED BY THE PRESIDENT

In View of the Critical Situation With Germany Wilson Is Anxious to Have Data to Lay Before Congress

TO CONFER WITH ARMY AND NAVY SECRETARIES

Program Is Said to Contain Plans for Army of 500,000 and Material Strength for All Branches of Navy

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Formal announcement was made at the White House today that President Wilson on his return to Washington will confer with Secretaries Garrison and Daniels on a program for national defense. The president has written to the heads of the war and navy departments for reports on the subject, pointing out the necessity for working out plans for increasing the efficiency of the military arms of the government. The White House statement follows:

"The president has been considering every phase of the matter of national defense and intends immediately on his return to Washington to confer with the secretary of war and the secretary of the navy, his purpose being to procure information on which he can formulate a sane, reasonable and practical program of national defense."

Although nothing was stated officially concerning the government's purposes, it was hinted that with the dispatch of the emphatic note to Germany the president had decided to hasten the reports and recommendations being prepared by the war and navy departments for the regular session of congress so that all necessary information might be available if emergency arose.

As yet there are no intimations that the president has fixed any definite time for submitting the program of national defense to congress, but his purpose is said to be to map out comprehensive plans so that no time be lost should he decide to call a special session.

ARMY OF 500,000.

President Wilson himself already has selected much data. Secretary Garrison has been at work steadily with members of the army general staff for several weeks planning a new national military policy. The navy also has been occupied in secret with emergency preparations.

The delicacy of international affairs brought to light and officials admitted today that for the next few weeks the question of national defense will be a foremost one. The president hopes to lay foundations for a permanent national policy particularly for the army. Details of a reserve system being planned are witheld, and it is said the aim of the general staff is to create a reserve army of at least 500,000 men and possibly more.

Increases are planned in the regular army posts at Honolulu, Philippines and the Panama canal zone, with a material increase of the forces in continental United States.

MORE SUBMARINES.

In the navy, work is proceeding steadily on the perfection of the submarine and the aeroplane. Attention has been concerted on putting the navy on an equality with the most efficient. Although the navy general board has not completed its plans, it is understood authoritatively that at least thirty submarines and possibly fifty will be asked of congress when the reports are submitted. Work on ships now building is to be rushed.

Officials of the army and navy manifested much satisfaction today at the administration's decision not to wait for the regular session of congress, but to inquire immediately into the needs of the two branches of the service.

Big Plans for Strengthening The Navy, Says Daniels

(By Associated Press.)

MORRISTOWN, N. J., July 24.—Secretary Daniels, who is spending a few days here with his family, said today he was preparing to present tentatively outlines of his recommendations for the navy's part in the program in national defense to President Wilson as soon as the latter arrives for summer White House at Cornish. He was confident congress would co-operate with the president in whatever naval program he might recommend.

American naval experts in all branches of the service who have been in Europe since the beginning of the war have brought back information, Mr. Daniels said, which might have a far-reaching effect on the navy program. He added that Rear Admiral Benson, chief of operations; Admiral Dewey, head of the general board, also have been studying the subject earnestly.

Garrison Has Program For Army Almost Complete

(By Associated Press.)

SEABRIGHT, N. J., July 24.—Secretary Garrison, here for the week end, said today he would be in Washington the first of next week to resume his conferences on national defense with members of the general staff.

"The matter of a proper military policy," he said, "has been under consideration for a long time, and has received our constant attention. Details are not sufficiently settled for publication at this time and will not be until after the president and I have had an opportunity for a final conference. I expect to have that conference on his return from Cornish."

The secretary added the problem of national defense, so far as the army was concerned, had been the subject of careful study by him with members of the general staff for more than a year, and that the results of those deliberations were about to be put in definite form for President Wilson's approval.

FINAL WARNING ON SUBMARINE WAR IS GIVEN TO GERMANY

Kaiser Is Told U. S. Will Enforce Rights of Americans Regardless of What the Cost May Be

OFFICIALS NOW AWAIT NEXT MOVE OF KAISER

Rules of International Law and Humanity Must Be Obeyed Wilson Declares in Third Lusitania Note

WASHINGTON, July 24.—With the publication today of the note warning Germany that any repetition of acts by her submarine commanders in violation of American rights would be regarded as "deliberately unfriendly," the United States government awaited further developments.

The note does not necessarily call for a reply. It leaves the way open, however, for any answer from Germany disavowing the sinking of the Lusitania and offering reparation, submitting assurances as to the future actions of her naval officers and, even, asking directly for mediation by the United States between the German and British governments on the general subject of warfare on the sea.

The use in the note of the phrase "deliberately unfriendly" is viewed here as expressing the final word of the United States government regarding Germany's submarine warfare. The United States does not abate in any respect, but rather more strongly insists upon, the demands made in previous notes that Germany asquiesce in its views that the rules of international law and humanity be observed by her naval warfare.

The United States government cannot believe, the note says, "that the imperial German government will longer refrain from disavowing the wanton acts of its naval commander in sinking the Lusitania." It declares the murder of hundreds of Americans lost in that disaster. It announces that the government will continue to contend for the freedom of the seas "from whatever quarter violated, without compromise and at any cost."

The note also invites the practical cooperation of the German government in an effort to bring about the freedom of the seas; declares the American government cannot discuss actions of Great Britain and that it regards as "irrelevant" in the present negotiations the conduct of other belligerents, points out that recent events have indicated that it is "possible and practicable" to conduct submarine operations "in substantial accord with the accepted practices of regulated warfare," and rejects Germany's proposal "that certain vessels be designated and agreed upon which shall be free on the seas now illegally proscribed."

The note is now in the hands of the German government and no reply is expected for several weeks. President Wilson and Secretary Lansing left Washington today.

German Submarines Sink Two More Ships

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, July 24.—The Russian ship Rubonia has been torpedoed and sunk by a submarine. Her crew of thirty was landed on the Orkney islands.

The trawler Star of Peace also was torpedoed and sunk off the Orkneys and her crew landed at Stromness.

Germany's Stand Taken, German Writer Says

BERLIN, Via London, July 24.—The American note was not published in this morning's papers, but probably will appear in the afternoon editions. Count Ernest von Reventlow, in an article in the Tages Zeitung, headed "Ungrounded Anxieties," declares that no matter what the note contains, the submarine campaign will not be restricted. So far as the German empire is concerned, he says, there can be no further question of its attitude. The Rubicon has long been taken, Count von Reventlow asserts, and it will be maintained.

Dr. Lokal Kanzeiger says the contents of the American note do not preclude the possibility of further negotiations between Washington and Berlin.

DROWNED BOY'S BODY FOUND 20 MILES AWAY

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

HARTWELL, Ga., July 24.—The body of the twelve-year-old son of W. P. Cleland, drowned Thursday morning at Fort Madison, S. C., was recovered Friday morning by citizens of Hartwell, Ga., twenty miles further down the Tugalo river.

Young Cleland had been in bathing with other boys in the Tugalo at Fort Madison. They heard him cry out and saw him sink, but for hours afterward efforts to recover the body were fruitless.

Not until Mr. Cleland got into communication by long distance telephone with Hartwell this morning was the fate of his son definitely established.

The body was taken to Fort Madison Saturday for interment.

BOBBIE JONES REACHES FINALS AT BIRMINGHAM

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 24.—Robert Jones, Jr., fourteen years old, will represent Atlanta in the finals of the second annual invitation golf tournament at the Roebuck Spring club this afternoon, having defeated Scott Probasco, of Chattanooga, this morning in the semi-finals 3 up and 1 to play. His father was defeated by William Badham, of Birmingham, 4 up and 2 to play. Badham and young Jones begin play at 3 o'clock.

Harris Will Pardon Stripling, He Tells Baby of Prisoner

Convicts Petition Governor to Free Dr. McNaughton, Who Saved Leo Frank's Life by Prompt Surgical Treatment

BY LINTON K. STARR.
(Staff Correspondent.)

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., July 24.—Bessie Lucille, six-year-old daughter of Edgar Stripling, has obtained Governor Harris' promise that her father shall be freed.

As the governor stood in the lobby of the prison this morning the little girl dashed up to him and clasped his hand.

"Governor, let my papa out," she said. "We've nobody to work for us and mamma's sick. Won't you please let him go home."

"Tell your papa," said the governor, "that I'm going to let him out sometime within the next two years, before my term of office expires. I can't say just when, but I'm going to let him out."

The news rushed to Stripling, who has been here about two years, following his arrest at Danville, Va., where he had for many years, under an assumed name, held the office of chief of police, following his killing of J. B. Cornett in Harris county some fourteen years ago.

"SOON, OR IT'S NO USE."

"If he doesn't free me within the next sixty days, it'll be no use," he said. Stripling trembled and tears broke down his cheeks. "Look at this," he held out his hand which trembled with nervousness.

"I'm a physical and mental wreck," he said. "My wife is sick, no work, no money—it's driving me crazy."

Short a year I've been able to do no work except look after the mail. I'm dying."

Turning to a fellow prisoner he said:

"You'll have to look after the mail for me this morning. I can't."

With that Stripling gave his brown daughter, Ruth, and little girl who pleaded for him with the governor. They are boarding near the prison and spend all the time possible with their father. Stripling's wife is sick at her home in Columbus.

With her is another grown daughter, Miss Annie Lee.

The plea of Stripling's little girl was made even more touching when the governor was pointed out as the man who could free her father and she dashed toward him.

Stripling was presented to Governor Harris.

"I greet you as a Christian gentleman which I know you are," said Stripling. "I believe you are my friend. May God crown your administration with glory."

With that Stripling broke down and sobbed like a child.

A NERVOUS WRECK.

Stripling is a complete nervous wreck following the excitement of the morning. He is almost delirious and cannot when addressed. His daughter is in practically the same condition.

"I know I'm going crazy," said Stripling. "I believe it; I have suffered so much I can stand it no longer. My daughter has hardly been held out, only to drift away. I have heard only today that, despite what Governor Harris said, there isn't much chance of getting effects my case up soon. I feel that something will block it."

Miss Stripling, like her father, is in a state of nervous collapse.

STRIPLING'S STRANGE STORY.

Edgar Stripling, in 1897, was sentenced to the Georgia state prison farm for the killing of William Cornett, who Stripling accused of insulting his sister. Cornett was shot through the window of his home.

In 1909 Stripling escaped. Later, under the name of R. E. Morris, he settled at Danville, Va., moved his family there and became a respected citizen. He joined the police force and was promoted to the position of chief of police in a short time.

It was while serving as chief that he was recognized by a traveler to Danville. He was returned to Georgia prison farm about two years ago. Governors Hoke Smith, Joseph M. Brown and John M. Slaton had refused to grant executive clemency to him.

PETITION FOR M'NAUGHTON.

Dr. D. P. McNaughton, serving a life term for murder in Emmanuel county will be freed if the wishes of his fellow-prisoners at the Georgia state farm are carried out. Today Governor Harris was presented with a petition for clemency for McNaughton, signed by 137 of 150 prisoners at the state institution.

"Not a man to whom the petition was presented refused to sign it," said the prisoner who circulated the petition. "The only reason it is not unanimous is the fact that it was not started until late yesterday and we didn't have time to see everybody."

The petition is inspired by the quick action of Dr. McNaughton in saving the life of Leo M. Frank when his throat was slashed last Saturday night by William Creen, a prisoner. Prisoners and officials alike state that but for the work of Dr. McNaughton Frank would have died.

"For nearly two years," the petition of prisoners says in part, "Dr. McNaughton has ministered to our sufferings. He has answered our calls at any time, day or night, and always cheerfully and willingly. We have learned to love him and feel grateful to him for reason that he has devoted his life and efforts for nearly two years to relieving suffering.

"He has our utmost confidence and we fully believe in him. We have tried him in the crucible of prison life, and he has not been found wanting.

"We beg of you that you harken to our petition and prayer that you grant mercy and liberty to this Christian man, who has done so much to render our lives more endurable while in prison.

(Continued on Last Page, Column 3.)

U. S. BORDER TROOPS ORDERED TO RESIST MEXICANS BY FORCE

Funston Receives Orders From War Department to Drive Mexicans Off With Artillery if They Fire Over Line

U. S. TROOPS WILL NOT CROSS MEXICAN LINE

Most Drastic Orders Yet Given Border Patrol Are Meant to Teach Mexicans Uncle Sam Means Business

(By Associated Press.)

SAN ANTONIO, Tex. July 24.—Definite orders have been received from Washington by Major General Funston, commanding the border troops, to repel any firing into American territory in fighting threatened between Carranza and Villa forces at Nogales and Naco.

Most Drastic Orders Yet Issued to Border Troops

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, July 24.—General Funston's orders to repel firing into American territory are the most drastic the war department has yet given for protection of Americans along the line.

It is understood that both Carranza and Villa have been notified that the United States will use force to prevent harm to Americans through any violation of the agreement by which Brigadier General Scott got the factions to promise not to battle where their fire would reach over the border.

Advices today from Vera Cruz say General Carranza also has been notified of the intention of Villa troops to defend Nogales against his forces now approaching. Carranza troops already occupy Naco.

General Funston's orders do not mean that he will send United States troops over the border into Mexico. Officials have previously emphasized that repelling the Mexican fire by force is in no sense an invasion of Mexico.

If forced to act, General Funston probably would place his artillery in position to drive the Mexican factions so far from the border that American territory would not again be threatened by their battle.

17th Regiment, Atlanta's Own, May Get in Battle

The orders referred to in the above dispatch may mean that the Seventeenth Infantry, of Fort McPherson, Atlanta, may come under fire in a skirmish with the Mexicans.

The Seventeenth is stationed at Eagle Pass, Tex., right on the Mexican border. It is commanded by Colonel Henry C. Hodges, Jr.

STRONGEST WORDS DIPLOMACY COULD USE, SAYS LONDON

British Press in Commenting on Wilson's Note to Germany Says It Is at Least a "Penultimatum"

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, July 24.—"These are the strongest words diplomacy could employ without actually breaking relations with the power to which they are addressed, and if we apply the usual standard of interpretation to them we must call this note at least a penultimatum," is the Westminster Gazette's estimate of America's new note to Germany. "It leaves nothing to be desired in the firmness wherewith it reasserts the principles laid down in the previous notes."

The Pall Mall Gazette says:

"President Wilson's much criticised self-restraint has enabled him to intervene at last in a fashion which invokes the national honor and the national conscience of America, both at their highest intensity. . . . Today's note is an explicit rejection of the familiar doctrine of 'necessity,' which has underlaid German excuses and expostulations."

Referring to the use of the expression "deliberately unfriendly," the Pall Mall Gazette says: "Its place at the end of the note will deprive Berlin of an excuse of misreading or ignoring the frame of mind wherein the document has been composed."

TWO BOYS ARE DROWNED IN RIVER NEAR HAZLEHURST

Elder Brother of One of Victims Witnesses Deplorable Accident

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

HAZLEHURST, Ga., July 24.—David McDonald, aged twenty-two, and Omer Evans, aged fifteen, were drowned in Ocmulgee river near here at 8 o'clock this morning. They had spent the night at the river fishing and were taking a bath on the sand bar before returning home. They went out until they struck deep water, whereupon one of the boys became frightened, clinching the other, both going down. An elder Evans witnessed the drowning, after which he came to Hazlehurst. A large number of people have gone to drag for the bodies. Both boys could swim.

TRIED TO KILL FRANK TO PREVENT ATTACK ON PEN, SAYS CREEN

Frank's Assailant Tells Governor Harris Whole Story of Attack and Reasons for Trying to Slay Fellow Prisoner

SAW DEATH OF OTHERS IN ATTACK ON PRISON

Feared Loss of Innocent Lives if Frank Was Not Put Out of Way—Governor Holds Officials Blameless

BY LINTON K. STARR.
(Journal Staff Correspondent.)

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., July 24.—William Creen this morning told Governor Nat E. Harris that he tried to kill Leo M. Frank Saturday night, because he believed that in so doing he would rid the Georgia state prison of a man whose presence he believed would result in the attack by a mob on the prison and consequent loss of innocent lives in the battle with guards that he believed would follow.

This opinion, he said, had been formed in reading newspapers. He asserted that his attack was inspired by no one, and was made simply because he himself felt that it was his duty to kill Frank.

OFFICIALS EXONERATED.

Governor Harris stated, following his talk with Creen, that he did not hold Warden James E. Smith or other officials responsible.

He asserted that he proposed to see if prison conditions are up to the great standards of the unlimited resources of the state of Georgia, and that he would send a special message on the subject to the legislature soon after his return to Atlanta.

"I don't like it," he said, in referring to conditions.

Creen told his story in the presence only of Governor Harris and Adjutant General J. Van Holt Nash, the governor asking in accordance with the prisoner's wishes that he be granted a private audience.

Creen, unmanacled for the first time since his attack on Frank, was closeted with the governor in the room adjoining that in which Frank's assailant was confined. All doors leading from the room were bolted.

CREEN'S STORY.

Creen began his confession to the governor the history of his own case up to the time of the attack on Frank. He told how, after he had killed Frank, he had killed two men and was serving a life sentence.

"Why did you do this?" asked the governor, referring to the attack on Frank.

Creen's story, as repeated by the governor and General Nash, substantially was:

"I had heard talk of the danger of Frank being killed.

"I felt that as long as he was here there was danger of the prison being attacked, that some of the guards and the people making the attack would shoot at each other and people be killed, and I came to the conclusion that it was my duty to save the people from the danger to which Frank's presence exposed them. I determined that Frank was subjecting us to danger, so decided that I would kill him."

"Was that your only motive in this?" asked Governor Harris.

"A few days before it happened," replied Creen, "I definitely made over it and decided to carry my plan out."

"Now tell the governor the truth, Creen," said Governor Harris. "Was there any suggestion made to you from the outside?"

CREEN ON KNEES.

Creen fell to his knees and raised his hand.

"I swear, that I never talked of the Frank case to anyone inside or out of the prison before or after the attack."

"Did you mean to kill him," Creen was asked.

"I did," he replied calmly. "I felt it was my duty."

Asked where he obtained his knife, Creen replied that he had slipped it from the kitchen on the Friday night before he attacked Frank and had hidden it in his cot.

After Creen's talk with the governor the newspaper correspondents were called in to hear Creen's statement in reference to charges that he had been beaten by prison authorities.

In the presence of the correspondents Governor Harris asked him whether he had ever been whipped here.

"No," was his answer.

NO FAULT TO FIND.

Creen bared his back which was said to have been scarred from floggings. There was no evidence of his ever having been beaten.

"Have you ever been mistreated here in anyway?" Creen was asked.

There was no answer, but the prison commissioners and the governor stated that Creen in no way could have told them he had no fault to find.

Governor Harris stated to the newspaper men that he had come to Milledgeville not so much to investigate the attack on Frank as to look into prison and prison conditions generally.

"I propose to find out," he said, "why one inmate of the prison would attack another and how. With the facilities here I don't see how anyone could have prevented this attack on Frank. Unless the prisoners were provided with separate cells. I am not blaming prison officials."

"As to conditions here," said the governor, "I will say merely that I don't like them. Anything else I have to say will be incorporated in the special message I shall send the legislature soon after my return to Atlanta."

The governor indicated that he would make very drastic recommendations and that he expects his message to result in decided changes. He called attention to the fact that only about one-tenth of Georgia's convicts are here.

Asked whether he thought Creen cra-

(Continued on last page, Col. 4.)

1,500 BELIEVED DEAD; BOAT'S OFFICERS ARE ARRESTED BY POLICE

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, July 24.—Hundreds of persons were drowned today when the steamer Eastland, crowded with 2,500 employes of the Western Electric company, capsized in the Chicago river.

Four hours after the accident rescuers still were taking bodies from the boat through holes chopped in its hull. Estimates of the death list ran from 700 to 1,500. At 3 o'clock 679 dead had been found.

Deputy Coroner David Jones and Sheriff John E. Traeger, directing the work of removing bodies, said they feared the dead would number 1,200 or possibly 1,500.

The crowding of passengers to one side of the boat popularly is supposed to have caused the tragedy, but authorities, not satisfied with that explanation, ordered the arrest of boat's officers. Captain Harry Pederson and Dell Fisher, first mate, were taken to police headquarters.

Federal Judge Landis ordered a special grand jury empanelled to make an investigation of the disaster. The jury will meet next Thursday.

Steamboat Inspector William Nicholas is investigating a report that water ballast was pumped from the hold of the Eastland as the passengers boarded, so the boat would rise and more passengers might be carried.

Four hours' inquiry caused officials to lean strongly toward the theory that the boat's peculiar construction was responsible for the accident. The Eastland was equipped with water ballast so she could enter shallow ports. When approaching such entries water would be forced from the tanks, reducing the boat's draft. Officials thought most of the ballast had been forced from the tanks in anticipation of a heavy load today, thus rendering her top-heavy.

The river current also engaged attention in connection with a possibility that the keel had grounded in the mud. Those who discussed that theory thought the current, working against the pull of the hawsers toward the dock, made a fulcrum of the keel and turned the steamer over.

Still another theory was that a tug started pulling on the steamer before the wharf lines were cast off. That, however, was denied.

A man giving the name of Tony Saionis was arrested after a struggle within the overturned steamer and was accused of robbing the dead under pretense of aiding rescue work.

First Deputy Superintendent of Police Schuttler said:

"Five hundred bodies have been recovered and I believe that 1,000 in all perished. I believe the other bodies will be recovered when the inner compartments of the boat are reached. We are recovering bodies rapidly and the list of dead is growing fast.

"My estimate of 1,000 dead is based on information I got from a purser on the boat, who had a narrow escape."

An Associated Press man who got by the guards on the Theodore Roosevelt counted 150 bodies in the cabin on that boat. Most of these were women.

Officials of the steamship company said that the Eastland had about 2,500 persons on board.

The steamer had been chartered for the day by the Western Electric company employes, who had planned an excursion to Michigan City, Ind. The excursionists were crowding aboard when the boat slowly listed toward the middle of the river.

When the boat started to tip the officers shouted warnings, but it was too late. The heavily loaded steamer continued to roll until the hawsers which held it to the dock snapped.

Four members of the crew of the steamer Theodore Roosevelt which was tied at the dock, rescued thirty-five persons in lifeboats launched from the Roosevelt.

When firemen chopped through the side of the overturned hull they found bodies piled on one another like so many boxes of merchandise. They began taking them out and placing them on the tug Racine which stood alongside. There they were placed on stretchers and covered. Nearby, where scores of physicians and volunteer rescuers began attempts at resuscitation.

Fifty Catholic priests summoned hurriedly from various churches reached the scene of the disaster shortly after 10 o'clock. Some went aboard the steamer Theodore Roosevelt, which was turned into a temporary morgue, but most of them devoted their attention to the dying and injured.

CREW ALL SAVED THEMSELVES.

There were seventy-two men in the crew of the Eastland and all of them were reported to have escaped by swimming to the wharf. Later they assisted in the rescue work.

Sixty per cent of the dead were women, a deputy coroner said. Their faces bore the marks of a desperate struggle for life.

The boat is more than 300 feet long. She is owned by the Chicago and St. Joseph Transportation company.

Many passengers were reported to have jumped from the sinking steamer to the wharf, to which the boat was tied. Scores of others, thrown into the river, scrambled to the bottom and side of the boat, clinging there until rescued.

The North Clark street bridge was choked with persons on their way to work when the accident occurred. Friends and relatives of many who were going on the excursion lined the bridge railing waiting for the boat to depart.

Captain Charles Carland, of the United States life saving station at the mouth of the river, hurried with his crew to the scene and aided in the rescue, as did dozens of tugs and other river craft.

Eyewitnesses said the boat turned gradually and that when it began to tip the crowd rushed and slid toward the side that had settled in the water. The big steamer, weighed by the rush of its passengers, turned clear over on its side.

SCORES DROWN IN CABIN.

It is feared scores of women and children in the cabin were drowned without being given a chance to escape. Hundreds of other passengers were able to climb on the side of the boat, which remained above water, and later were taken off by rescuers.

Life preservers were thrown into the river from the steamship Theodore Roosevelt, docked across the river, and scores of the Eastland's passengers clung to them until picked up by boats.

City fireboats, police launches and lifeboats from nearby steamers in the river rushed to the rescue. A hole was cut through the side of the lower deck, and the bodies of six victims, five of whom were women, soon were taken out.

L. B. Gadory, employed as a candy "butcher" on the steamer, was the first eye-witness to tell a detailed story of the accident.

"It was about 7:40 o'clock this morning and the boat was lying at the dock near Clark street bridge loading with passengers," said Gadory. "We were to leave in twenty minutes and the upper deck and cabins were crowded with passengers. There were hundreds of women and children. I estimate that there were between 2,000 and 3,000 on the boat at the time of the accident. I was standing on the lower deck near

(Continued on Last Page, Column 1.)

MINISTER FACES MURDER CHARGE AFTER 45 YEARS

W. H. McCart Is Arrested at Covington for Killing Monroe Smith

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

COVINGTON, Ga., July 24.—Charged with the murder of Monroe Smith, in Covington forty-five years ago, Rev. W. H. McCart, who has been out west, far from Georgia, during all of these years, was arrested and jailed in Covington Friday.

The accused man was visiting relatives in the western part of Newton county when the authorities began to suspect him of being the murderer of Smith. Indictment by the grand jury and arrest followed.

McCart was not a minister at the time of the killing. He began his preaching career after leaving Georgia.

There are very few citizens here old enough to recall details of the affair; these were summoned as witnesses before the grand jury, and it was on their testimony that the indictment was returned. These older inhabitants will also be witnesses at the trial.

This community is very much stirred up over the arrest.

The killing is said to have followed the striking of Mrs. McCart, mother of the accused man, by Smith.

Here Is Text Of Wilson's Note to Berlin

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Following is the official text of the latest American note to Germany regarding submarine warfare, which was delivered to the foreign office at Berlin today by Ambassador Gerard:

THE SECRETARY OF STATE TO AMBASSADOR GERARD.

(Telegram.)

Department of State,
Washington, July 21, 1915.

You are instructed to deliver textually the following note to the minister for foreign affairs:

The note of the imperial German government dated the 8th of July, 1915, has received the careful consideration of the government of the United States, and it regrets to be obliged to say that it has found it very unsatisfactory, indeed, to fail to meet the real differences between the two governments and indicates no way in which the accepted principles of law and humanity may be applied in the grave matter in controversy, but proposes, on the contrary, arrangements for a partial suspension of those principles which virtually set them aside.

The government of the United States notes with satisfaction that the imperial German government recognizes without reservation the validity of the principles insisted on in the several communications which this government had addressed to the imperial German government with regard to its announcement of a war zone and the use of submarines against merchantmen on the high seas—the principle that the high seas are free, that the character and cargo of a merchantman must first be ascertained before she can lawfully be seized or destroyed, and that the lives of non-combatants may in no case be put in jeopardy unless the vessel resists or seeks to escape after being summoned to submit to examination; for a belligerent act of retaliation is per se an act beyond the law, and the defense of an act as retaliatory is an admission that it is illegal.

The government of the United States is, however, keenly disappointed to find that the imperial German government regards itself, as in large degree exempt from the obligation to observe these principles, even where neutral vessels are concerned, by what it believes to be the policy and practice of the government of Great Britain to be in the present war with regard to neutral commerce.

BRITISH SITUATION NOT GERMANY'S AFFAIR.

The imperial German government will readily understand that the government of the United States cannot discuss the policy of the government of Great Britain with regard to neutral trade except with that government itself, and that it must regard the conduct of other belligerent governments as irrelevant to any discussion with the imperial German government of what this government regards as grave and unjustifiable violations of the rights of American citizens by German naval commanders.

Illegal and inhuman acts, however justifiable they may be thought to be against an enemy who is believed to have acted in contravention of law and humanity, are manifestly indefinable when they deprive neutrals of their acknowledged rights, particularly when they violate the right to life itself. If a belligerent cannot retaliate against an enemy without injuring the lives of neutrals, as well as their property, humanity, as well as justice and a due regard for the dignity of neutral powers, should dictate that the practice be discontinued. If persisted in, it would in such circumstances constitute an unpardonable offense against the sovereignty of the neutral nation affected.

The government of the United States is not unmindful of the extraordinary conditions created by this war or of the radical alterations of circumstances and method of attack produced by the use of instrumentalities of naval warfare which the nations of the world cannot have had in view when the existing rules of international law were formulated, and it is ready to make every reasonable allowance for these novel and unexpected aspects of war at sea, but it cannot consent to abate any essential or fundamental right of its people because of a mere alteration of circumstance. The rights of neutrals in time of war are based upon principle, not upon expediency, and the principles are immutable. It is the duty and obligation of belligerents to find a way to adapt the new circumstances to them.

SUBMARINES CAN BE OPERATED HUMANELY.

The events of the past two months have clearly indicated that it is possible and practicable to conduct such submarine operations as have characterized the activity of the imperial German navy within the so-called war zone in substantial accord with the accepted practices of regulated warfare. The whole world has looked with interest and increasing satisfaction at the demonstration of that possibility by German naval commanders. It is manifestly possible, therefore, to lift the whole practice of submarine attack above the criticism which it has aroused and remove the chief cause of offense.

In view of the admission of illegality made by the imperial government when it pleaded the right of retaliation in defense of its acts and in view of the manifest possibility of conforming to the established rules of naval warfare, the government of the United States cannot believe that the imperial government will longer refrain from disavowing the wanton act of its naval commander in sinking the Lusitania, or from offering reparation for the American lives lost, so far as reparation can be made for a needless destruction of human life by an illegal act.

The government of the United States, while not indifferent to the friendly spirit in which it is made, cannot accept the suggestion of the imperial German government that certain vessels be designated and agreed upon which shall be free on the seas now illegally proscribed. The very agreement would, by implication, subject other vessels to illegal attack and would be a curtailment and therefore an abandonment of the principles for which this government contends and which in times of calmer counsels every nation would concede as of course.

The government of the United States and the imperial German government are contending for the same great object, have long stood together in urging the very principles upon which the government of the United States now so solemnly insists. They are both contending for the freedom of the seas. The government of the United States will continue to contend for that freedom, from whatever quarter violated, without compromise and at any cost. It invites the practical co-operation of the imperial German government at this time when co-operation may accomplish most and this great common object be most strikingly and effectively achieved.

UNITED STATES READY TO BE "COMMON FRIEND."

The imperial German government expresses the hope that this object may be in some measure accomplished even before the present war ends. It can be. The government of the United States not only feels obliged to insist upon it, by whomsoever violated or ignored, in the protection of its own citizens, but is also deeply interested in seeing it made practicable between the belligerents themselves, and holds itself ready at any time to act as the common friend who may be privileged to suggest a way.

In the meantime the very value which this government sets upon the long and unbroken friendship between the people and government of the United States and the people and government of the German nation impels it to press very solemnly upon the imperial German government the necessity for a scrupulous observance of neutral rights in this critical matter. Friendship itself prompts it to say to the imperial government that repetition by the commanders of German naval vessels of acts in contravention of those rights must be regarded by the government of the United States, when they affect American citizens, as deliberately unfriendly.

LANSING.

Eat Well; Sleep Well Feel Well; Look Well

A few **Carter's Little Liver Pills** will make the old feel young and the young feel younger.

They speedily overcome the most obstinate constipation and compel the liver to work willingly and properly.

Avoid harsh cathartics and for your health's sake stick to this old, tried and true remedy.

Purely vegetable.

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price.

GENUINE must bear signature

Brent Good

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

LOUISVILLE

THROUGH SLEEPERS

Lv. 7:12 AM., 4:45 PM.

L&N

HERE'S A FOURTEEN-FOOT stalk of corn with just one ear.

If You Think Moon Doesn't Affect Corn Read This Evidence

What's the moon got to do with a corn, anyway?

Scientific farmers hoot at the idea of lunar influence. But some old-timers say corn planted when the moon is new will be all stalk and little grain. Others say that's the very best time to plant.

Now comes Frank Carter, farmer-printer, of Clarkston, with Exhibit A, a stalk of corn fourteen feet high with just one ear on it, and this to be reached only by means of a stepladder.

"That's a fair sample of my patch," said Mr. Carter. "And it was planted under the new moon. There's a lot of magnificent stalks, but only one ear to a stalk. The seed was planted by a wooden-legged man, which may have had something to do with the result."

Mr. Carter testifies further that he planted some of the same seed in inferior land two weeks later, when the moon was full, and it produced an excellent crop.

NEBRASKA AGAIN LEADS IN ENGINEERING EFFICIENCY

Battleship Also Stood First in Year's Contest in 1914

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The Nebraska won the American navy's battleship engineering efficiency contest for the year ending June 30, according to an announcement today at the navy department. She stood first in engineering the year before, and already carries a big "E" on her funnel to denote the achievement.

No information as to the actual accomplishments of any of the ships is made public, but the department announced the following figures showing the comparative records of the seven battleships which conducted full power tests during the year:

Nebraska 135.506; Michigan 116.149; Kansas 107.247; New Hampshire 106.656; New Jersey 104.396; Virginia 97.247; Arkansas 97.010; Delaware 91.952; South Carolina 91.449; Florida 90.365; Maryland 89.893; Texas 88.650; Utah 88.276; New York 81.689; Vermont 81.604; San Diego 73.847; Louisiana 32.656.

WOODWARD WILL SIGN BOND ISSUE RESOLUTION

Mayor, However, Says He Does Not Believe It Will Pass

Mayor Woodward announced Saturday that he would sign the council resolution calling for an election to issue bonds in the sum of $3,238,500 for municipal improvements.

The mayor declares that he is never opposed to allowing the people to vote on any issue, but indicates that in his opinion a bond issue will not pass.

The mayor says that the city is facing a financial problem, which means that fixed expenses must be cut or the tax rate will have to be increased. He says that he doesn't consider a bond issue as the way out of the difficulty.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMS TO TAKE PLACE SOON

The United States civil service commission announces the following examinations for positions in the government service under civil service:

Senior land appraiser (male), August 17; senior drainage engineer (male), August 17; drainage engineer (male), August 17; junior drainage engineer (male), August 18; assistant pathological inspector (male), August 18; junior land appraiser, August 18; assistant curator in paleontology (male), August 18; advanced apprentice draftsman (male), August 18.

The examination for metallurgical chemist (male) has been postponed from July 27 to August 24.

FINDS A CURE FOR PELLAGRA

Harvey, La.—Mrs. S. W. Spruiell, of this place, writes: "I suppose it will be a great pleasure to you to know that you cured my child. She had pellagra very bad and the doctor said she never would get well. She is well of pellagra and looks fine.

"You may use this letter as a testimonial if you wish. Great benefit have you done my daughter, Mindie Abrams."

There is no longer any doubt that pellagra can be cured. Don't delay until it is too late. It is your duty to consult the resourceful Baughn.

The symptoms—hands red like sunburn, skin peeling off, sore mouth, the lips, throat and tongue a flaming red, with much mucous and choking; indigestion and nausea, either diarrhoea or constipation.

There is hope; get Baughn's big Free book on Pellagra and learn about the remedy for Pellagra that has at last been found. Address American Compounding Co., Box 2002, Jasper, Ala., remembering money is refunded in any case where the remedy fails to cure.

(Advt.)

THE STRAND THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

Today—Mutual Master Picture

"THE MATING"

A Photo Drama, Vital in Theme and Action. With BESSIE BARRISCALE.

A story unique in plot and effect. Special number today by the Strand orchestra—Grand selection from "Maritana."

The Theater You Know—COOL AS ICELAND

FORSYTH DAILY FROM 11 A.M. to 11 P.M. 10c

TODAY ONLY

FRANK DANIELS in "CROOKY"

DR. J. T. GAULT

SPECIALIST (for men)

32 Inman Building

Atlanta Georgia

RAOUL SAYS HE'S READY TO TAKE HIS WIFE BACK

Denies Charge That He Was Intimate With Mrs. Upton Sinclair

(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

MILLEN, Ga., July 24.—William Greene Raoul today filed with the clerk of Jenkins county superior court his answer to the divorce suit which was brought against him by his wife, Mrs. Winifred Wadley Raoul, on June 22.

Raoul denies his wife's charge that he was intimate with Mrs. Upton Sinclair, former wife of the novelist, while she was a guest in their home; and he alleges that Mrs. Raoul, some weeks previous to their marriage, told him she would prefer not to marry him, but would rather travel and live with him and "just be his little girl."

Following is a detailed summary of the contents of Raoul's answer:

He denies his wife's charge that he harrassed and annoyed her, and denies that he treated her cruelly in any manner.

He denies his wife's charge that he tried to instill in her mind his views on love and matrimony, claiming she was thoroughly familiar and agreed with his views from the time she was old enough to understand, she being his first cousin and being, as she alleged in her suit, twenty-three years younger than he. It is in this connection that he makes the allegation concerning her expressed preference not to marry. He claims he explained to her that such an arrangement could not bring happiness, but, on the contrary, would bring ostracism and grief.

DENIES CHARGES.

He denies his wife's charge that he told her he might leave her at any time he grew tired of her, but claims that he did, prior to the marriage, tell her not to marry him unless she was sure she loved him and would be happy with him, and further told her she could divorce or separate herself from him after they were married if she found she did not love him.

Raoul, immediately on returning from the Socialist convention at Cleveland, Ohio, to invite Mrs. Upton Sinclair to their home as a guest, but alleges that he found that Mrs. Raoul during his absence had invited Harry Kendall, of Macon, Ga., to the home as her guest, whereupon he suggested an invitation to Mrs. Sinclair, which invitation she extended.

He denies that he paid to Mrs. Sinclair any improper attentions, denies that he was with her day or night to the neglect of his wife, denies that he "went over into the woods" with Mrs. Sinclair at any time da yor night, and denies that Mrs. Sinclair entered his room in scant attire except once for a moments, and then with Mrs. Raoul and at her request.

As to Mrs. Raoul's charge that her brother ordered Mrs. Sinclair to leave the place, Raoul claims he was not aware of such an order and claims he is advised and believes no such order was issued. He admits, however, that Mrs. Raoul did leave Rogers, Ga., but claims she went with Harry Kendall without his knowledge or consent. He denies that after she left, as she charged in her suit, he spent any part of any night with Sinclair.

He denies telling Mrs. Raoul that he cared more for Mrs. Sinclair than for her.

WIFE HEIR, CLAIM.

As to Mrs. Raoul's claim that she has no independent means, he claims that is heir to a one-eleventh interest in the estate of herf ather, William O. Wadley, valued at $130,000, and heir to a one-fiftieth interest in the estate of her grandfather, William M. Wadley, valued at $150,000.

He denies his wife's claim that he is worth $75,000, and claims he is worth only $25,000.

He denies that he had any intention of leaving the state on learning of his wife's divorce suit.

He takes the position that has done no wrong, that his wife left him because of "ill advised interference by her family," and asserts that he stands ready to "take her back and care for her just as before."

Wherefore he prays that "each and every prayer of the petitioner be denied and that he be discharged from the custody of the law."

THEATERS

Lovers of the silent drama are assured a treat at the Forsyth theater all today when Frank Daniels will be seen in that most enjoyable comedy, "Crooky." It tells the story of a crook of a whimsical turn of mind who meets with all kinds of adventure, and these offer opportunities for clever acting. Frank Daniels is known as one of the most versatile and ablest actors on the stage today, and his work in this play is immense. Good audiences have been the rule all the week, and especially large attendance is expected today.

Bessie Barriscale is said to eclipse all of her former efforts in "The Mating," which will be the offering at the Strand theater today. Miss Barriscale has been exceedingly successful in a number of recent photodramas, one in particular which might be mentioned is "The Devil," and another the "Reward," and other strong photoplays.

The special number to be rendered by the Strand orchestra today is a grand selection from "Maritana."

TWO WOMEN AND MAN FOUND IN ROOM FINED

Man Says He Took Woman There Because She Was From Home State

Because she was from his own home state—South Carolina—J. G. Lovett, 29 years old, took Mrs. Lillian Peters and her friend, Miss Ruth Weldon, to his room in the Werner apartment, 49 Washington street, Thursday afternoon.

At least, that was the reason Mr. Lovett gave Judge Johnson Saturday morning, declaring he had met Mrs. Peters on the street; that she had told him she had no place to go; and, learning she was from South Carolina, he conceived it impossible for a son of the Palmetto state to abandon a daughter of that state.

Call Officer Barfield remarked that they must have celebrated their patriotism in a rowdy manner, for when he was called in by the neighbors, he said, the two women and Lovett rather lacked clothing.

The recorder fined all three $5.75 each.

Dundee Beats Rivers

NEW YORK, July 24.—Johnny Dundee outfought Joe Rivers in their ten-round bout in Brooklyn last night. Dundee had the better of every round excepting the tenth, which was even. In the fourth round Dundee almost knocked Rivers out with a right to the jaw.

SERIOUS TROUBLE FEARED AT STANDARD OIL PLANT

Police Seize Fifty Rifles and Bayonets Which Strikers Had Hidden

NEW YORK, July 24.—Discovery and seizure by police of fifty rifles and bayonets stored in a hall used by the strikers of the Standard Oil plant in Bayonne, N. J., caused fears today that the men were planning further serious disorders. Reports were circulated that the strikers had collected several hundred dollars to purchase ammunition.

Two men were arrested today charged with placing heavy iron pipes on the tracks of the Lehigh Valley railroad at the entrance to the oil plant. Desultory shots were fired by the guards about the plant at intervals during the night, but there was no concerted outbreak.

Federal mediators endeavored again today to compose the situation.

NEGRO WHO WAS SHOT IS FINED BY RECORDER

Case Against Man Who Used Pistol Dismissed at Hearing

Asbury York, the negro who was shot and slightly injured last Saturday by Dudley Gunn, of the Ponce de Leon pharmacy, was fined $50.75, and given the alternative of thirty days in the stockade, when the cross against him and Gunn were tried Friday afternoon in recorder's court. The case against Gunn was dismissed.

The shooting grew out of a fuss between negroes near the pharmacy last Saturday, according to the testimony. Ladies were in the pharmacy and the cursses of the negroes could be distinctly heard. Gunn tried to stop them and when they paid no attention to him, went into the drug store and procured his revolver and sought to hold the negroes for the police. York got behind a tree and proceeded to pelt Gunn with bricks and Gunn, to protect himself, fired. The negro was hit in the side and when the police arrived cases were made against both Gunn and the negro.

Rich Man Escapes Kidnaper Who Is Captured by Posse

IDAHO FALLS, Idaho, July 24.—The $6,000 ransom demanded for the safe return of Ernest A. Empey, the wealthy rancher kidnaped Tuesday, will not be paid. Empey escaped last night while his captor slept and a posse of cowboys ran down and captured the abductor.

NOTE FORCEFUL AND MANLY, SAYS MAYOR

Replying to a telegram from the New York World, asking his opinion of President Wilson's latest note to the German government, Mayor Woodward indorses the note as forceful and manly, but adds that if a similar note had been sent Germany when Belgium's neutrality was first violated that a different condition would have existed in the world today.

The mayor in his statement to the New York paper scores the German-American press.

Deaths and Funerals

MRS. ELIZABETH ARNOLD.

Mrs. Elizabeth Arnold, seventy-nine years old, died at the residence of her son, J. H. Arnold, in East Point, Saturday morning about 2:45 o'clock. She is survived by her son and two daughters, Miss Mary Arnold and Mrs. Sarah Parker.

FUNERAL OF CLIFFORD SILVEY.

The funeral of Clifford Silvey, the ten-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Silvey, who died Thursday, was held at Harry G. Poole's chapel Friday evening, at 8 o'clock and the body was carried to Forrest Park, Ga., for the interment.

When Hot Weather Oppresses

When you suffer from a feeling of oppression, when a naturally keen and alert brain seems dull and stupid, when bodily strength seems lacking and you are inert and languid—do not blame it altogether on hot weather. The hot sun will not affect you half so much if the bowels are regular and the liver active and healthy. Foley Cathartic Tablets are the ideal remedy for indigestion and constipation. They give stout person prompt relief from that uncomfortable bloated and congested feeling. Sold everywhere.—(Advt.)

THIS IS THE TRADE MARK ON EVERY BOX OF GENUINE TEETHINA

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Known for Nearly Half a Century as a Safe Medicine for Teething Babies.

C. J. Moffett Medicine Co.

Full directions for using in each box for Infants, Children of all ages and Mothers. Teething, Colic, Flatulency, Constipation and other ailments that make baby suffer during the teething period. Teethina Works. Sold by all druggists—25c. Write for our Free "Mother's Booklet."

C. J. Moffett Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

CALOMEL DYNAMITES A SLUGGISH LIVER

Crashes into sour bile, making you sick and you lose a day's work.

Calomel salivates! It's mercury. Calomel acts like dynamite on a sluggish liver. When calomel comes into contact with sour bile it crashes into it, causing cramping and nausea.

If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated and all knocked out, just go to your druggist and get a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone, which is a harmless vegetable substitute for dangerous calomel. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker than nasty calomel and without making you sick, you just go back and get your money.

If you take calomel today you'll be sick and nauseated tomorrow; besides, it may salivate you, while if you take Dodson's Liver Tone you will wake up feeling great, full of ambition and ready for work or play. It's harmless, pleasant and safe to give to children; they like it.—(Advt.)

Last Call to Have Your Photograph Enlarged---FREE

YOUR own photograph, or the picture of any of your loved ones, made into a great, handsome portrait, 11x14 inches in size, and presented to you with the compliments of The Atlanta Journal absolutely FREE.

This Offer Good Only Until July 28th

Wednesday, July 28, will be the last day on which you can take advantage of this wonderful opportunity to get ABSOLUTELY FREE a

Beautiful Enlargement of Any Photo No Matter What Size

Only One Coupon Required

This offer is most unusual—there are no strings to it and no obligation to buy anything whatever.

Have The Journal delivered to your home and secure, without a cent of expense to you, one of these handsome 11x14-inch enlargements, which you will treasure always.

Worth $2.50; Costs You Nothing

Just the Thing for a Gift

You never had an opportunity as great as this. Just think—a portrait that would cost you at least $2.50 in any other way, given absolutely without any charge whatever.

Mail Orders Cannot Be Accepted, You Must Present the Coupon and Picture in Person.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

All customers having pictures enlarged in this department, who have been notified, are requested to call for same at once. THE ATLANTA JOURNAL.

AMERICAN PEOPLE BACK WILSON

NEWSPAPERS OF U. S. STAND BY PRESIDENT ON NOTE TO GERMANY

Sentiment of American People, as Reflected Through the Press, Is Firmly With Wilson in Present Crisis

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Extracts from leading editorials appearing in today's issue of newspapers throughout the United States show that the press of America, and the sentiment of the people as reflected through the press, is with President Wilson in the present crisis with Germany. The press is almost unanimous in praising the third note to Germany regarding that country's submarine warfare.

"The United States is no longer concerned with what Germany says, it is concerned only with what Germany does," says the New York World. The note is almost an ultimatum without a bellicose threat.

Some of the comments follow:

LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL—The latest—it may be the last—note to Germany regarding that power's violation of the rights of neutrals, as illustrated in the Lusitania outrage, leaves nothing to be said, nothing to be misunderstood or doubted. Straight and strong, clear and outright, it is as honest as Anglo-Saxon speech can be when it brushes aside the artificialities and elegancies of conventional diplomacy and drives direct from human heart and brains.

NEW YORK WORLD—The United States is no longer concerned with what Germany says. It is concerned only with what Germany does. President Wilson's third note to the German government in respect to the issues of law and humanity raised by the Lusitania massacre is the final word of the United States. The imperial government is * * * informed that the United States intends to maintain its rights as a neutral on the high seas without compromise and at any cost. The issue now rests with Germany.

NEW YORK STAATS ZEITUNG—Of quite particular significance is the emphasis on the fact that the United States and Germany are striving for the same object as far as the freedom of the seas is concerned. And the note makes it clear in frank, curt words that the government of the United States is ready at any time to act in the role of the mediator with a view of finding a practicable way out of the present situation. The diplomatic note which was sent to Berlin yesterday is meant at the same time for London.

NEW YORK TIMES—With courage and with firmness President Wilson and Secretary Lansing have responded to the hopes and the deep conviction of the American people. * * * It was time that there be an end of the long parleying. * * * The nation has now spoken in words and in a tone which leave room for no further declarations on our part. It is with Germany to say whether she desires the continuance of friendly relations * * * We have informed the imperial government that the repetition by German naval commanders of acts in contravention of our rights as neutrals "must be regarded by the government of the United States when they affect American citizens as deliberately unfriendly." The words are of serious import.

NEW YORK HERALD—The most frequent comment put upon the last German note was that it was studiously flippant and irrelevant. The comment most pertinent upon the construction of the last note is that it is cuttingly direct and designedly severe. Probably no diplomatic note that did not precede war ever so brutally hammered in facts. * * * Language could not be stronger. * * *

NEW YORK TRIBUNE—The supreme merit of the latest note addressed by the American to the German government is that it faces the facts as they are. It tells the truth that has always been unmistakable and it tells it in words that can neither provoke just resentment nor permit honest misapprehension.

THE NEW YORK SUN—The future lies with the kaiser. The United States, with unabated friendship, stands not as a suppliant for favor, asks no privilege. The rights of neutrals and neutral nationals founded in custom and buttressed law, enlist our defense. There can be no misunderstanding, no misinterpretation. * * * The German answer may come in words. It may be expressed in deeds. Whatever the tenor the United States has done neither more nor less than its obligations demanded, and confronts the future confident and with conscience clear.

THE NEW YORK PRESS—President Wilson's forced German note gets right down to the issues and makes its fiat declaration that the recent imperial answer is not satisfactory because it fails to meet the differences between the two governments. But it would have had a hundred times the force it has if it had been slammed straight back at Berlin as soon as Von Jagow's irrelevant and impertinent reply was received. * * * We see no war sparks from the steel of the president's pen; it rings no war-like note.

PHILADELPHIA RECORD: Our case is stated. There is nothing left to argue. It is now up to the German government to hearken to the voice of reason.

PHILADELPHIA PUBLIC LEDGER: It is an ultimatum in fact if not in form. Less than ever after the clear exposition of the American attitude which the secretary of state has sent to the German foreign office can the administration engage in further debate or yield on any point.

PHILADELPHIA INQUIRER: Heretofore the demands permitted of diplomatic exchanges. In this note finality is reached.

CINCINNATI FRIE PRESSE: The idea of a demand upon a belligerent power to abandon a certain method of warfare which furnishes the only possibility to force her opponent to his knees, simply because such method would endanger the lives of passengers who enter the war zone upon enemy ships, had so far not occurred to any one.

CINCINNATI VOLKSBLATT: We believe that it would have been more conducive to friendly relations between both countries if the president had adopted the German proposition of separate transportation of passengers and ammunition.

CINCINNATI COMMERCIAL TRIBUNE: It clearly is apparent that the sophistry which would justify the violation of neutral rights because of Teutonic necessities has made no impression upon the mind of the man who occupies the White House.

PORTLAND (ME.) PRESS—That there is a possibility, a grave possibility, that we may become involved in the great struggle which has made of Europe a vast slaughter house, cannot be denied. The controversy has now reached a point where the president must be upheld no matter what one's view may be regarding the events that have preceded the present situation. No American worthy the name would say otherwise.

CHICAGO HERALD—President Wilson's third note to the German government as the results of its methods of submarine warfare is couched in the language that a self-respecting man uses to a friend whose acts have wronged him and in the language which no intelligent man would resent from a neighbor whose friendship he valued.

ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC—The third American note to Berlin leaves nothing to be desired in plainness of speech. In this note speak at once the will, the thought, the heart of America. Come what may, the nation will stand upon it as one man.

GLOBE-DEMOCRAT—The note briefly and succinctly declares that the German position is undefensible either in law or in justice. There can be no misunderstanding of this note. It is as plain as a pikestaff.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE—The reply of the government to the latest German note appears to be final, so far as the American contentions of law and right are concerned. There can now be no doubt of the duty of press and public, and that is to accept the stand taken by the government, without cavil or reservation.

ST. PAUL PIONEER PRESS—It is a great American charter of rights. It is broader than any specific act or event in the scope of principles it enunciates. It is the declaration representing to the last word the sentiment of a free people who know their rights, have determined to defend them and though desirous of avoiding trouble have the courage to face it without compromise and at any cost."

ILLINOIS STAATS ZEITUNG (Chicago)—As we stated before the present note to Germany had been published apparently our government had a secret agreement with England to force a break with Germany. We now have the text of the note at hand and it justifies our anticipation. Germany can never submit to the tone of it and will, as much as we are sorry for it, find no other answer than the breaking off of diplomatic relations. We as well as the German government regret this, but with such a step she fulfills not only the wish of this government but that of England and will create a very painful situation for German Americans. The note shows the president will break with Germany at all hazards. He should first ask the people in the United States if they are satisfied to be driven into war. The note is unworthy of the republic. We hope Germany will not blame the people for the present government's action.

SAN ANTONIO EXPRESS—The reply will be greeted with profound satisfaction in the knowledge that again the world is made aware of the spirit of this republic; that the fires that blazed forth in rebellion against oppression still burn undimmed and that humanity's cause is America's cause.

RICHMOND (VA.) TIMES-DISPATCH—Wilson has closed the door on further discussion * * * These words amount to an ultimatum. Germany must decide whether she will keep the peace with the United States.

THE KNOXVILLE (TENN.) JOURNAL AND TRIBUNE—The American reply is a firm statement of the American position. It shows no back-down. Whatever its influence elsewhere it has the universal approval of Americans."

NASHVILLE (TENN.) TENNESSEAN-AMERICAN—"There is no more chance for dodging on the part of Germany. She must either concede the demand or confess herself an outlaw nation. Her practices and her professions have got to coincide henceforth."

BIRMINGHAM, (ALA.) HERALD—"In all probability Germany's reply will be satisfactory, but President Wilson will stand by his 'last word'—and the people will stand loyally and unflinchingly with him—"

THE STATE, (COLUBBIA, S. C.)—"Whether Germany will continue at peace with the United States or not depends on whether or not Germany shall in future commit an act deliberately unfriendly' to the United States by assailing, without warning, the rights of American citizens traveling on merchant ships on the high seas. * * * Will Germany now make war on the United States? It is for Germany to say. It is for Germany to do or not to do. * * * The American people, through their government, have said the last word. For them now is to await with firmness and confidence the event, whatever it shall be. Meanwhile, the hour is arrived when discussion and difference may not be reconciled with that patriotism which is the first attribute of American citizenship."

THE SPRINGFIELD (MASS.) UNION—In short, the note puts the responsibility up to Germany as regards further developments, and public interest is now directed to that country's future conduct in the premises, and to the reply that its government will make to the United States. Probably there will be further discussion, but after this latest note it will require more ingenuity on Germany's part to maintain a policy of parley and delay, for the whole object of the note is to narrow the lines of discussion and compel the German government to speak to the point in any further communications it may have to offer.

BOSTON HERALD—From the logic of the president's note there can be no escape. From the responsibilities which it imposes the American people exhibit no desire to retreat. Its closing appeal to the ties of memory and of friendship, after allusion to the common interest of two nations, felicitously points the way to continued peace, but leaves Germany to decide whether to have it.

BUFFALO EXPRESS—It remains for Germany to say whether or not there shall be a break in the close relations which have continued for so many years between the two peoples. We have shown Germany that we are bound to protect American lives and property from the barbaric methods of German undersea fighting and it now is for Germany to say whether we shall be required to go beyond words in making our position plain to her and to the world.

ALBANY (N. Y.) KNICKERBOCKER PRESS—It is perfectly said there can be compromise with principle. If, as we believe in this country right is upon our side, we must defend the right at any cost. Regardless of politics, the nation must stand unitedly with President Wilson. Whatever he does is right.

ROCHESTER (N. Y.) DEMOCRAT AND CHRONICLE—The note, it is hardly necessary to say, puts an end to parleying. Further negotiations will be impossible, so far as we are concerned.

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The president evidently was determined to impress upon the German mind the fact that the maintenance or friendly relations is in the balance and that it must either safeguard the lives of American citizens or forfeit our regard. Mr. Wilson has spoken plainly and earnestly, but there will be no breach with the imperial German government—unless that government no longer desires our friendship. If it is determined to hack its way through to world dominion at any cost, then a breach is unavoidable, assuming that we desire to preserve our self-respect.

MEMPHIS COMMERCIAL APPEAL: The president writes as one absolutely certain of the correctness of the principle for which he contends. Sure of the justness of his cause he announces to Germany that at any cost this country will support his position. He stands like a rock for freedom on the high seas for neutrals as defined by international law and equity. * * * The note has the force of an ultimatum without bellicose threatening.

NEW YORK GERMAN HERALD—While Mr. Wilson's note abounds in strong expressions against Germany's attitude in the rights of neutrals and while it declares that "repetition by the commanders of German naval vessels of acts in contravention of those rights must be regarded by the government of the United States, when they affect American citizens, as deliberately unfriendly," we are certain that the complications will be settled amicably.

HARTFORD (CONN.) COURANT—In the new note it is made quite clear that we are displeased. It contains no threat and suggests no penalty. It is a polite appeal to friendship. The latest note is much more mild than the first. After reading the closing paragraph of the note published this morning we are compelled to conclude that the closing paragraph of the first note meant nothing whatever to those who wrote it.

BOSTON ADVERTISER—The time has come to stop these attacks of submarines on American property and lives without warning. We want to end it. We shall end it. And the president declares in courteous, diplomatic language, but unmistakably, that a repetition of these acts will amount to a declaration of war."

BOSTON GLOBE—Taken as a whole the note represents mature and moderate American opinion. We give up no rights, but we can make concessions. Few can find fault with such a course in view of the fact that we do not intend to go to war over the sinking of the Lusitania.

BOSTON POST—The note is so clear, so straightforward, so lacking in the customary frills of diplomatic language that there seems no longer any possibility of any evasive or argumentative reply.

GERMANIA HEROLD (Milwaukee, Wis.)—The latest note bears no more the nature of an ultimatum than can be said of its predecessors. That the tone is distinctly sharper cannot be denied, but nor does that disturb us, for we find consolation in the possibility that perhaps these parts in which Mr. Wilson uses the most energetic language are intended more for "home consumption" than for Germany.

PITTSBURG GAZETTE TIMES—There is no finality to the note, neither threat nor ultimatum, but Germany is told that further offending will be estimated as "deliberately unfriendly."

PITTSBURG DISPATCH—The responsibility is squarely put up to Germany.

PITTSBURG POST — President Wilson crystallizes the sentiment of the American people.

BALTIMORE AMERICAN—There is nothing in the note to go to war over, but there is much in it for the framework of peace. It has the base of right, and therefore it does not need to resort to subtlety or subterfuge.

BALTIMORE SUN—Friendly and pervasive in tone, admirable in expression, unanswerable in logic, the note puts an end to all quibbling as to the future. Germany is given her choice between the neutrality of the United States or its hostility.

BALTIMORE GERMAN CORRESPONDENT—One thing seems clear: Germany will not and cannot give up her submarine warfare, which for her is an issue of "to be or not to be."

PUEBLO, (COLO.) CHIEFTAIN—The majority of Americans are not willing, in the cause of neutral rights, to join with England in fighting Germany when the British position fundamentally is worse than the German position.

NEW ORLEANS TIMES-PICAYUNE—The note is temperate and friendly in tone. It up holds firmly * * * the principles of international law and humanity and neutral as well as national rights. * * * The fatal decision rests with Berlin, not with Washington.

VICKSBURG, (MISS.) HERALD—Americans are opposed to the "peace at any price" doctrine. There is nothing in the note to bring on the thing (war) to which they are averse, and the closing paragraph is sufficient to repel the "peace at any price" reproach.

ST. LOUIS WESTLICHE POST—Even at the cost of infinitely hurting his own cause, Germany must concede every point if it wants to evade an open break with the United States. To talk of friendship in this last American note is the climax of hypocrisy on a par with Washington's alleged neutrality.

THE PROVIDENCE JOURNAL—We propose now, as we proposed in May, to hold Berlin to a strict accountability.

ASHEVILLE CITIZEN—The latest American note, while still couched in friendly terms, and hiding the sword, has marked the end of useless parley, and now demands action on the part of Germany.

NEWPORT NEWS DAILY PRESS—The president's note puts Germany on notice to respect American rights on the high seas or take the consequences. And every true American says bravo and amen.

GREENVILLE (S. C.) DAILY NEWS—By acceptance of America's principles Germany may gain partial victory by trusting America to hold Great Britain to limits of law.

DANVILLE (VA.) REGISTER—The American reply is courteous and restrained, but definite, vigorous, clear and incisive.

CHARLOTTE (N. C.) OBSERVER—If the German submarine tactics shall be made to conform to the desires expressed in the note there should be no cause for further trouble. On the other hand, Germany may elect to ignore the representations of the United States. Should the American government be forced to such a course Germany would be immeasurably the loser.

PETERSBURG (VA.) INDEX-APPEAL—Germany will not dare to make an evasive reply unless prepared to have the American government sever diplomatic relations.

LYNCHBURG (VA.) NEWS—Mr. Wilson has shown that he will cease to tolerate quibbling and fiddling in respect to the grave questions about which Berlin and Washington have not as yet reached agreement.

RALEIGH (N. C.) NEWS AND OBSERVER—President Wilson states the position of the United States as Americans would have him. He speaks as the red-blooded representative of a red-blooded people.

ROANOKE (VA.) TIMES—President Wilson has not been influenced, either by the attitude of the Germans or by the sentiment among a certain class of citizens of the United States and has repeated his demands on Germany.

THE MACON TELEGRAPH: While not so denominated the last note to Germany is an ultimatum in that the next submarine outrage where an American is involved will be taken by the United States as a hostile act—and war will be on. The alliance with infamy proposed in the note is rejected with an iron firmness and abrupt decisiveness which cannot fail to rowel the German foreign office, and anger the German people.

CHARLESTON (S. C.) NEWS AND COURIER: This is the final warning preceding action. It now rests wholly with Germany whether or not the congress of the United States shall be assembled in extraordinary session to uphold the hands of the president and take such action against the Imperial German government as the dignity and safety of the country may demand. Presumably there will be a German answer in writing, but the answer that the people of this country will await will be spoken in the waters of the war zone about the British isles.

THE SAVANNAH (Ga.) MORNING NEWS: The new note is to the point and is meant to end the controversy. It sums up the case, puts the position of our government clearly and forcibly. It is unnecessary to say more. An act that is "deliberately unfriendly" cannot be satisfactorily explained. The note will meet with the approval of the American people.

Prayers Are Offered For President Wilson

(By Associated Press.)

VIRGINIA BEACH, Va., July 24.—Resolutions expressing confidence in President Wilson and pledging him prayers and support in his efforts to uphold the rights of neutral nations were adopted by the National Christian chautauqua, in session here today.

MAN KILLED IN RAILROAD YARDS IS IDENTIFIED

Dead Man Was James M. Thomasson, 27 Years Old, of Rockmart

The man who was killed in the Inman railroad yards Thursday night was identified Saturday morning as James Marshall Thomasson, twenty-seven years old, of Rockmart, Ga. The identification was made by J. M. Thomasson, of Rockmart, father of the dead man, who read the account of the accident in The Journal and came to Atlanta to investigate.

Mr. Thomasson is survived by his wife, two children, his parents, two sisters and four brothers. The body was carried Saturday afternoon to Rockmart for the funeral and interment.

ATLANTIAN ON CAPSIZED PICNIC STEAMER IS SAFE

Eugene C. Whitehead Sends Wire to Mother Telling of Accident

Eugene C. Whitehead, 21 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Whitehead, of College Park, an employe of the Western Electric company, of Chicago, whose picnic boat capsized Saturday morning with a terrible loss of life, was probably on the boat when it went over, but, according to a telegram to his mother, is safe.

The telegram, received two hours after Mrs. Whitehead had been informed of the catastrophe by friends who had read The Journal's special extras, reads: "Western Electric picnic boat capsized. 500 drowned. I am safe. Eugene."

This is all that Mrs. Whitehead has heard from her son, and it does not show whether he was on the boat or not. However, Mrs. Whitehead said that Eugene went on the picnic last year and probably went this year, being rather keen for picnics.

Eugene Whitehead is a graduate of the Georgia Tech, in the class of 1914. His specialty was electrical engineering, and he went to the General Electric company in Chicago last June to take a students course. A month ago he finished that course, and was employed by the company at its main plant at Hawthorne, near Chicago.

DANIELS APPRECIATES SUPPORT OF MILITIA

Secretary Thanks Business Men Who Encourage Employes to Serve

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Secretary Daniels today wrote to the presidents of a number of large industrial concerns, banks and business houses expressing gratification at hearing that they were encouraging their employes to serve in the naval militia.

"It is gratifying to learn," Mr. Daniels wrote, "that broad-minded men are beginning to realize the moral obligation resting on all good citizens to contribute by practical self-sacrifice, either financial or personal, to the strengthening of the national defense, and the reported manifestation shown by your company in allowing your employes to serve in the militia without loss of pay and without loss of their regular annual leave, is a highly unqualified approval of the navy department."

MUSCOGEE'S PRISONERS ATTRACTING ATTENTION

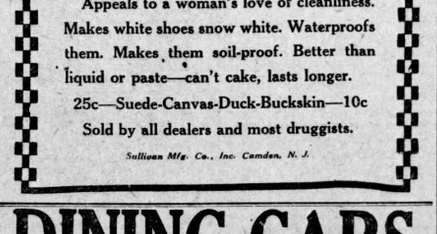
COLUMBUS, Ga., July 23.—Muscogee is becoming noted at the state farm. Frank Reid, the white convict who was serving a life term for murder, just as was Creen, Frank's assailant, and who made a similar attack with a butcher knife on the person of another prisoner at the farm, was sent up from this county in November of 1907 on conviction of killing a white man by the name of John Bellamy on April 24, 1907.

Bellamy and Reid, who were employes of a hosiery mill north of Columbus, had a fight just after work hours. Reid went to his home near by, got a pistol, went to the boarding house of Bellamy and shot him dead from a second story window.

At the trial Attorneys T. T. Miller and E. J. Wynn agreed with the solicitor general to accept a verdict of murder with recommendation to mercy of the court, and Judge J. H. Martin, then on the bench, sentenced him to life.

Boy Princes in Army

BERLIN, July 5.—(Correspondence of Associated Press.)—Two young German princes, both still in their 'teens, are now serving on the naval side of the defensive forces of their fatherland. They are Prince Oscar, son of Prince Henry and nephew of the kaiser, and Prince Heinrich XLVII of Reuss, younger line.

DUCKS SHEDWATER

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How many cases of light bottle beer have you had where the

Last Bottles in the Case Were Tainted or Skunky?

Do you realize that this increases the cost per bottle of the good bottles? Also that the slightest taint of impurity ruins the healthfulness of beer?

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July 24

JOURNAL FREE PORTRAIT COUPON
One of these coupons when presented in person at the Photograph Department of The Journal, will entitle the holder, ABSOLUTELY FREE OF CHARGE, to a beautiful enlargement of any photo containing a single head. Slight charge for others.
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For all other departments, ask for Journal's exchange—Main 2000.

Now that the note has gone, we feel better.

It might be a good idea to transfer some of those Italians to the Russian front.

That Swiss general who fears the war may involve his country knows how perilous is the position of the innocent bystander.

The Value of the National Guard.

Men of foresight and public spirit are appreciating more and more keenly the business and civic value of the National Guard. It is to this organization that the community looks for protection of property and life in hours of danger or stress. There are times, indeed, when the virtue of the law and safety of our institutions depend upon the fearless and efficient service of the National Guard. Its men and officers are answerable, with their lives if need be, to the call of duty. They are devoted pre-eminently to public welfare. They deserve in ungrudging measure the public's support.

Especially do they deserve the support of business interests, for the assurance of peace and order in all circumstances is essential to business stability. Every business concern should encourage its employes, if they are so disposed, to join the National Guard and should cheerfully grant them the few leaves of absence which are required for service in the Guard. Certainly no employer who duly values his own and the community's well-being will seek to restrain employes who wish to enlist or deny them the little time necessary to militia duties.

Furthermore, the State government as well as the federal government should be generously responsive to the needs and uses of the National Guard. Each State is under peculiar obligation to men who are devoted unselfishly to its protection and who are patriotic enough to prepare themselves to render efficient protection. Aside from its local importance, the National Guard is an essential part of the nation's defense. It is the only reserve force on which the United States could rely for prompt and competent service in the event of foreign danger.

We now hear a great deal, and rightly so, on the importance of strengthening our national defense. In so far as the army is concerned, the readiest and surest means to that end lies in aiding and developing the National Guard; and this, happily, is a means to which, in one way or another, every true American can contribute.

Now that Germany has the note, the question with us now is, what's she gonna do with it?

The man who predicted the duration of the war now exercises his prohecies on the size of the cotton crop.

Down in the Sally league they still have old-fashioned baseball games, with strikeouts and a close race right up to the finish.

The Canal Profits.

In present circumstances a surplus of more than two hundred thousand dollars over current expenses in a month's receipts of the Panama canal bodes well for the financial future of the great waterway. A deficit due to an extreme dearth of shipping in the summer and early autumn of last year has been wiped out, and there is left a balance which is equivalent to a profit of nearly five per cent on expenditures for upkeep, operation, civil government and sanitary work.

This, it is true, makes no allowance for interest on the millions spent in the construction of the canal, and on that basis tolls are not yet covering the entire expense. It is evident, however, that at the present rate of traffic increase the canal will become in every respect self-maintaining, and in time no doubt will yield a substantial net profit. It should be remembered, moreover, that the canal was not built for revenue to the Government but for service to America and the world. Even though it should never repay its orginal cost to the Government, it would be abundantly justified by the development it makes possible and by the new sources of wealth and progress it creates.

The canal was opened under conditions peculiarly adverse. The European war had demoralized the world's commerce. Germany's merchant marine had been driven to shelter in its home ports or captured or interned, while that of the other belligerents was being diverted largely to military needs. No wonder so few vessels sought the Isthmian channel during the earlier months of its operation. Yet, despite these obstacles, which still exist and which will not disappear until peace is restored, traffic through the canal has increased steadily. The eastern and western ports of the United States have been brought into closer and more profitable relations, trade with parts of Latin America has been promoted, and new and shorter routes between this country and the Orient have been established.

When the war is over and the world's shipping regains its wonted freedom and security, the Panama canal will stand out as one of the busiest pathways on the planet and one of the masterpieces of civilization.

Every day sees another nation trying to decide whether to go into war or stay out of war.

Our own opinion is that Germany has already granted our demands but hates to have to admit it.

A Welshman's Masterful Work.

No act in Mr. Lloyd George's wonderful career is more impressive than his timely settlement of the strike in the Welsh collieries. Dissatisfied with the wages and conditions under which they were working, the miners walked out at the most crucial hour of the Empire's needs. The service of the British fleet, the efficiency of the British army, the hope of British fortunes in the great war all depended upon the adequate output of coal, for coal is the source of the power that runs the munition plants and turns every wheel of the vast fighting machine.

All efforts to adjust the differences of the operators and miners had failed. As to the merits of the particular issue, the outside world has scant basis for passing judgment. It is possible that both parties to the dispute were subordinating national to personal interests. At any rate, the claims of patriotism were lost in a din of selfish clamor, and the country's welfare was desperately at stake.

Into this difficult situation, came the Welsh-born statesman, formerly chancellor of the exchequer and now minister of munitions. Mr. Lloyd George is commonly portrayed as a radical, brilliant and impetuous, a man of miraculous energy and keenness of mind but given to strokes which from their boldness might threaten blunders. In this emergency, however, he proved himself a master. He spoke to the Welshmen as a fellow Welshman, and also as a representative of the British cause in which their everlasting interests were bound up. Dispatches relate that he "was received with cheers, and speeded on his way with cheers."

No measure of force, no military decrees could have accomplished what his tactful and intuitive method of persuasion has brought to pass. The miners are contentedly and zealously at work again. The suspended industries on which the army and navy depended have resumed. A grave crisis in the affairs of Britain and her allies has been averted.

Barring frills, President Wilson has proved himself to be a diplomat better than the professional diplomats.

For a State Auditor.

The House does well to reconsider its action on the State auditor bill which was lost for the lack of only two or three votes and which subsequently has passed the Senate, with certain amendments, by a large majority.

As to the principle of this legislation, there is no reasonable difference of opinion. Everyone knows that the State's business ought to be handled as methodically as that of a private corporation, and ought to be safeguarded at every point. The only appreciable differences over the auditor bill pertain to matters of detail, and these can easily be adjusted. This measure means too much to the efficiency and economy of State administration and too much to the practical interests of the people to be cast lightly aside.

Women do not like new wrinkles any more than they do old ones.

Be kind to children. Most of them retain their memories after they grow up.

Editorial Echoes

That glycerin could be made from lard, was a recent discovery, it was urged in the prize court at London in the hearing of the American meat packers' case. Nowadays nearly everything can be made out of something else or efficient substitutes can be produced, making nonsense of the old lists of contraband. The extraction of sunlight from cucumbers in Gulliver is hardly more wonderful than the extraction of explosives and fertilizers from the atmosphere. Nobody has yet proposed to make air contraband.—Springfield Republican.

The Allies have lost 43,000 men in their attempts to capture the Dardanelles, 8,000 of them being officers. Perhaps the United States might save money in preparations by sending a commission over and asking Turkey how it holds out so long against the biggest navy in the world and two other navies of some consequence, and the armies of three big Powers.—Worcester Telegram.

David Lloyd George, head of the new department of munitions of the English government, discloses that approximately 50,000 women are at work in munition factories. As many more women are demanding a place at the bench or at the lathe. What is all this talk about the weaker sex?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The report that Turkish tobacco is cut off by the blockade of the Dardanelles will fill many with a base suspicion that our cigarette manufacturers have merely attempted a new attack upon the belief that most Turkish tobacco comes from Virginia.—Evening Post.

How to Help the Memory.

BY H. ADDINGTON BRUCE.

THOSE persons—and they are many—who are troubled by a real or fancied weakness of memory should bear two facts in mind.

The first is that nine times out of ten the memory weakness is not, as they suppose, associated with any organic weakness of the brain.

The second, that in almost every case their memory power can be greatly improved if they will only go the right way about it.

The "right way," moreover, is not a hard way. It puts no severe tax on the mind. On the contrary, it is of such a character that it has the effect of strengthening all the mental powers, as well as the power to remember.

It involves no laborious learning of "memory systems" and "memory techniques," such as are so often employed by self-styled memory specialists. These systems have one fatal defect.

Many of them undoubtedly do help the memory with regard to remembering specific dates, pieces of poetry, etc. But in the actual practice of life much more is needed than ability to memorize verse. And no system based on memorization meets this larger need.

All such systems fail because they do not take into account that to improve the memory for one particular set of facts is by no means equivalent to improving it for another and very different set of facts.

Memorization, therefore, does not effect a general memory improvement. This nevertheless can be effected to a surprising extent in every case of memory weakness except the comparatively few due to organic brain defect.

What a man shall remember—so far as concerns the power of conscious recall—is determined chiefly by the vividness of the impression an object or event makes on his mind. This again is determined chiefly by the degree of attention he pays to it. And this in turn is chiefly determined by the amount of interest he takes in it.

It may, indeed, be set down as a psychological truism that in interest we have the one great secret of a good memory.

If a man becomes interested enough in anything, he will overcome with regard to it even inborn deficiencies of memory power. In the words of the late William James, who still is our foremost authority on memory:

"The great memory for facts which a Darwin and a Spencer reveal in their books is not incompatible with the possession on their part of a brain with only a middling degree of physiological retentiveness.

"Let a man early in life set himself the task of verifying such a theory as that of evolution, and facts will soon cluster and cling to him like grapes to their stem. Their relations to the theory will hold them fast; and the more of these the mind is able to discern the greater the erudition will become."

If, then, you are troubled about your memory power, do not waste time trying to improve it by the sterile process of memorization.

Instead, cultivate a keener interest in the things which it is most important for you to remember—your work, your social activities, your home duties.

The more interest you develop in these, the better will be your memory.

The Unconquerable.

BY DR. FRANK CRANE.

Reporters in the war-smitten countries of Europe tell us that one effect of the horrors of death, wounds, and heartbreak is that the men are turning back to the churches. Out of the obscene muck of materialistic force is springing a revaluation of the spirit in man.

Man is a curious animal. He seems to give forth his finest product only when crushed. We expect him to "curse God and die," and suddenly his face lights up with the heavenly vision.

We loath poverty and fight disease and avoid wounds, tyranny, and oppression. Yet, somehow only when these come do the rarest flowers appear on the human bush.

I know a young man, twisted, crippled, paralyzed, unable to feed or dress himself, yet who sits daily by his window with a shining face. He is cheerful, helpful, a fountain of joy to all who know him. The boys love to gather in his room at night and play cards and tell stories. One would think he would be a gloom and a burden; he is an uplift. You soon forget his limitations. You soon cease to pity him, for he does not pity himself. He does not drain you; he inspires you.

In how many another family is the sick room the shrine of the house? How many a stricken invalid woman is the resting place for her worried husband, the delightful refuge for her children's cares!

It is not the strong, wealthy, and powerful that always gleam with optimism and radiate hope. Too often the house of luxury is the nest of bitterness, boredom, and snarling. Petulance waits on plenty. Luxury and cruelty are twins. Success brings hardness of heart.

The world could get along without its war lords, millionaires, and big men, with all their effective virility, better than it could do without its blind, deaf, hunchbacked, and bed-ridden. Some things we get from the first group, but the things we get from the second are more needed for this star-led race.

Little girl, with twisted spine and useless legs, with eyes always bright with golden courage, with heart ever high with undaunted love, we could spare all the proud beauties of the ballroom or the stage better than you. Their bodies are finer than yours; but, then, we are not bodies.

What a strange and strangely magnificent creature is man! And how proud his Maker must be of him, for all his faults! You cannot crush him. Put him in prison, and in its half-light he writes a "Pilgrim's Progress." Strike him blind, and he sings a "Paradise Lost."

When Beethoven died, a post-mortem examination showed that since childhood he had suffered from an incurable disease, aggravated by improper medical treatment and by want of home comfort and proper food. His liver was shrunk to half its proper size. He always had family troubles that annoyed him beyond endurance. His finest works were produced after he was deaf. And this was the majestic soul that was unparalleled master of music, whose art was immeasurable, will be immortal! Yet we have heard fat artists whine because they are mistreated!

What a piece of work is man! Too wonderful, too unconquerable, too divine for this earth! His home must be among the stars!

(Copyright, 1915, by Frank Crane.)

Quips and Quiddities

Paderewski arrived in a small western town about noon one day and decided to take a walk in the afternoon. While strolling along, he heard a piano, and, following the sound, came to a house on which was a sign reading:

"Miss Jones. Piano lessons, 25 cents an hour."

Pausing to listen, he heard the young woman trying to play one of Chopin's nocturnes, and, not succeeding very well.

Paderewski walked up to the house and knocked. Miss Jones came to the door and recognized him at once. Delighted, she invited him in, and he sat down and played the nocturne as only Paderewski can, afterward spending an hour in correcting her mistakes. Miss Jones thanked him and he departed.

Some months afterward he returned to the town, and again took the same walk.

He soon came to the home of Miss Jones, and, looking at the sign, read:

"Miss Jones. Piano lessons, $1 an hour. (Pupil of Paderewski.)"

* * *

The other night at dinner a little girl surprised her mother by saying, "I'm not stuck on this bread."

"Margie," said her mother, reprovingly, "you want to cut that slang out."

"That's a peach of a way to correct the child," remarked the father.

"I know," replied the mother, "but I just wanted to put her wise."—Fortnightly Review.

* * *

"Have women the strength of mind to conduct themselves in politics like men? Could a woman, like Caesar, have refused a crown?"

"I think so," said the lady addressed. "Of course, she might have tried it on, just to see if it was a fit."

BOTTLE-FED CROPS

—BY FREDERIC J. HASKIN—

IF Farmer Jones would like to determine which of his fields would raise the best wheat he can do so in the simplest sort of an experiment carried on at any time in the kitchen window.

* * *

The conclusions that he will be able to reach from this experiment will be more dependable than are the soil analyses of all the experts of the world. In fact, so superior are they that the scientists are giving up the old methods and turning to this simple test of soils in their attempts to solve the mystery of productiveness.

* * *

In carrying on this test the farmer puts the back pasture into a bottle and feeds it to a grain of wheat. The field in the bottom is administered in the same way to other grains of wheat. The soil of the high ridge that runs through the farm is similarly tested.

* * *

The soil solutions that grow the best crops in the bottles will also grow them in the open. In these experiments extracts of the different soils have been placed side by side and made to compete in the task of growing wheat. Side by side their results may be tested and the farmer is pretty safe in planting his crops accordingly.

It is generally understoood that the roots of any crop take the substance with which it builds itself from the ground by drinking up the moisture that has dissolved the soil properties. A substance that is in the soil must, therefore, be soluble in water before it can become a part of the plant.

* * *

If, therefore, a sample of any soil is taken, is placed in water and thoroughly shaken up, that water dissolves the plant food that is in the soil. The water then contains all the plant-growing properties of the soil with which it has been brought in contact. The water that has been shaken up with the soil of the back pasture has its peculiar qualities. The same is true with that with which the soil of the bottom field and of the high ridge has been treated.

These waters are soil solutions. They are carefully filtered and put into wide-mouthed bottles. They are ready for the bottle-fed crops.

* * *

If it is not the season when wheat will sprout of itself in the open it may be sprouted in a hot-house or in a warm window. To test the soils thus in solution these sprouted grains of wheat are necessary. The wide mouths of the bottles are stopped by equally wide, flat corks. Nails are driven through these corks to make perforations. The sprouted grains of wheat are threaded through these perforations in such a way that the roots will trail below while the tops will extend above the corks. When the corks are fitted into the mouths of the bottles with the roots of the wheat in the water and the whole is placed under good growing conditions, the test is well under way.

* * *

The rate at which the wheat will grow, the height which it attains, the strength of the plant, depends upon the relative amounts of plant food in the soils, and upon the absence of unfavorable material. Side by side the different fields of the farm thus compete with one another. If the experiment is well executed the results are dependable as a basis for crop planting.

This system of soil testing has been very thoroughly worked out in the federal department of agriculture. It is the modern test for soil productivity, and has largely superceded all others. It came after a quarter of a century of dependence upon soil analyses, which had been shown to be subject to so many exceptions that they were not a safe basis for crop growing.

The men of the government laboratories long ago took the soils of the nation, tore them into their component parts and wrote down the elements that went to make them up. They also knew the elements that were necessary to the growing of the different crops. It would seem that it would be safe to plant the crop needing nitrogen, for instance, on a soil that was rich in nitrogen. The soils which, according to the analyses, were richest in plant food should grow the best crops.

But it often developed that this was by no means true. A soil which analyzed comparatively poor might grow better crops than one which had a high analysis in plant food. There was a slip somewhere. The test of actually growing the plant in a soil solution proved to be much more reliable.

But the scientists wanted to know where they had made the slip. In studying the work of two and a half decades during which soil analyses of the major part of the United States had been made it was shown that one element in the soils, the vegetable matter they contained, had been given little attention. The searchlight of science should be turned on this vegetable matter.

* * *

The little tricks that science employs to accomplish its purposes are often interesting. It wanted, for instance, to separate from the soil the vegetable matter that the decay of plant life through the ages had left in it. This was necessary that this vegetable matter might be studied.

* * *

The plan devised was simple but unique. It was shown that the vegetable matter was lighter than the mineral matter. Both, however, were heavy enough to sink in water. Bromoform is a liquid that is about three times as heavy as water. The mineral matter in soil is, however, heavy enough to sink in it. But the vegetable matter is lighter and will float on its surface. When, therefore, water and bromoform are mixed, the former floats on top of the latter. When a soil sample is shaken up in the mixture the mineral part sinks into the bromoform, but the vegetable part floats on top of it and remains in the water. This water has but to be poured off to separate out the vegetable matter.

* * *

When this vegetable matter was isolated, experiments were tried with it in growing the bottle-fed plants. It was found that certain solutions of it would cause the young plants to languish and die. Obviously, there was something wrong in the vegetable matter in some of these soils. There was in them some material that was poison to plant life. Here probably lay the solution of the mystery of soil which analyzed rich in plant food yet failed to grow crops.

* * *

Lamp black absorbs only vegetable poisons. If filtering the soil solutions through lamp black took out the poison, it was vegetable. It was another trick of the scientists. So was the poison charge against vegetable matter further corroborated.

Being thus placed on the right track, the scientists finally isolated one after another of the soil poisons. It was found that they usually developed in land that was improperly drained and in which there was interference with the decay of vegetable matter. There were great areas of land that were unproductive because of them, that might be reclaimed by learning to overcome them.

* * *

It was here that the bottle-fed crops again came into play. The investigators wanted to know if the poisons might be overcome by fertilizers, and if so what materials to use in given cases.

Of the standard fertilizers in use most are based upon three substances—nitrate, potash and phosphate. The soil experts arranged an elaborate system of determining which of these materials or what combinations of them would have the effect of counteracting the poisons in soils. They would take considerable quantities of water which contained poisoned soils in solution. This they would place in bottles to the number of twenty or forty or sixty. They would introduce into these bottles certain quantities of fertilizer. Some of it would be pure nitrate, some phosphate, some potash. Each bottle would be labeled according to the fertilizer put into it. Then various combinations of these three elements would be used. All would be placed to grow and the fertilizer or the fertilizer compound that produced the best crop on a bottle stopper had demonstrated that it was the antidote the poisoned soil needed.

In this way it has been shown that poisoned soils in many parts of the nation may be made productive by the use of fertilizer antidotes. The farmer may make these tests for himself and determine what steps should be taken to reclaim his barren lands.

But it is not to the owner of poisoned lands alone that this test is of value. Whatever farmer uses fertilizer should know just what it is that his soil lacks and should introduce that element. This is of great value in reaching this end. The exact test, however, is that of raising the crop in question, on the soil in question helped by the fertilizer in question.

The bottle stopper farms offer the best opportunity for tests. The soil solutions from the different fields may be secured and into them may be placed the different commercial fertilizers that are offered. The combination of soil and fertilizer that raises the best crop on the bottle stopper is the combination that will raise the best crop in the field. The farmer has scientifically determined which is his best buy in the fertilizer market.

VIEW OF PARIS IN WAR TIME

A vivid picture of and tribute to the women of France is given in a letter from Raymond Sabouraud, the great specialist, to a Springfield physician. This is the third letter from Sabouraud which has been printed in these columns, and it is perhaps the most eloquent of the three. It is written under date of Paris, June 20, as follows:

"One result of the war has been the disappearance from the streets of certain types of men and women, and Paris today has taken on the aspect that Parisians used to qualify as provincial. Every one goes about his business; there are manifestations of neither joy nor sorrow; the general impression given is that there are duties to be done, and that the people are doing them. There are no balls, no receptions; theaters are little patronized, vanity and wordliness have disappeared, the old "relations" no longer exist; what dinners there are are of family or intimates, and to such each one brings and each contributes his news, his opinions, his hopes of the future. The men, unskilled with their fingers, can only talk or listen; the women, in addition to these abilities, are deft in needlework, and sew or crochet, making articles for soldiers or prisoners. Those who have sons at the front work for them, those who are without sons have constituted themselves godmothers to orphan soldiers from lists furnished for that purpose. And the great joy of such reunions is the reading of a diary which some woman has got from a husband or son at the front.

"I was at such a reunion the other evening, and listened to the reading of the diary of a friend, Major S——. It contained 40 pages, closely written, without punctuation, soiled and difficult to read. But what an evening it was! The simple story of a doctor sent from Paris to Mans, and thence to Chartres; from Chartres to Rheims, the Meuse and on to Belgium; and then the sore and painful retreat back to the Marne; up again and advance, without chance for repose, to arrive exhausted in the Argonne; sent to the rear with his ambulance for a rest, they had just one day when the order came to again go forward, and for 12 days he was present at continuous fighting at Albert and Lassigny. Just one thing the diary did not say, namely, that he had been mentioned in the order of the day and was decorated for decision and energy. His wife was one of the party, a mother of three children; maybe she skipped a thread during the reading, but her hands never stopped.

"I'd like to tell you a few more examples of feminine fortitude, you, dear friend, who know the French women—at least you know some of them—the true French women that the casual stranger never knows; for though we have not the gynaceum of the ancients, we have an exclusiveness, a seclusiveness of family almost equal to theirs; to the stranger in general, to the stranger of every country, the real French woman is an unknown creature, and hence has arisen the naive yet grotesque belief, ever accepted, that the French type of woman is the woman found in pleasure resorts. We suffer, as the Greeks suffered, for two other reasons, the one, because like theirs, our women are fair, and to the traveler the fair are supposed to be easy; the other because, like them, we are artistic, and to the ignorant of all lands the artistic is voluptuous.

"Another woman of our party that evening, Madame S——, has two sons at the front; one, Bernard, belonged to a regiment of 3,000, of whom but 17 are left. A short while ago, with the cunning of a redskin, she penetrated the lines up to the heights of Abbeville, determined to see her Bernard before he too might join his comrades. She told us her own Odyssey; how she got past the lines to be later sent back, another attempt and arrested, and finally how with the help of a shrewd peasant, over ruined highways, she reached her destination—and as she told it all, the woolen stockings that she knitted grew apace.

"At another such gathering of friends there was among us a Mademoiselle B——, a young woman whose father and brother are fighting in the Vosges; she almost blew in on us from Rheims, for one can't telegraph from Rheims; what a story she had to tell! Leaving the Mediterranean on the outbreak of the war to offer her services to her friend, the superintendent of the Rheims hospital, she witnessed the grief of the German invasion, and the joy of the wounded during 150 days of ceaseless bombardment; at Christmas time set up Christmas trees in the cathedral cellars for the orphan children. I tell you, my friend, even American womanhood couldn't show anything to beat this radiant young creature, so gay, so alert, so vigorous, who had spent the winter almost outdoors, for there wasn't a pane of glass left in her windows. As contrasting experiences she told of a shell that fell on an empty bed, scattering a rain of pilllow feathers over the court, but alas! the next one killed six poor wounded devils nearby. As showing that French gaiety can rise above every gloom, she said that a favorite practical joke was to imitate, by screech or whistle, the noise of an arriving shell, and then laugh at the prudent colleague who threw himself on his stomach. And, my friend, there is no laugh more justified, or more true, than his who does his duty in dread surroundings. She gave my children a bag of shrapnel balls which, she said, the children of Rheims use as marbles.

"I had at the St. Louis recently another type, a French Protestant, stern and puritanical, who wore enormous spectacles, and never traveled without a Bible under her arm. Her wrist had been broken and a piece of her nose carried away, but she wouldn't await a complete restitution to hurry back to the front. Only yesterday there was in my office an aged lady from Versailles, one of those old aristocrats, of infinite distinction, bringing a daughter who had broken down under the strain of ambulance work; on interrogation I found she had six sons under the flag—a seventh being still too young, but intending to join three months hence. Of the six one was killed at Charleroi; two disapppeared during those dreadful days of retreat, which you remember lasted from the 22d to the 30th of August; one is being nursed at home for a dreadful laceration of the thigh, the other two being well and in the heat of things in Alsace. And she told her story very quietly, neither boastfully nor in despair, without tears or without melodrama—just simply. Alas! I could tell you of a couple more patients, victims of brutality or worse, but what's the use now of relating horrors? I know of fashionable women who spend their nights in the station as Asnieres, serving soup or coffee to the passing wounded; and of one, in particular, who among the wounded, found her own husband ticketed to a distant hospital, and whom she must let pass while she bravely waited on the next comers.

"My dear friend, can we help being proud of women who fill such roles? and calmly, uncomplainingly and with constancy? And their heroism isn't limited to war service; you won't know our hospital, all my assistants and helpers are women, and devoted women. I know of a farm of 250 acres on the Marne; the young master left with the first call; the young mistress, recently married, only 20 years old, a Parisian and up to then a society woman, an artist and a prize winner at the conservatory; the day following her husband's departure she took hold of the farm, and though there were only women, children and a few old men to do the work, these maternal fields are now pushing forth the grain as richly as ever. The women and children you will see in the hospital, remember, haven't seen husband or father for 10 months, and they are patient, uncomplaining, heroic—they are today making the soul of the soldier, as they have already made his body. After the wars with the Medes the Greeks erected an altar

To the mothers of the soldiers of Marathon.

"I assure you there is an opportunity for a noble poem—To the Women of France—but it should be written by one whom the gods inspire, and who knows the language of the gods."—Springfield Republican.

Notices of Sunday services and other news of Atlanta churches will be published on this page without charge, provided they reach Journal office by noon Friday

Sunday Songs and Sermons

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON, JULY 25

For July 25, 1915

GOLDEN TEXT: "My house shall be called a house of prayer for all peoples."

By DR. MARION McH. HULL

IT was 594 years after they came out of Egypt, and in the fourth year of Solomon's reign, that they began the erection of the great national structure. Thousands of men were employed, of every kind of artisanship, and after 7 1-2 years the building was completed. Long before it was finished Israel had become one and every day the bonds of national spirit were growing stronger. If you have a grudge against your neighbor, get busy with him on some common task in which you both may become interested, and the grudge will soon disappear.

THE GLORIOUS TEMPLE.

No wonder the nation was proud of that work. The best of everything was used in its construction—gold, silver, fine woods, precious stones, fine embroideries of silk and linen of a total value of about $1,091,250,000. Nothing was too good to put into the temple; in fact, only the best was good enough.

I wonder if you can see it as you stand with me on the slope of Olivet, and look westward across the valley of the Kidron. There on the opposite hillcrest, on Mount Moriah, where formerly Abram had placed Isaac on the altar, and where latterly Araunah had threshed his wheat, was a levelled area about 900x600 feet. On it stands, facing us, the glorious temple. Its gateway opens in front of us toward the east; there are a series of courts, each a little higher than the preceding—the court of the Gentiles, of the women, and of the priests. Towering above all, is the Holy Place with the Holy of holies beyond it. It is thirty feet wide, ninety feet long, and forty-five feet high. The Holy of holies is a perfect cube, thirty feet in all dimensions. It is built of the finest wood and stone, and is overlaid with beaten gold. It glistens with a dazzling light as the morning sun is reflected from it. On account of its commanding elevation, it can be seen a great distance from every direction as you approach the city of David. Do you wonder that the nation—for they had become one in building it—was proud of it, and gloried in it? Do you not agree that Solomon was wonderfully wise in setting them to such a task?

It was completed on the second day of the eighth month of the eleventh year of his reign. But it was nearly a year later when it was dedicated. Great preparations were made for this event. The proper priests were instructed to bring the Ark from the tent which had housed it since David brought it into the city. The Tabernacle with its furniture was brought from Gibeon, and when the altar, the brazen laver, the tables and candlesticks were in their places, the Ark was put in its place in the holy of holies. Then the temple was covered and fitted with a cloud—the manifestation of the presence of God—and the glory of God filled the temple. The glory of the building itself was great; but it was not to be compared to the glory of it after God came to dwell there. The greatest glory of any house or home or heart comes because of the divine presence. Why was this temple greater than the heathen temples which were much larger? It was God dwelling there. Why was Jesus Christ, the carpenter of Nazareth, more glorious than any other man that lived? It was the manifest presence of God in every act and word: It is that same presence of the great God in your life and mine that can make our lives glorious, even though the world at large may scarcely know our names.

THE PLACE OF PRAYER.

It was in the autumn, just about the time of the feast of tabernacles, that all was in readiness for the formal and at the same time real dedication of the house to the purposes for which it had been constructed—a place for prayer and praise to the God of Israel, who although the whole universe could not contain Him, had deigned to come and dwell in this place, in order that His people might know where to find and worship Him. A great congregation assembled on the levelled space, while Solomon, on a brazen pedastal about five feet higher, stood facing the great congregation. He recited to them briefly the circumstances which had led up to this day and then turned with his face toward the holy of holies, where the Divine presence was manifested and offered the dedicatory prayer.

It was a remarkable prayer—adoration, confession, supplication, intercession. Study it carefully, how he addresses God, how he regards himself, his ground of hope, his specific requests. It is the model prayer of the Old Testament (for public worship) just as the "Lord's Prayer" is the model in the New Testament. There are seven petitions—the number recognized by the Jews for completeness. Its requests are comprehensive, but they all are summarized in the first petition. "Hear—forgive." These requests were based on the condition that they should be made in this house, or in certain exceptional cases, if the suppliant would turn toward this place.

Why did Solomon want such a thing from God? Why did they have to come to this house to pray, or turn toward it if circumstances were such that they could not be physically present? Is the church the only place we can pray, or can we get God to hear us better there than anywhere else? In finding the answer to these we must remember that Israel was only in its spiritual childhood, and a visible object is an aid to the child mind. It was their second lesson in prayer, so to speak, and they must learn that God can be located and addressed. This was the place of His manifest presence, although He was then as now everywhere. In Jesus' time the Jews had grown to think they could worship Him nowhere else. But Jesus gave them a larger view of God as a Spirit who could be worshipped anywhere in spirit and in truth and who sought such worshippers. God dwells today in the hearts of His people. We are His temple, and although the heaven of heavens cannot contain Him. He deigns to dwell in our hearts. We are helped by going to the church to pray because there our hearts are brought into an atmosphere of prayer and it is easier to approach Him. But the true Christian should be such that it will be easier for men to find God as they come in contact with Him.

Is it easier for men to pray to God in your companionship? Are you the dwelling place of the holy God? Is the glory of your life the presence of God?

Church Personals

Bishop C. K. Nelson will preach at Helen, Ga., Sunday.

Bishop Warren A. Candler will preach at the Wesley Memorial Methodist church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

Mrs. Frank Pearson, soprano soloist, will sing the offertory solo Sunday morning at the Second Baptist church.

Miss Ruth Gray, a talented thirteen-year-old girl, will sing the offertory solo Sunday morning, at St. Paul Methodist church.

Mrs. Frank Pearson will sing the offertory at the Second Baptist church Sunday morning at the farewell service to Dr. John E. White.

The Quarterly Methodist Review, July issue, carries an article on "Materials for Sermons," by Dr. Charles O. Jones, pastor of Trinity Methodist church.

Sacred Harp singers of Atlanta will hold their regular monthly meeting at the Old Soldiers' Home Sunday afternoon. The meetings are free to the public.

Dr. F. C. McConnell, pastor of the Druid Hills Baptist church, has gone to Palacias, Tex., to attend the Young People's Baptist encampment. He will return next Friday.

The Rev. A. A. Swanlund, of Thorsby, Ala., will preach to Scandinavians Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at the residence of C. E. Forsman, 290 West Fourteenth street.

The Rev. James Harold Flye, of Columbus, Ga., formerly of Florida, has been appointed by Bishop Nelson to be rector of St. Stephens' Episcopal church, Milledgeville, Ga.

Dr. A. T. Spalding, chaplain of the Baptist Orphans' home, will preach at the Druid Hills Baptist church Sunday morning. There will be no service Sunday evening at this church.

The Rev. M. F. Eakes, assistant editor and business manager of the Wesleyan Christian Advocate, will preach at St. John's Methodist church at both morning and evening services Sunday.

"Temptations," is the subject for Sunday morning of the Rev. Jewett Williams, of Sewanee, who is filling the pulpit of St. Philip's Episcopal cathedral during the absence of Dr. John R. Atkinson.

Atlanta Holiness union will meet at the residence of J. H. McGahee, 394 Whitehall street, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Preaching will be by the Rev. W. P. Carmichael, pastor of the Capitol View Methodist church.

Dr. Dunbar H. Ogden, pastor of the Central Presbyterian church, will preach Sunday morning on "The Shipwreck of the Apostle Paul." This church will hold evening services with the other Capitol hill churches on the capitol grounds.

Senator John D. Walker, of Sparta, will address the Fellowship Bible class of the St. John Methodist church Sunday morning at 9:50 o'clock in the auditorium of the church. Senator Walker's subject is "The Dedication of Solomon's Temple."

Dr. Thornwell Jacobs, president of Oglethorpe university, will continue his series of sermons on old world cities Sunday morning at the Central congregational church; his subject Sunday morning is "Egypt and Her Empire." Thebes and Memphis will be featured.

Dr. A. R. Holderby, pastor of the East Point Presbyterian church, will preach Sunday morning in the new church building. His subject will be "Doing the Will of God." The evening service will be held in union with the Baptist church of East Point in the tabernacle.

Dr. C. B. Wilmer, rector of St. Luke's Episcopal church, came to Atlanta Friday from Flat Rock, N. C., where he is spending his vacation, to attend the supper in honor of Dr. John E. White, retiring pastor of the Second Baptist church, which was given by the Ten club.

Dr. H. M. DuBose, pastor of the First Methodist church, will preach Sunday morning and evening at his church; his morning subject is "The One Foundation;" the evening subject, "Wanted—A Tenant." Weather permitting, the evening service will be conducted on the lawn of the church.

At Trinity Methodist church Sunday morning Dr. Charles O. Jones, the pastor, will continue a series of sermons on "David," his special subject being "Was David a Christian—A Man After God's Own Heart?" Trinity will join with the other Capitol hill churches for the evening service.

REV. H. F. SAUMENIG AT ALL SAINTS' FOR AUGUST

Dr. Memminger Leaves Wednesday for Vacation at Flat Rock, N. C.

The Rev. H. Fields Saumenig, rector of St. Peter's Episcopal church, Rome, Ga., will fill the pulpit of All Saints' Episcopal church during the absence of Dr. W. W. Memminger, who leaves Wednesday for a month's vacation. Mr. Saumenig was formerly rector of an Atlanta church and has a large circle of friends here.

Dr. Memminger will go first to Knoxville, Tenn., to give a reading of "Peer Gynt," to the University of Tennessee Summer school students. From there there he will proceed to his summer home at Flat Rock, N. C. Mrs. Memminger and the children are already at Flat Rock.

Dr. Memminger will preach Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Vesper services at All Saints' will not be resumed until his return—the first Sunday in September.

LUTHERANS TO WORSHIP IN JUNIOR ORDER HALL

While work of construction and enlargement of the English Lutheran church is under way, the congregation will worship in the Junior Order hall, 30 Capitol avenue, directly across east of the capitol.

The Rev. W. C. Schaeffer, the pastor, has just returned from Plains, Ga., where he has been conducting a special meeting and will preach Sunday morning on "First Things First."

The congregation of this church will join with the other Capitol hill churches in the outdoor evening worship at the capitol.

BIBLICAL DRAMA AT WESLEY MEMORIAL

"From Captivity to Power," a Biblical drama in five acts, will be presented Sunday evening at the Wesley Memorial Methodist church by the children of the junior church. Twenty-three of the young people will take part and will represent Jacob, Jacob's twelve sons, Pharoh, children of Israel, etc.

Songs, exercises and a dialogue of a sacred nature will be given.

The public is invited to attend.

NEW RECTOR AT EAST POINT AND COLLEGE PARK

The Rev. William P. Browne, formerly the Asheville, N. C., district, has been appointed by Bishop C. K. Nelson as rector of St. John's Episcopal church, of College Park, and St. Paul's church, East Point. He will preach at both of these churches Sunday.

NOTICES OF CHURCH SERVICES

BAPTIST

ANTIOCH—Rev. W. H. Kershaw. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 10 a. m.

BUCKHEAD—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

BROWN MEMORIAL—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

BELLWOOD AVENUE—The Rev. J. J. Watkins. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

CAPITOL VIEW—Rev. A. C. Henley. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

COLLEGE PARK—Rev. A. F. O'Kelley. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

COOPER STREET—Rev. R. A. Smith. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

CENTER HILL—Rev. W. E. McCullum. Second and fourth Sundays, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 10 a. m.

CAPITOL AVENUE—Rev. W. H. Major, D. D. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday schol, 9:30 a. m.

CLARKSTON BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. Chas. Stephenson. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 10 a. m.

TEMPLE-CENTRAL—Rev. L. A. Brown. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

DECATUR—Rev. W. T. Smith. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

DRUID HILLS—Rev. F. C. McConnell, D. D. 11 a. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

EAST ATLANTA—Rev. V. W. Thompson. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

EDGEWOOD—The Rev. V. C. Norcross, D. D. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

EZRA—Rev. R. H. Lamkin. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

EAGAN PARK—Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m.

EAST SIDE TABERNACLE—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9 a. m.

EAST POINT—Rev. O. L. Jones. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 10 a. m.

EAST END—Rev. C. W. Hudson, Th.D. First and third Sundays. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

FORTIFIED HILLS—Rev. E. E. Woodson. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 10 a. m.

INMAN YARDS—Rev. J. W. Butts, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

INMAN PARK—Rev. W. Lee Cutts, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

FIRST—Rev. Charles W. Daniel, D. D. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

GATE CITY—The Rev. R. W. Hearn. Second and fourth Sundays, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 2:30 p. m. (East Point.)

GRANT PARK—Rev. F. J. Fleming. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

GORDON STREET—Rev W. M. Sentell. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

HAPEVILLE—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

HOME AVENUE—Rev. J. H. Goodwin. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

IMMANUEL—Rev. John W. Saunders. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

JACKSON HILL—Rev. L. E. Barton, D. D., 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m.

JONES AVENUE—Rev. O. W. Greer, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

KIRKWOOD—Rev. J. J. Jackson, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

McDONALD—Rev. H. D. White, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m.

LAKEWOOD HEIGHTS—Rev. J. J. Crow. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m.

MARIETTA STREET—Rev. C. C. King. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 10 a. m.

NEW ANTIOCH—Rev. W. E. McCullum. First and third Sunday, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

NORTH ATLANTA—Rev. W. H. Bell, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

NORTH SIDE PARK—Rev. W. B. Wilson, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m.

OAKHURST—Rev. C. W. Hudson, Th.D. Second and fourth Sunday, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

ORPHANS' HOME—Rev. A. T. Spalding, D. D., 3 p. m.

OAKLAND CITY—Rev. A. C. Ward, D. D., 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

PONCE DE LEON—Rev. A. H. Gordon, D. D. 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

PONDERS AVENUE—Rev George W. Adamson, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m.

STEWART AVENUE—Rev. J. J. Crow, 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 3 p. m.

SHARON—Rev. W. H. Beiers, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school. 9:30 a. m.

SECOND—Rev John E. White, D. D., 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

SOUTH SIDE—Rev W. H. Wallace, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

TABERNACLE—Jacob L. White, D. D., 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 10 a. m.

UNION TABERNACLE—Dr. J. W. Blosser, pastor pro tem. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

WOODWARD AVENUE—Rev. T. T. Davis. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

WESTERN HEIGHTS—Rev. J. P. Glore. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

WEST END—Rev. J. F. Purser, D. D. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. B. Y. P. U. 6:30 p. m.

UNIVERSALIST

FIRST—Rev. Fred A. Line, pastor. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

PRESBYTERIAN

ASSOCIATE REFORMED—Rev. S. W. Reid. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 10 a. m.

BARNETT—Rev. A. R. Woodson. Preaching at 4 p. m. Sunday school, 3 p. m.

CENTRAL—Dr. Dunbar Ogden. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

COLLEGE PARK—Rev. Fritz Rauschenberg. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

DRUID HILLS—Rev. D. M. McIver. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

EAST POINT—Dr. A. R. Holderby. Sunday school, 10 a. m. Sermon, 11 a. m.

FIRST—Dr. J. S. Lyons, 11 a. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Sunday evening services discontinued through summer.

GEORGIA AVENUE—Rev. Robert Ivey. 11 a. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

GORDON STREET—Rev. Arnold Hall. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

HARRIS STREET—Rev. Jere A. Moore. 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

INMAN PARK—Rev. James B. Ficklin. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

KIRKWOOD—Rev. Carl Barth. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

MOORE MEMORIAL—Rev. G. R. Buford at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

NORTH AVENUE—Rev. Richard Orme Flinn. 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

ORMEWOOD PARK—The Rev. William Duncan. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 10 a. m.

PRYOR STREET—Rev. J. E. Hemphill. 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

ROCK SPRING—Rev. Linton Johnson. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

WEST END—Rev. William E. Hill. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

WESTMINSTER—Rev. A. A. Little. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

EPISCOPAL

Calendar—July 25, Eighth Sunday after Trinity.

ALL SAINTS'—Rev. W. W. Memminger, rector. Holy communion, 7:30 a. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m. Sermon at 11 a. m.

CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY—The Rev. Russell K. Smith, rector. Sermon and communion at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Men's Bible class at 10 a. m.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION—Rev. L. B. Richards, rector. Holy communion, 7:30 a. m. Sermon, 11 a. m. Evening service at 8 o'clock. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m. Men's Bible class, 10 a. m.

HOLY TRINITY, Decatur—The Rev. Vincent C. Lacey, rector. Holy communion at 7:30 a. m.; service and sermon at 11 a. m. evening prayer at 5 o'clock.

ST. PHILIP'S CATHEDRAL—Dr. John R. Atkinson, dean. Holy communion, 8:00 a. m.; communicants' breakfast, 9:00 a. m.; Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; Bible classes, 10:00 a. m.; Sermon at 11 a. m.

ST. LUKE'S—Rev. C. B. Wilmer, D. D., rector, the Rev. Robert E. Gribbin, assistant, Holy communion at 7:30 a. m. Sermon at 11 a. m.

CATHOLIC

Calendar—July 25, Eighth Sunday after Trinity.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION—Rev. Robert F. Kennedy. First mass, 7 a. m. Children's mass, 9:30 a. m. High mass, 10:30 a. m. Vespers and benediction at 8 p. m.

ST. ANTHONY'S—Rev. O. N. Jackson. Masses at 7 and 9:30 a. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Daily mass at 6:30 a. m.

SACRED HEART CHURCH—Masses at 7:00, 8:30, 9:45 and 11 a. m. Children's mass, 10 a. m. Service, 7:30 p. m.

CHURCH OF CHRIST

CONSTITUTION—Bible study and regular worship at 3 p. m.

EAST POINT—Hugh E. Garrett. 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Bible study, 9:45 a. m.

SOUTH PRYOR STREET—J. A. Harding, 11:30 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. Bible study, 9:30 a. m.

WEST END AVENUE—S. H. Hall. 11:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Bible study, 9:30 a. m.

LUTHERAN

Calendar—July 25, Eighth Sunday after Trinity.

ENGLISH LUTHERAN OF THE REDEEMER—Rev. W. C. Schaeffer, Jr. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Bible school, 9.45 a. m.

ST. JOHN'S GERMAN EVANGELICAL—German service, 11 a. m. Bible school, 9:45 a. m.

CHRISTIAN

FIRST—Dr. L. O. Bricker. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Bible school, 9:30 a. m.

WEST END—Rev. William O. Foster. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Bible school, 9:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m. Christian Endeavor, 7 p. m.

UNITARIAN.

The Unitarian church of Atlanta, 301 West Peachtree, one block from the Georgian Terrace, Dr. J. Wade Conkling, minister. Services at 11 a. m.

CONGREGATIONAL.

CENTRAL—Sermon by Dr. Thornwell Jacobs at 11 a. m. Sunday school 9:40 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E., 7 p. m.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST—11 a. m. Wednesday, 8 p. m. Sunday school. 9:45 a. m. Reading rooms, sixth floor the Grand, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

METHODIST (SOUTH)

The Rev. A. M. Hughlett, A. M., LL. D., presiding elder. Office, Wesley Memorial.

ASBURY—Rev. W. E. Brown. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

BONNIE BRAE—Rev. J. L. Allgood. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

COLLEGE PARK—Rev. H. M. Quillian. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

CENTER STREET—Rev. G. L. Chastain. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

CAPITOL VIEW—Rev. W. P. Carmichael. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

COLLINS MEMORIAL—Rev. W. H. Clark. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

DECATUR—Rev. Frank Quillian. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

DRUID HILLS—Rev. Henry B. Mays. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

ENGLISH AVENUE—Rev. B. S. Fleming. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

EPWORTH—Rev. A. H. S. Bugg. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

EAST POINT—Rev. C. V. Weathers. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

EAST END—Rev. H. H. Jones. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m., first and third Sundays. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

FIRST—Rev. H. M. DuBose. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

CALVARY—Rev. L. W. Collins. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

GRACE—Rev. Luke G. Johnson, D. D. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

GRANT PARK—Rev. W. W. Gaines. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school. 9:45 a. m. Temporary quarters, 263 Waldo street.

HAPEVILLE—Rev. L. W. Rivers. 11 a. m. except fourth Sunday and 8 p. m. every Sunday. Sunday school, 10 a. m.

INMAN PARK—Rev. W. H. LaPrade, Jr. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

JEFFERSON STREET—Rev. W. H. Hunton. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

KIRKWOOD—Rev. Henry D. Pace. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

LAKEWOOD HEIGHTS—Rev. William Greenway. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

MAYSONS—Rev. W. H. Clark. Sunday school, 10 a. m. Preaching every first Sunday.

MOUNT VERNON—Rev. C. A. Jamison. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

MARTHA BROWN MEMORIAL—Rev. J. C. Alverson. 11:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

NELLIE DODD MEMORIAL—Rev. J. S. Hill. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

OAKLAND CITY—Rev. M. L. Underwood. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 10 a. m.

OAKHURST—Rev. H. H. Jones and C. L. Patillo, second and fourth Sundays. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

PARK STREET—Rev. Wallace Rogers. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

PAYNE MEMORIAL—Rev. G. W. Duvall. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

SOUTH BEND—Rev. William Greenway. Third Sunday. 11 a. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

ST. PAUL—Rev. J. W. Quillian. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

ST. LUKE—Rev. J. S. Hill. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

ST. JAMES—Rev. W. W. Brinsfield. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

ST. MARK—Rev. W. R. Hendrix. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.

ST. JOHN—Rev. G. Mac Eakes. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

TRINITY—Rev. C. O. Jones, D. D. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

WEST SIDE—Rev. C. P. Marchman. Second and fourth Sundays. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

WALKER STREET—Rev. A. E. Sansburn. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

WESLEY MEMORIAL—Rev. B. H. Harris 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Junior service 11:15 a. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL

Atlanta Episcopal area: Georgia, Alabama, Florida and South Carolina. Rev. Frederick D. Lette, D. D., LL.D., resident bishop; office Rhodes building, Atlanta, Ga.

EGELSTON MEMORIAL—Rev. C. J. Yelsley. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school 10 a. m.

HEMPHILL AVENUE—Rev. M. J. Murphree. 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

NELLIE CHAPEL—Rev. E. E. Cavaleri. 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school, 10 a. m.

MISCELLANEOUS

CHRISTIAN AND MISSIONARY ALLIANCE 79 Capitol avenue. Rev. R. A. Belsham, pastor. Services 11 a. m. andd 3:20 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m.

GIDEON—Gideon meeting Ansley hotel, 3 p. m. Sunday. Everybody welcome.

INTERNATIONAL BIBLE STUDENTS—8½ West Alabama. 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

PETECOSTAL MISSION—Bible study at 9:45 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m., 3 and 7:30 p. m. Tuesday and Thursday at 7:30 p. m.

UNION RESCUE MISSION—Luckie street and Marietta street. Services every night during the week at 7:30 o'clock and Sunday at 11 a. m.

SALVATION ARMY—Meetings every evening except Monday. Sunday services: Company meeting at Sunday school, 9 a. m.; open air service, 10 a. m.; holiness meeting at hall, 11 a. m.; Young People's legion outdoor, 5:30 p. m.; indoor, 6 p. m.; general open air meeting, 7 p. m. Indoor salvation meeting 8 p. m.

SPIRITUALIST—First church of Atlanta, J. W. Leggett. Services 7:30 p. m.

PENTECOSTAL ASSEMBLY—Services 11 a. m., 3 p. m. and 7:30 p. m. Daily at 7:30.

FATHER, FORMER PASTOR, TO OCCUPY SON'S PULPIT

Dr. LaPrade at Inman Park Methodist—Evening Services on Presbyterian Lawn

Dr. W. H. LaPrade, of Hazlehurst, Miss., father of the Rev. R. H. LaPrade, Jr., pastor of the Inman Park Methodist church, will occupy the pulpit of this church Sunday morning at the 11 o'clock service. Dr. LaPrade served this church, then known as the Edgewood Methodist church, in 1872 and 1873.

At the evening service this church will unite with the Inman Park Presbyterian and the Church of the Epiphany (Episcopal), in services on the lawn of the Presbyterian church. This evening service will be observe the Episcopal form of worship, and the music will be furnished by the choir of the Church of the Epiphany. The Rev. J. B. Ficklen, pastor of the Presbyterian church, will preach.

EPISCOPALIANS PLAN CHURCH SERVICE CLUB

Active steps toward the organization of a church club in the diocese of Atlanta have been taken by Bishop C. K. Nelson and leading churchmen of this city.

The purpose of the club, which is planned to embrace members of all the Episcopal congregations in the city, is to promote good fellowship among the members, to bring them in closer touch with each other and through these channels to equip an organization for church service which will be a model for the south.

A campaign is now on foot to secure a large active membership.

FINDING NO MONEY, BURGLARS GET ROUGH

Supposedly angry because they didn't find more than fifty cents when they broke into the house of Mrs. S. P. Baldwin, 6 West End avenue, Friday evening, burglars slung eggs, buttermilk, syrup, flour and other stuff all around the house, according to the police, ripped up mattresses and bed linen.

GREEK CLUB CASES ARE DISMISSED BY RECORDER

After warning all locker clubs that they will have to be careful in the future in their mode of operation, Recorder Johnson Thursday dismissed cases made by the police against George Brown and W. Watson, employes of the Greek society. He stated there was not enough evidence to convict these men.

REV. HENRY PHILLIPS TO BE SEWANEE CHAPLAIN

Assumes Duties October 1, Brother to Succed Him in LaGrange Work

The Rev. Henry Phillips, formerly of Atlanta, has accepted the chaplaincy of the University of the South, at Sewanee, Tenn., and will assume his duties there October 1. He succeeds the Rev. John B. Cannon, whose death last spring cast a gloom throughout the southern Episcopal church. Mr. Phillips has made himself a splendid record in the settlement work at LaGrange, Ga., which he has conducted for the past several years.

The Rev. Robert Theodore Phillips, brother of the Rev. Henry Phillips, has been appointed by Bishop C. K. Nelson, to succeed his brother in the LaGrange work.

IMPROVEMENT PLANNED FOR MADDOX PARK

Landscape Architect Has Been Engaged to Make Survey of the Property

Robert B. Cridland, the landscape architect in charge of the Southeastern fair development, will make a survey of Maddox Park in the Fifth ward, and plot a map for the general development of that property.

Mr. Cridland has been engaged by Robert F. Maddox, former mayor, after whom the park was named, and Mr. Maddox will bear the expense of the survey and the plans will be delivered to the park department, which intends to gradually develop the park.

The development of the city's parks is continuing rapidly. A large force of workmen are engaged at Moseley park, clearing away the underbrush, and preparing for the building of a golf course, when sufficient funds are appropriated for the purpose.

DIRECTORS PLAN OPENING OF FAIR IN OCTOBER

Officials of Association Are Rushing Work on Buildings to Be Used

Directors of the Southeastern Fair association will meet soon to make tentative plans for the opening of the fair in October.

The building committee of the fair association is meeting almost daily rushing the work of completing enough of the fair buildings to hold the first exposition this year.

Additional contracts for building to the amount of $11,000 were let Friday.

President Mell R. Wilkinson, of the association, is out of the city, but will return within a few days to assist in pushing the work.

METHODIST STEWARDS TO STRENGTHEN ORDER

Enthusiastic Meeting Was Held Tuesday Evening at Druid Hills Church

Plans for making the organization of stewards of Atlanta Methodist churches one of the strongest of its kind in the country were discussed following an enthusiastic meeting of members of the organization last Tuesday evening at the Druid Hills Methodist church. Efforts to encourage all the members—some 800—to attend the next, and subsequent meetings, are being made.

Following a delicious supper Tuesday evening, the members listened to interesting talks from R. A. Broyles, Atlanta grocer, and W. S. Witham, capitalist.

The next meeting will take place early in the fall.

WANTS CITY TO SELL TEXT BOOKS AT COST

Councilman Johnson, of the Fifth Ward, Will Introduce Resolution in Council

Councilman W. H. Johnson, of the Fifth ward, states that he is working on an ordinance to provide that after the present year the city shall buy the books used in the public schools and furnish them to the children at actual cost.

Mr. Johnson hasn't decided on all the details of the proposed ordinance yet, and he may pattern it after the Columbus, Ga., system. In Columbus he says the school books are purchased by the city and rented to the school children. The system gives them the full benefit of the books during the scholastic year and materially reduces the cost to the parents.

The Columbus plan has the endorsement already of a number of members of council.

JOE SCHMIDT AGAIN RUINS GOOD RESOLUTION

"In-again-out-again" Schmidt, who was released by Recorder Johnson Friday on his promise to leave town, was arrested again Friday night in a drunken condition in a Decatur street saloon.

Schmidt, whose first name is Joe, has been in the city stockade probably more than any other man in Atlanta, and has been saved by the recorder from going to the stockade probably an equal number of times. Judge Johnson and Judge Broyles before him, have worked a sort of alternating justice on Joe—they send him up one time and turn him loose the next time, each time feeling sure there will be a next time. Joe is seldom very disorderly.

Schmidt is heart-broken over his last fall from grace, because he had promised Judge Johnson to leave town.

SUNDAY MUSIC

TRINITY METHODIST.
MORNING.

Organ Prelude—Guilmant.
Voluntary, "The Lord Is My Light"—Rogers.
Offertory, Organ—Improvisation.
Anthem, "O Savior of the World"—Goss.
Postlude.
Charles A. Sheldon, Jr., Director and Organist.

ST. PHILIP'S CATHEDRAL
11 A. M.

Processional hymn, "Go Forward Christian Soldier."
Te Deum—Bruce Steane.
Hymn, "The Son of God Goes Forth to War."
Hymn, "Come, Holy Spirit Heavenly Dove."
Offertory anthem, "Glory to God"—Tours.
Recessional hymn, "Love Divine All Love Excelling."
Sidney Cooper, A. R. C. O., organist and choirmaster.

FIRST BAPTIST.
MORNING.

Prelude.
"Hear Our Prayer"—Abbott.
"Jesus, Lover of My Soul"—Miss Crenshaw and Miss Holloway, Campana.
Postlude.

EVENING.

Prelude.
"Abide With Me"—Stearnes.
"The Lord Is My Light"—Miss Holloway and Mr. Bonavitz, Buck.
Postlude.
J. P. O'Donnelly organist and director.

UNITARIAN

Voluntary, "Moments Musical" No. 6—Schubert.
Doxology No. 3.
Anthem, "The Soft Sabbath Calm"—Shelley.
Chant, "The Lord's Prayer"—Gounod.
Hymn No. 416—Franz Joseph Haydn.
Anthem, "Incline Thine Ear"—Himmel.
Offertory, "Erotik"—Grieg.
Solo, "O Refuge of My Soul"—Bartlett—Mr. Hoffman.
Postlude, "Melodie"—Adele Aus der Ohe.

FIRST METHODIST.
MORNING.

Organ, Berceuse in B-flat—Grey.
Anthem, "Great Is the Lord"—Packard.
Offertory, "Come Thou Fount of Every Blessing"—Excell.
Postlude—Armstrong.
Evening service held on church lawn at 8 o'clock.
Organ, vespers—Sudds.
Offertory, "In the Secret of His Presence"—Nelson.
Postlude—Whiting.
Miss Mamie Lee Bearden, organist and director.

ST. PAUL METHODIST
MORNING.

Organ prelude, "At Evening"—Dudley Buck.
Anthem, "Saviour, When Night Involves the Skies"—Shelley.
Offertory, "I Come to Thee'—Roma—Miss Ruth Gray.
Communion service, organ, "Berceuse"—Godard.
Postlude, "Song of Triumph"—Turner.

EVENING.

Organ prelude, largo from "Xerxes"—Handel.
Anthem, "Great Is the Lord"—Heyser.
Organ offertory, "St. Cecelia"—Batiste.
Postlude, "Jubilate Deo"—Silver.
J. T. McDonald, director; Miss Annie Mae Taurman, organist.

COLUMBUS TOURISTS ON BIG BOOSTER RUN

Thirty-four Autos in Run to Savannah and Back to Columbus

COLUMBUS, Ga., July 24.—One hundred and twenty prominent Columbus people who left the city Friday in 34 touring cars, representing local parties entering the Columbus-to-Savannah automobile run which is promoted in the interest of the Dixie Overland highway. These were joined by others at various cities en route. The party was headed by F. G. Lumpkin, president of the Dixie Overland association, and is accompanied by Mrs. Lumpkin, County Commissioner F. U. Garrard and Miss Eva Gardiner.

The cars formed in line in front of the chamber of commerce building. The tourists spent the first night at Statesboro, where a special entertainment was given for the travelers, and early Saturday morning the autoists resumed their trip to Savannah.

The return trip will be started Monday morning and the first stop will be at Dublin, where a big entertainment will be given complimentary to the visitors, and the party plans to spend Monday night at Hawkinsville. The party is scheduled to reach Columbus on the return trip Tuesday afternoon.

Muscogee's leading good roads advocates are members of the party and it is expected that the better roadways movement will be given great impetus as a result of the tour, and that the proposed ocean-to-ocean highway will be given a great boost also.

HAS BATTLE WITH MEN WHO ATTACKED STORE

A. E. Freeman Fires at Men Who Shot at His Place of Business

Because, said A. E. Freeman, 62 Lake avenue, he had written to one or two men "not to come into my store so much because it hurts my trade," they got mad, and, with some other men whom Freeman had sued, threw rocks and fired shots at his store Friday.

Freeman, who was in the house of Mrs. Sallie Bush, 69 Lake avenue, at the time, acting as caretaker there while Mrs. Bush was at the Grady hospital, heard the shots and rocks and fired at the men. He then ran across the street to protect the store, and one of the men hit him on the foot with a rock. The men then went away. The shots hit nothing.

Later Friday, said Freeman, he received threats from some of the men who attacked his store to the effect that they were going to burn him, burn his store or tear down the store. Freeman says some of them are mad because he's staying at Mrs. Bush's house, because, he says, the house is more comfortable than the back of the store, Freeman's former place of abode. He says the men tell him to move back to the uncomfortable back of the store or take the consequences.

FARM FOR DRUNKARDS AND "DOPERS" PLANNED

Committee Named to Urge Legislature to Establish Home in Fulton

J. J. Spalding, Lowry Arnold, Judge Charles W. Smith and several other Atlantians have been named on a committee to urge the legislature to establish in Fulton county a farm for habitual drunkards and drug fiends.

The naming of the committee followed a meeting in the office of County Probation Officer E. A. Scoggins, which was addressed by Dr. Spratling, former head of the Kansas state hospital for inebriates. Dr. Spratling spoke enthusiastically of the success of the Kansas institution.

MR. RAWSON'S FUNERAL SUNDAY MORNING

The body of Mr. Louis L. Rawson, of New York, formerly of Atlanta, who died suddenly Thursday, will arrive in Atlanta Sunday morning and will be taken direct to Oakland cemetery. Funeral services will be held at the grave Sunday morning at 9:30 o'clock.

BIBLE LESSON FOR EPISCOPAL SUN. SCHOOLS

Eighth Sunday after Trinity.

SUBJECT—The Ark of God Captured by the Philistines (1 Sam. iv:1 (b) vii: 2); or Ritual and Righteousness.

BY DR. C. B. WILMER.

THIS is the story of how God used the Philistines as the instrument by which to teach His people that ritual without righteousness was not pleasing to Him.

I. ARK CARRIED INTO BATTLE.

The children of Israel had lost one battle with the Philistines, leaving 4,000 men dead on the field (I Sam. iv, 1 (b), 2). Being a religious people, they sought out the religious reason. But they believed more in the ritual of religion than its ethics, and they imagined that if they only brought the ark of the covenant from the central place of worship at Shiloh and carried that into battle with them, Jehovah would cause them to win.

II. EFFECT ON THE PHILISTINES

The Philistines took about the same superstitious view of the value of the ark as an ensign that the Israelites did. They had come to have great respect for Jehovah's power. Nevertheless, they determined to put up a stiff fight. "Be strong and quit yourselves like men, O ye Philistines," they cried, "that ye be not servants to the Hebrews as they have been to you." (vss. 6, 7, 8 and 9.)

III. THE BATTLE LOST AND THE ARK CAPTURED.

The result was a surprise to both sides, but bitter disappointment and humiliation to the Israelites. They lost 30,000 men, against only 4,000 when they did not have the ark along; the rest fled, every man to his tent; Hophni and Phinehas, the two priests, guardians of the sacred ark, were slain, and the ark itself was captured (vss. 10 and 11). When the sad news was brought to the aged Eli, "he fell off the seat backward by the side of the gate and his neck brake, and he died." (vss. 12 to 19). (Read vss. 19 to 22 for death of Phinehas' wife and chapters 5 to chapter 7, vs 2, for subsequent history of the Ark.)

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Distinguish between Noah's ark (Gen. vi, 14) and the ark of the covenant) (Deut. xxxi, 26; Num. x, 33). The latter had inside the Decalogue, the moral law.

Shiloh was the place where "the tabernacle of the congregation"—the tent of meeting for the people—was first set up after the beginning of the conquest of Palestine (Josh. xviii, 1). It was to the people, in a small way, what long afterward the city of Jerusalem became—the sacred place and center of worship.

The destruction of Shiloh, which followed, evidently made an indelible impression upon Israel. At least they never forgot the fact, and many centuries afterward the prophet Jeremiah used it as a warning against making of religion a perfunctory performance apart from the moral law and the duty of being just and humane to one's fellow-man. Read Jeremiah vii, especially vss. 3-14 with xxvi, 6, and Psalm lxxviii, 60, and compare the teachings of Amos (vs. 21-27) and Isaiah (i, 11-20).

TEACHING POINTS.

Incidental teaching points are (1), that Phinehas' wife is an example to all that devotion to loved ones need not make us blind to the glory of God; (2), the world, like the Philistines, has its standard of manhood, and "Quit ye like men" should be a challenge to Christians (compare St. Paul, "Quit ye like men") (Eph. v, 10-18); (3), the flag of a country should represent its principles.

But the main point of this story is the moral element in true religion and the judgment that inevitably follows its neglect. Church and Sunday and creed, apart from goodness, will not avail.

PRAYER BOOK AND CATECHISM CONNECTION.

Our church seeks to combine sacramental and evangelical truths, as St. Paul did when he wrote (Gal. iii, 26-27), "You are the children of God by faith in Jesus Christ, because you have been baptized into Christ." Note the passages in the catechism and in the baptismal, confirmation and communion services, which guard against magic or the misuse of the sacraments. In baptism we are made "member of Christ, etc.;" in confirmation there is the gift of the indwelling Spirit, and in communion participation in the spiritual body and blood of our Lord; but there is no room left us to think that because we have been baptized and confirmed and regularly reecelved at the holy communion we are necessarily to be saved when the final test comes. There is a reality in the sacraments as there is a reality in food, but in both cases it must be turned, by exercise, into the power of life.

It is noteworthy, too, that while there are Christians who disparage the holy communion and exalt preaching, and there are other Christians who exalt the communion and disparage preaching; the communion service itself inserts the sermon into the communion service and prays that "they may hear and receive God's holy word; truly serving Him in holiness and righteousness;" and we are joined unto our Lord in His true sacrifice in the words, "and we offer and present unto Thee, O Lord, ourselves, our souls and bodies, to be a reasonable, holy and living sacrifice unto Thee."

The gospel for the Eighth Sunday after Trinity stresses real as opposed to formal or lip religion, and the epistle brings out the only power by which the truly religious life may be lived—the power of the Spirit.

SUGGESTIONS TO TEACHERS OF YOUNGER CLASSES.

For approach to lesson: An army has a flag. Once Constantine the Great, heading an army, thought he saw in the sky the figure of a cross, and said, "In this sign conquer." A processional choir today has a cross at the head. What the cross is to us and the crescent to the Mahommedans the ark was to the Hebrews.

Then, after the story: It is not enough for the church, the Christian army that we belong to, to have the cross as a flag; we must be true to the principles of the cross, and sacrifice our lower selves to doing God's will and being helpful to others.

Errors Lose First Game of Series to Chicks; Kelly and McDonald Err

Weird Throws Cause Locals To Lose Game

Kelly and McDonald Make Bad Throws to Kauffman on Infield Rollers that Allow Chicks to Get Lead—McDonald Hits Homer.

MEMPHIS, July 24.—Kelly vs. Merritt, southpaw vs. southpaw, was the order of the battling in the first clash of a series between the Crackers and Chicks here Friday afternoon. The Chicks won, but it can hardly be said that Merritt registered a triumph over Kelly. At any rate, the result of the game, a 4 to 2 victory for the Chicks was not a fair indicator of the hurling prowess exhibited by the two young portside flingers.

Errors spelled Kelly's defeat. But Kelly has no one to blame except himself. Both he and Eddie McDonald were guilty of errors, but Kelly's miscue let in two of the runs registered by the Chicks, while one counted on McDonald's bobble. But later in the fray McDonald atoned for his bad conduct in the field with a smash into the left field bleachers, which scored Bisland ahead of him with the only runs counted by the visitors.

Both of the errors made by the Crackers were bad throws. On the very first man up, McDonald made a nice stab of a grounder toward third, but called Kaufman off the bag with his heave to first. Cruthers also grounded to McDonald, and when nobody covered third after Eddie negged to first, Allison hurried all the way to the far corner. He counted on an infield out.

In the next round Schlei drove a single to left. Elbel waited Kelly out for a base on balls. Baldwin attempted to shove the pair along with a sacrifice bunt, but Kelly threw the ball far past Kaufman, and by the time it had been rounded up both Schlei and Elbel had counted, and Baldwin was on third. Mitchell's single counted Baldwin, this being the one time during the game that the Chicks got to Kelly for a hit, when such meant a run.

The Crackers got men on in several innings, but were unable to push any runs over until the seventh. In that inning, Rumler was safe, when Mitchell fumbled his grounder. Bisland forced Rumler on his tap to Baldwin at third, but Cruthers threw the ball away in trying to complete a double play and Bisland took second. McDonald drove a homer into the left field bleachers, after Kelly had fanned. Except for the one inning Merritt held the Crackers safe.

Scott Perry is scheduled to pitch the second game for the Crackers today. He will doubtless draw Bill Robertson as his opponent. The Chicks have a wholesome respect for Perry, as he beat them in a four-hit game in Atlanta recently. However, they expect to give him a warmer reception here than they did on Perry's native heath. Robertson has yet to win a game from the Crackers this season, having dropped all of his three starts.

Standish Plays Evans for Title

Detroit Player Defeated Bingham, While Evans Beat Sawyer in Semi-Final Matches

CLEVELAND, July 24.—Charles "Chick" Evans, of Chicago, meets Jimmy Standish, Jr., of Detroit, in the final match for the title of Western Amateur Golf Champion, on the links of the Mayfield club in this city. It is a rather peculiar coincidence that the same pair met in the final round for the title at Grand Rapids last year, when Evans proved the winner. He is favorite in the match today.

History repeated itself Friday when "Chick" Evans defeated Ned Sawyer two and one in the semi-finals of the Western Amateur Golf Championship. It was the same score by which Evans won from Sawyer in the semi-finals last year. Both are Chicago players.

The biggest gallery that ever saw a golf match in Cleveland followed Evans and Sawyer in their spectacular match. In but two stretches of the game, from the first hole in the morning to the second one, and at the very last did Evans have a lead. At all other times the score favored Sawyer or was even.

Sawyer was leading four up at the tenth hole in the morning round. Evans cut it down to even on the 17th but Sawyer took the 18th and at the lunch hour was one ahead. He had a good lead in the afternoon but weakened near the finish.

Those who have followed "Chick's" previous events say he never played better. It was a hard match to lose, as Sawyer has been making a hard fight for title year after year and he never played a better game than he did in that match.

The Box Score

MEMPHIS.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Allison, cf	4	1	1	2	0	0
Cruthers, 2b	3	0	0	2	2	0
Stewart, rf	4	0	1	3	1	0
Lord, lf	3	0	1	2	0	0
Schlei, c	3	1	2	3	1	0
Elbel, 1b	3	0	1	14	0	0
Baldwin, 3b	3	1	1	3	6	0
Mitchell, ss	3	0	1	0	1	2
Merritt, p	3	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	29	4	9	27	16	3

ATLANTA.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
McDonald, 3b	4	1	1	0	2	1
Williams, 2b	4	0	1	3	4	0
Leo, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Moran, cf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Manning, rf	4	0	1	0	1	1
Kauffman, 1b	4	0	0	11	0	0
Rumler, c	4	0	1	3	1	0
Bisland, ss	4	1	0	2	3	0
Kelly, p	3	0	1	0	1	1
Totals	35	2	5	24	12	3

Score by innings: R.
Memphis ..... 130 000 00x—4
Atlanta ..... 000 000 200—2

Summary: Two-base hit, Manning; home run, McDonald; sacrifice hit, Cruthers; stolen base, Lee; double plays, Baldwin to Cruthers to Elbel, Stewart to Baldwin, Williams to Kauffman, Williams to Bisland to Kauffman; bases on balls, off Kelley 3; struck out, by Merritt 3, by Kelly 2. Time 1:30. Umpires, Rudderham and Chestnutt.

HOW THEY CALL HIM "MATTY THE SECOND"

The Sportlight

BY GRANTLAND RICE

RUBAIYAT OF THE N. L. FLAG RACE.

Sometimes I think the bally Phils will win;
Until the Dodgers start another spin;
But two days later both the Giants and Braves.
Are most deserving of the piker's tin.

Day after day we've lamped them fall and rise,
In hectic grapple for the autumn prize;
But, lowly Bug, your hunch is just as good
As John McGraw's—or any other guy's.

The eminent expert who can pick the winner of this N. L. hurly-burly can also foretell the exact date upon which the war will end, who will emerge victor, and what Bryan's next move will be.

Sir—Which is the greatest outfield—Cobb, Crawford and Veach of the Tigers—or Sheckard, Jones and Keeler of the old Dodgers?
CRESCENT (BROOKLYN).

Cobb, Crawford and Veach would make a greater offensive combination, although Jones, Keeler and Sheckard all batted over .300 in 1900. But the Dodger trio were better on defense—and for all-round value, at their best, would be awarded the shade.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST BALL CLUB.
(In Nine Cantos.)
No. 1—Catchers.

Frank Snyder—St. Louis Nationals.
Ray Schalk—Chicago Americans.

When Johnny Kling dropped out as a catching star, Jimmy Archer, of the same club, took his place as the leading backstopper of the period. Archer is still a great catcher, and last season was coupled with Wally Schang for the best backstopping pair in America.

But 1915 has changed the situation. Today the two greatest catchers in the game are Frank Snyder, of the Cardinals, and Ray Schalk, of the White Sox. Each is the respective leader in his league. Snyder, batting well over .300, is the best hitter of the two, and a shade better at begging to second. Schalk is a trifle faster and a trifle shiftier upon his agile props. Both fulfil every requirement of catching greatness, and no one season has ever produced two catchers who were greater in all-round elastic worth.

There isn't the semblance of an argument in this pick. It stands upon the opinion of those who have watched them all—plus the printed records of the year.

(To be continued.)

THE FAN'S CHANT.

Over the hill to the Bug House, I'm wending my way with fatigue;
For I've been trying to pick the club that'll win in this Nationalleague.

IN MINOR PROPORTION.

Breezy gales and shifting winds may have had something to do with the defeat of eastern lawn tennis players in California, but we have a faint, wobbly hunch that the stuff delivered by Messrs. McLoughlin, Johnston, Murray, Strachan and Bundy also had a slight bearing on the case.

THE TEST.

If Prexy Wilson merely says Tut-Tut,
When in the act of flivvering a putt,
Believe me, with a disposih like that,
We'll never drop to war's horrendous rut.

CAN THE BRAVES MAKE IT?

It is just as well to remember that even in late August last season few thought the Braves would ever maintain their pace and land. They looked to be the worst club in the world up to late June—and the best after late July. War stocks in their wildest flashes had nothing on the Braves.

Last season the Braves won a pennant with a batting average of .251 and a fielding average of .963—plus the best pitching of the year for the last three months.

This season they have been batting around .235—16 points below their normal—with a corresponding slump in fielding—and a more than corresponding slump in pitching.

But the material is still there. He has a club that is almost sure to bat above .250 for the year, with Smith, Schmidt, Connolly, Evers and others wielding the mace. His entire club is due for a rapid adjustment of the batting eye. It is coming as sure as the unfettered fate. His pitchers have started to show another shift toward improvement—and a fairly healthy block of destructive conceit has been hammered from their systems.

Two Atlantians In Semi-Finals

R. P. Jones and R. T. Jones, Jr., Play in Semi-Finals of Birmingham Golf Tourney Today

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 24.—Two Atlanta players are left in the semi-finals of the first flight of the second annual invitation tournament at the Roebuck Springs Golf and Auto club this morning. They are father and son, and it is possible they will face each other in the finals this afternoon. Robert Jones, Sr., meets William Badham, of Birmingham, and Robert Jones, Jr., meets Scott Probasco, of Chattanooga. The only other Atlanta man left in the semi-finals is George Adair, who meets Dick Gibson, Jr., in the second flight.

"Little Bob" Jones eliminated Perry Adair in the afternoon round Friday, but only after the hardest kind of a battle, the final score being 2 up and 1 to play. In the first round of match play in the morning he easily defeated David Roberts, Jr., of Birmingham, 4 up and 3 to play.

R. P. Jones, the youngster's father, accomplished an equally difficult feat in the afternoon round as his son did, by putting out Robert G. Bush, of New Orleans, whom the galleries were picking to win the tournament. Mr. Jones won the match 3 up and 2 to play.

Feds Planning Further Raids

CHICAGO, July 24.—Federal league magnates met here Friday and discussed plans for another raid on organized baseball.

According to President James Gilmore, it was decided to wait for a week ortwo, in the hope that Judge Landis' decision in the baseball suit would be handed down. Gilmore said the Federals had many days of organized baseball in view and expected to get them when they bid for them.

Persons who claimed to know those on whom the Federal magnates have decided to strike mentioned Vic Saier, Ty Cobb, Eddie Collins, "Home Run" Baker and Grover Alexander.

Those who attended the meeting were Ed Cayvner and C. B. Comstock, Pittsburgh; Phil Ball and Otto Stifel, St. Louis; W. E. Robertson, Buffalo; D. J. Haff, Kansas City; P. T. Powers and Harry Sinclair, Newark; George S. Ward, Brooklyn; Charles Weeghman, Chicago; Henry Goodman, Baltimore.

Dawson Gets Two

DAWSON, Ga., July 24.—Dawson won the second game from Hawkinsville 8 to 2. In the first inning after one run was scored and two men on bases for Thrasher hit for a home run. Davis was effective with men on bases.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Dawson ..... 401 100 11x—8 8 2
Hawkinsville ..... 002 000 000—2 6 4

Davis and Harper; Gheesling, Weaver and Reynolds.

Jerry Travers says that when he is tired toward the end of a hard golf match he hits the longest and straightest tee shots of the tourney. Hereafter we're going to sit in the nineteenth until five of the fellows who make us tired finish talking and then go out for a round.

Looks odd to see Chief Meyers, Giant catcher, 'way below the .300 class. His official mark is .246.

Collins Boosts Batting Mark

White Sox Star Now Second to Cobb—Ed Manning Replaces Lord as Leader in Southern

CHICAGO, July 24.—Eddie Collins, Chicago, has climbed into second place among the American league batters, but Ty Cobb retains a wide lead, according to averages published here today, including records of Wednesday's games. The league's leading batters, including only those who have played in half the total games, or more, are: Cobb, .408; Collins, .338; Veach, Detroit, .333; Jackson, Cleveland, .332, and Crawford, Detroit, .330. Detroit leads in club batting with .272, and Chicago is second with .265. Cobb still reigns as leading base stealer with 60, and as run-getter with 93. The leading pitchers who have worked in 20 or more games are: Wood, Boston, with an average of .818; Foster, Boston, 733, and Faber, Chicago, 727.

Jake Daubert, the Brooklyn slugger, continues to lead the National league batters, with a percentage of .337. Larry Doyle, of New York, is next with .325. Then come Merkle, New York, .323; Groh, Cincinnati, .319, and Luderus, Philadelphia, .317. Chicago leads in club batting with .256, and New York is second with .255.

Filbert Pierce, Chicago, is the leading pitcher, with a record of 9 wins and 1 defeat. Alexander, Philadelphia, ranks second with 18 won and 4 lost, and Mamaux, Pittsburg, third, with 13 won and 4 lost.

Magee, Brooklyn, leads the Federal league batters with .352. Then come Kauff, of Brooklyn, .341, and Fischer, Chicago, .332. Brooklyn with .274 leads in club batting.

The ten leading batters in the Southern association, including games of July 20, are: Manning, Atlanta, .321; Lord, Memphis, .319; Cruthers, Memphis, .311; Lee, Atlanta, .310; Hendryx, New Orleans, .310; Miller, Mobile, .308; Elwert, Little Rock, .306; Paulette, Nashville, .302; Reilly, New Orleans, .299; Allison, Memphis, .298.

Stacks, Nashville, leads the run getters with 63, and also holds the record for stolen bases, with 28. Paulette, Nashville, leads in total bases, with 150, while McDermott, Memphis, leads the circuit hitters with six home runs.

New Orleans leads the league in club batting with .267, with Mobile second, with .253.

The leading pitchers are: Cunningham, Chattanooga, 7 wins and 6 lost; A. Johnson, Birmingham, 12 and 7; H. Merritt, Memphis, 13 and 8; R. Robertson, 13 and 8.

Columbus and Macon Tie Again

MACON, Ga., July 24.—Darkness ended a freakish game here yesterday between Macon and Columbus with score 8 to 8. Batting ranged from brilliant to ridiculous, three beautiful catches being made and several pop flies being dropped. The score was tied up several times by the Foxmen, who finally took the lead, only to be tied up by Macon in the ninth, when Voss filled the bases with none out.

Wildness got Voss in trouble several times. Both sides hit at opportune moments, the locals especially.

Fox hit a home run over the right field fence with one on in the seventh. Herndon got a clean hit each of the first four times at bat. Score:

COLUMBUS.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Herndon, 3b	5	2	2	4	0	1
Potts, 2b	5	2	2	0	1	0
McDuff, ss	4	2	3	4	2	0
Bowden, rf	2	1	2	3	0	0
Folmar, cf	5	0	1	0	0	0
Thompson, lf	5	1	2	0	0	0
Krebs, 1b	5	0	2	7	2	0
Fox, 1b	5	1	1	14	0	1
Voss, p	4	1	1	0	2	1
Redding, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	40	8	15x26	13	5	

MACON.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Neild, ss	5	2	1	2	2	0
Mathews, cf	4	1	0	3	0	1
Munn, 3b	5	1	2	1	0	0
Chancey, lf	3	2	2	0	0	1
Basham, c	5	1	2	7	0	0
Moore, 2b	2	1	0	2	3	1
May, rf	5	0	0	1	0	0
Lokey, 2b	4	0	1	2	3	0
Foster, p	3	0	0	1	3	0
Martin, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	37	8	8	27	11	3

xMathews out bunting last strike foul.

Score by innings: R.
Columbus ..... 002 021 300—8
Macon ..... 112 020 101—8

Summary: Sacrifice hits, McDuff, Bowden, Mathews; two-base hits, Krebs, Thompson, Chancey; home run, Fox; stolen bases, Moore, May; double plays, Lokey to Neild to Munn; base on balls, off Foster 1, Voss 5, Martin 1; left on bases, Columbus 9, Macon 8; struck out, by Foster 5, Voss 3, Martin 1; first base on ball, Krebs; wild pitch, Voss; innings pitched, by Foster 7, 14 hits, 8 runs, by Voss 8 1-3 with 8 hits and 7 runs. Time 2:15. Umpires, Witter and Ryan.

Cedartown Defeated

ROCKMART, Ga., July 24.—Rockmart defeated the Cedartown nine on the home score of 10 to 7. The feature of the game was Carter's work with the bat for the home team, four times at bat he secured four hits, one triple and two doubles. Parris and McMar starred for Cedartown.

Batteries, Cedartown, Brooks and Brooks; Rockmart, Barnes and Carter.

Roswell Loses

CARROLLTON, Ga., July 24.—Carrollton defeated Roswell by a score of 11 to 6. Murphy was wild, passing nine men.

Batteries Carrollton, Rabun and Hutchens; Roswell, Murphy, Jenkins and T. Rucker.

CLUB STANDING

SOUTHERN. Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.
New O.	56	39	.589
Memphis	54	41	.568
B'ham	51	42	.548
Nashville	51	45	.531
Atlanta	45	47	.489
Mobile	45	48	.484
Chatt.	38	55	.409
L. Rock	33	58	.363

NATIONAL. Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.
Phila.	45	36	.556
Brooklyn	43	39	.524
Chicago	43	41	.512
Pittsburg	42	41	.506
St. Louis	43	45	.489
Boston	41	44	.482
N. York	38	45	.458
Cincin.	35	45	.437

AMERICAN. Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	55	29	.655
Chicago	50	38	.624
Detroit	53	32	.62s
Wash'n	42	45	.474
N. York	42	44	.488
St. Louis	33	52	.388
Cleveland	30	52	.366
Phila.	30	54	.357

FEDERAL. Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	50	37	.575
Kan. City	48	36	.571
Pittsburg	45	38	.542
St. Louis	46	39	.541
Newark	42	43	.494
Brooklyn	42	48	.467
Buffalo	40	51	.440
Balt'ore	31	54	.365

TRAILING THE NEWS BY INNIS BROWN

According to a bit of dope passed out by Upire Jack O'Toole after the finish of the game between the Crackers and Vols here Thursday afternoon, arbiters in the Southern league are expecting orders today aimed toward the shortening of time required to play games in the league. Jack tipped off the information that Secretary M. T. Stradford was expected to issue instructions to the rulers of play that pitchers be restrained from stepping out of the box between pitches, as they very frequently do, especially if there is a runner on second, presumably to keep the runner from getting the catchers' signals on what the flinger is to pitch.

This scheme is said to have been tried out in New Orleans in a game a few days since, and found to have cut off several minutes from the average time required to play a regular nine-inning game. The plan, of course, does not mean that a pitcher cannot leave the box between pitches. But it does mean that the fraction of a minute killed between pitches in sauntering over something like half the way from the box to first base to keep the base runner from getting the catcher's signals will be saved.

Mr. Stradford is on the right track, if he is trying to boost attendance at games. Entirely too much time is required to play the average game, and the pitchers are responsible for the delay almost entirely. Of course, a catcher may loaf a bit in getting his paraphernalia on and getting to his place between innings, but this change is made only some other eight or nine times apiece for the catcher, while the pitcher kills almost as much time between pitches right along through the game.

Two very notable cases may be cited from the recent home stay of the Crackers. These were the games pitched by Raleigh Aitchison for the Lookouts, and the one worked by Floyd Kroh for the Vols Thursday. Exactly two hours were required to play seven innings of baseball, and that, too, in a game which ended 3 to 2. The proposition was absurd. Had the game been a free hitting contest in which each team smashed fifteen or eighteen hits and counted ten or a dozen runs, it would have been different.

And in nine cases out of ten the trouble is with the pitcher. The spitballers are the worst offenders. These flingers who depend largely on their saliva shoots to fool the batters consume more time in moistening their fingers and the ball than they do in winding up and making the pitch. Furthermore, they take equally as much time in faking a spitter, when they don't use it. Spectators at baseball games would be very much in favor of putting a ban on the spitter for this simple reason.

The Cracker staff does not include any of those boys who take an exceptionally long time between pitches, though Carl Thompson does take his own sweet time in getting back to his position. The fact that he ambles leisurely back after receiving the ball from the catcher is largely responsible for the opinion among many fans that his hat band is working under a heavy strain at all times. But at that Carl cannot be called a slow pitcher.

There are enough of these birds in this league, however. Old Jim Gudger, John Dobbs and beaten flinger, is one of the most notable, and Floyd Kroh mentioned above is another. Any time this pair hooks up in a game the assemblage may as well settle down for better than a two hours' siege, unless fortunately one or the other is knocked out of the box.

There is no criticism against baseball just now that carries more force than if an audience at baseball was called on to spend as much time in unnecessary waiting as a crowd at many baseball games. The theater would very shortly be converted into a grocery store, apartment house or storage room because the patrons would not stand for it.

Of course the argument advanced by those hurlers who choose to kill so much time is that they are benefited by the rest and also that the opposing batter is unstrung by delay. Well, if a pitcher can't stand the gaff of going along pitching at a normal gait he had better be acquiring the fundamentals of brick-laying, bookkeeping or counter jumping. Furthermore, if he is adopting such a ruse to worry the batter he is trying to take an unfair advantage and the practice should be stopped.

And with the present rules and regulations umpires in this league are powerless to do anything. If put to a test, a pitcher is allowed twenty seconds between pitches. This means that if the umpire should attempt to force a pitcher to carry the game along and cut out his delaying tactics, the hurler could take his own good time, and make no more than three pitches a minute. At that rate some of the flingers in the league work into a three-two battle, allowing for a few fouls here and there, they would consume about three minutes to the inning. The batter while would make something like fifteen or eighteen minutes to an inning, and about two and one-half hours or more to a game. Good night.

Secretary Stradford may have balled things up a bit a short time ago, in the matter of the club standings in the league. But in his new move he is on the right road, and deserves the support of every manager in the league, as well as the fans of all club owners, and Farmer Hurry 'em up. Two-thirds of the delay is useless.

Danielsville Wins Again

DANIELSVILLE, Ga., July 24.—Danielsville added another link to her chain of victories by defeating Elberton two straights on the latter's grounds, the scores being 3 to 1 and 4 to 3, thereby maintaining her record of not having lost a game this season.

Batteries, for Danielsville first game, Porterfield and Gordon; second game, Mathews and Gordon. For Elberton, first game, Jones, tSevens and Buden; second game, White and Burden.

Danielsville challenges any team in northeast Georgia for games. Write the manager.

Volunteers Slug Perryman Hard

In Game Whose Proceeds Went to Woman's Suffrage—Lookouts Edge Pels, Travelers Blank Gulls

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 24.—Perryman was hit hard in every inning, and Nashville took the opening game of the series with Birmingham by a score of 6 to 3. A part of the proceeds from the game went to the local Woman's Suffrage league, and prizes were offered the players. Dodge singled safely on each of his four appearances at the plate.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Birmingham ..... 000 011 100—3 11 2
Nashville ..... 031 001 10x—6 12 0

Batteries: Perryman and Hale; Berger and Street.

Lookouts, 8; Pelicans, 7

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 24.—Chattanooga won a long-drawn-out slugging match from New Orleans yesterday, Daley's double, a sacrifice and Elberfeld's infield hit scoring the winning run in the eighth. Five pitchers were used, of whom Cunningham only was effective. George forced in three runs with bases on balls. Thomas and Harris hit home runs with two on bases.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
New Orleans ....104 002 000— 7 9 1
Chattanooga ....032 200 01x— 8 14 1

Batteries: Gudger, George, Hagby and Higgins; Clark, Cunningham and Kitchens.

Travelers, 7; Gulls, 0

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 24.—Little Rock pounded Holmquist hard yesterday and defeated Mobile, 7 to 0. Couchman held the visitors to four scattered hits.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Mobile ..... 000 000 000— 0 4 0
Little Rock ..... 400 200 01x— 7 9 0

Batteries: Holmquist and Schmidt; Couchman and Gibson.

RESULTS

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Score:	R.	H.	E.
New York ..... 000 000 011—2	5	0	
Chicago ..... 011 000 00x—2	5	0	

Warhop, Donovan and Sweeney; Cicotte and Mayer.

At Detroit—Score:	R.	H.	E.
Washington ..... 000 001 000—1	3	2	
Detroit ..... 000 020 00x—2	7	1	

Gallia, Ayres and Henry; Covleskie and Stanage.

At Cleveland—Score:	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia ..... 010 002 000—3	7	3	
Cleveland ..... 204 103 10x—11	12	3	

Mitchell and O'Neill; Bressler, Pepper and Lapp, McAvoyl.

At St. Louis—Score:	R.	H.	E.
Boston ..... 102 011 210—8	9	1	
St. Louis ..... 002 010 000—3	8	1	

Leonard, Gregg, Collins and Carrigan; Lowdermilk, Leverenz and Roel, Severod, Agnew.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—First game:	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg ..... 003 050 000—8	10	2	
New York ..... 100 000 000—1	9	3	

Adams and Schang; Matthewson, Ritter and Dooin.

At New York—Second game.	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg ..... 200 000 002—4	8	1	
New York ..... 020 001 000—3	9	1	

Mamaux, Cooper and Gibson, Schang; Tesreau and Meyers.

At Boston—Score:	R.	H.	E.
Chicago ..... 000 000 100 00—1	6	0	
Boston ..... 000 001 000 01—2	9	0	

Vaughn, Humphries and Bresnahan; Tyler and Whaling.

At Brooklyn—Score:	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis ..... 100 180 110—7	9	3	
Brooklyn ..... 000 020 021—5	13	3	

Doak, Niehaus and Snyder, Gonzales; Dell, Appleton, Pfeffer and O. Miller.

At Philadelphia—Score:	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati ..... 000 000 020 1—3	9	1	
Philadelphia ..... 000 000 101 0—2	8	1	

Toney, Benton, Dale and Clark; Von Kolnitz; Chalmers, Baumgardner and Adams, Killifer.

FEDERAL LEAGUE

At St. Louis—Score:	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn ..... 001 101 210—6	10	2	
St. Louis ..... 100 002 010—4	9	1	

Merion and Simon; Crandall, Watson and Hartley.

At Kansas City—Score:	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo ..... 001 100 011—4	9	0	
Kansas City ..... 010 000 211—5	11	0	

Schulz, Bedient and Allen; Johnson, Hensing and Brown.

At Chicago—Score:	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore ..... 000 100 000—1	9	0	
Chicago ..... 000 220 00x—4	11	3	

Suggs, Conley, Leclair and Jacklitsch; Prendergast and Clemons.

At Pittsburg—Score:	R.	H.	E.
Newark ..... 000 000 100—1	8	0	
Pittsburg ..... 002 010 00x—3	8	0	

CAROLINA LEAGUE

Winston-Salem, 4; Asheville, 0.
Charlotte, 4; Spartanburg, 2.
Durham, 6; Raleigh, 0.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

Providence, 4; Harrisburg, 3.
Montreal, 5; Toronto, 2.
Richmond, 5; Jersey City, 3.
Buffalo, 5; Rochester, 4.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

Indianapolis, 7; Columbus, 0.
Cleveland, 3; Louisville, 2.
Minneapolis, 19; Milwaukee, 1.
Kansas City, 6; St. Paul, 5.

TEXAS LEAGUE

Dallas, 4; Galveston, 2.
Fort Worth, 5; Houston, 3.
Shreveport, 13; Beaumont, 1.
Waco, 7; San Antonio, 1.

Where They Play

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

Atlanta in Memphis.
New Orleans in Chattanooga.
Mobile in Little Rock.
Birmingham in Nashville.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Washington in Detroit.
Philadelphia in Cleveland.
New York in Chicago.
Boston in St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Pittsburg in New York.
Cincinnati in Philadelphia.
Chicago in Boston.
St. Louis in Brooklyn.

FEDERAL LEAGUE

Brooklyn in St. Louis.
Baltimore in Chicago.
Buffalo in Kansas City.
Newark in Pittsburg.

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WANT COTTON DECLARED ABSOLUTE CONTRABAND

London Papers Declare Action Must Be Taken to Keep It From Germany

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, July 24.—The Times and the Daily Mail again today urge the the government to declare cotton contraband and to undertake the scheme for the purchase of the textile as outlined by the Times yesterday. This plan contemplated the purchase by the government from the southern cotton exchanges of the amount of cotton that would normally have gone to Germany and Austria-Hungary and of the cotton exports to Holland, Denmark, Norway, Sweden and Switzerland, at the same time declaring cotton absolute contraband.

The Daily Graphic also complains of the inaction of the government on this question and says the matter is becoming a grave danger to the country, as, unless something is done before the new cotton crop is available Germany will be able to get all the cotton she requires.

The Daily Mail in an editorial says: "It will be a gross public scandal if this matter is not dealth with before parliament rises, to save our soldiers."

The Times in an editorial dealing with the position of the United States generally, refers to President Wilson's third note to Germany and declares that it "seems likely that Wilhelm Strasse will again take refuge in the evasive and dilatory tactics hitherto employed there."

The newspaper adds that there is a limit to the successful employment of such maneuvers and declares Germany is presuming upon American patience and pacifism as he spread upon British patience and pacifism last year.

The editorial protests against Washington's intimation to Great Britain that American rights will be insisted upon under the principles of international law as hitherto established as being a manifestly excessive claim and not in accordance with the example set by the American government and American courts during the American Civil war. The Times concludes by expressing the hope that when the British government's decision on this point is taken, the United States will give them sympathetic and friendly consideration.

In another article dealing with dissatisfaction in Lancashire through the government placing restrictions upon the shipments of cotton yarns to neutral countries, the Times says:

"Rightly or wrongly the government believes clothing suitable for aircraft has been getting through to Germany and undoubtedly a determined effort is now being made to stop the entry of any materials that are likely to assist the enemy."

Replying to newspapers and publishers who demand that cotton shall be made absolute contraband regardless of the effect on neutral nations, the Weekly Nation says:

"Some such similar action united against us in active warfare or armed neutrality the whole civilized world a hundred years ago, and in the end dragging us into a dreary fight with the United States."

The Nation points out Great Britain protested against cotton being declared contraband during the Russo-Japanese war, and that in the declaration of London the British representatives insisted upon having cotton placed on the free list.

"The mere abrogation of this document," continues the paper, "would not satisfy neutrals or such interests as those of the American cotton states which wish to know whether Britain's command of the seas is to justify her in making or unmaking international law as it suits her convenience of the moment."

The Nation considers, however, that if Germany diverted all cotton supplied for the manufacture of war munitions a new situation would have arisen, and the declaration of cotton as absolute contraband could be justified before the world; but even then the treatment of cotton destined for neutral states would remain to be considered, and the Nation advises critics to leave the decision to the foreign office, which has all the facts.

Census Will Be Taken Of Cotton in Germany

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, July 24.—German military authorities, according to information received here, have announced that a census will be taken beginning at midnight August 2, of all stocks of cotton in Germany. The census will apply to raw cotton, cotton waste, cotton wool and all cotton materials, especially those used by the army.

A census will be taken at the same time of woolen and half woolen underclothing for men and various other supplies such as sacking and materials used in making rope.

MRS. CARROLL BOUND OVER BY RECORDER

Judge Johnson, of the recorder's court, announced Friday night that he would bind over Mrs. B. E. Carroll, proprietor of 62 Walton street, on the charge of running a disorderly house.

The case came up for four afternoon sessions of police court. Judge Johnson reserved decision until Friday night.

Friday morning, R. M. Rainwater, a young man, accused Mrs. Carroll in court of ruining his sister. Dr. Horace Grant, a renting agent, testified that 62 Walton street was one of the worst disorderly houses that ever existed in Atlanta.

GERMAN PUT IN JAIL FOR WRITING LETTER

PARIS, July 23.—The Geneba, Switzerland, corespondent of the Havas Agency sends the following:

"The criminal court at Constance (Germany) sentenced a factory workman named Radolfzell, nineteen years old, to three weeks in prison for giving 'false' information concerning the economic situation in Germany in a letter to his parents in the United States."

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BALTIMORE	29.25
PHILADELPHIA	34.05
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TYBEE, GA. (Ten-Day Tickets)	10.00
TYBEE, GA. (Week-End Tickets)	8.50
ATLANTIC BEACH, FLA. (Season Tickets)	$14.25
ATLANTIC BEACH, FLA. (Ten-Day Tickets)	10.00
ATLANTIC BEACH, FLA. (Week-End Tickets)	9.00

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INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION
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CATALOGUE FREE
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SHERIFF'S SALES FOR AUGUST, 1915.

Will be sold before the courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in August, 1915, at public outcry, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest and best bidder or bidders, for cash, the whole, part or parts of the following described property, to-wit:

A certain tract or parcel of land situated, lyand and being in the city of Atlanta, being part of land lot forty-eight (48) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., and more particularly described as follows: Beginning on the present west line of North Boulevard at a point two hundred and seventeen (217) feet northwardly along said line from the north line of North avenue, and running thence northwardly along the west line of North Boulevard seventy (70) feet; thence westwardly on a line parallel to said north line of North avenue one hundred and fifty-one (151) feet, more or less, to line bisecting the distance between the east line of Jackson street and the original west line of North Boulevard (before the Boulevard was widened five feet); thence southwardly along said bisecting line seventy (70) feet, more or less to other property formerly owned by H. A. Kellam; thence eastwardly on a line parallel to the north line of North avenue (which said line intersects the present west line of North Boulevard at the point first named in this description) one hundred and forty-nine (149) feet more or less, to the beginning point; being improved property known as No. 554 North Boulevard, according to the present numbering of streets in said city of Atlanta, and being the same property conveyed by Henry A. Kellam to W. H. Stearns by deed dated March 15, 1906, and recorded in deed book 194, page 286, Fulton county records. Levied on as the property of James F. Lynch to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Eminent Household of Columbian Woodmen vs. the said James F. Lynch. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot sixty-nine (69) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Ga., more fully described as follows: Beginning at a point at the northwest intersection of Mount Zion road and Macon drive, and running thence north along the west side of Macon drive one thousand, four hundred and two (1,402) feet, more or less, to a point where the said Macon drive runs in a northwesterly direction departing from the west line of land lot sixty-nine (69); running thence northwesterly along the west side of Macon drive one thousand and seventy-five (1,075) feet, more or less; thence west one hundred and eighty-six and nine-tenths (186.9) feet to an iron pin; thence south parallel with the west line of land lot sixty-nine (69) and by way of a stone located nine hundred and sixty-three and three-tenths (963.3) feet south of said iron pin a distance of two thousand, four hundred and three (2,403) feet to the north line of Mount Zion road; thence running east along the north line of said Mount Zion road five hundred and ninety-seven and five-tenths (597.5) feet to the west side of Macon drive, at the point of beginning; containing twenty-seven and nine-tenths (27.9) acres, more or less, as per plat made by Knox T. Thomas, civil engineed, dated May, 1913. Levied on as the property of George L. Morris to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of George A. Richards vs. the said George L. Morris. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, said state and county, beginning at a poine one hundred and fifty (150) feet north of the northwest corner of Park avenue and Bryan street, on the west side of Park avenue, and running north sixty (60) feet along the said west side of Park avenue; thence west two hundred (200) feet to a twenty (20) foot alley; thence south sixty (60) feet; thence east two hundred (200) feet to point of beginning, same being part of lot six (6) in block six (6) of subdivision of land lot forty-four (44) and bounded on the south by J. T. Cook's lot, being the same property sold to W. B. Hamby by deed recorded in deed book 151, folio 107, clerk's office, and dated November 1, 1900, deeded to Mrs. Bostwick in deed book 232, folio 331, clerk's office. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Lily M. Bostwick to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Irwin L. Eiseman vs. the said Mrs. Lily M. Bostwick. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, in land lot fifty-one (51) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Ga., more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point on the south side of Houston street one hundred (100) feet eastwardly from the southeast corner of Houston street and Piedmont avenue at Wilcox's east line, and running thence eastwardly along the south side of Houston street forty-five (45) feet to the Traynham lot; thence south along the west line of Traynham's lot one hundred and fifty-seven (157) feet, more or less, to Oliver Wallace's lot; thence west along said lot forty-three (43) feet to Wilcox's line; thence north along said line one hundred and fifty (150) feet, more or less, to the point of beginning; said premises being known as No. 131 Houston street. Levied on as the property of Phenix Investment company to satisfy a fi fa issued from the municipal court of Atlanta in favor of John H. Lynch vs. the said Phenix Investment company. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney. Tenant in possession notified. Levy made by O. H. Puckett, marshall, and handed to me.

Also at the same time and place: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., described as follows, to-wit: One hundred and seventy-nine acres off of land lot number one hundred and forty-four (144), being all of said lot except a small strip running across the south and west sides of said lot, said strip being nine (9) acres, more or less, off the west side of said lot and fourteen and one-half (14½) acres, more or less, off the south side of said lot, running clear across the south side of said lot, except one hundred (100) acres off the north side of land lot number one hundred and forty-four (144), commencing at northeast corner of said land lot, running two thousand, nine hundred and forty-four (2,944) feet; thence south one thousand, four hundred and seventy-five (1,475) feet; thence east two thousand, nine hundred and twenty-one (2,921) feet; thence north one thousand, four hundred and ninety-four (1,494) feet to beginning corner, deeded to Fulton county by Equitable Mortgage company. November 10, 1897, the said tract levied on containing eighty (80) acres, more or less. Also all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in Fulton county, Ga., and a part of land lots one hundred and forty-four (144) and one hundred and forty-five (145), in the Seventeenth (17th) district of said county, beginning at the east corner of the land lines of T. G. Echols and T. B. Felder, Jr., and running thence west along the said T. B. Felder Jr. line one thousand, nine hundred and thirty-three (1,933) feet to Hemphill avenue; thence south along said Hemphill avenue five hundred and eighty-five (585) feet to Peachtree creek; thence eastwardly along said Peachtree creek to the land line of T. G. Echols; thence north along the line of T. G. Echols one thousand, six hundred and twenty (1,620) feet to the beginning point; said tract containing forty (40) acres, more or less. Levied on as the property of the Union Trust company to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Grafton Johnson vs. Union Trust company, maker, and T. B. Felder, endorser. This levy is made on the above property, as described in deed from Thomas B. Felder to Union Trust company, defendant in fi fa, filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court of Fulton county on the 18th day of May, 1915, for the purpose of levy and sale, pursuant to the order of the superior court of Fulton county in suit No. 31228, Poplar Lodge Co. et al., vs. Union Trust company, and said levy is made on said property notwithstanding the appointment of a receiver in said case by authority of said order of said court. Notice of this levy given to Thomas B. Felder and to A. W. Jackson, receiver of the Union Trust company, and to J. S. Dildy as tenant in possession, and L. K. Webb, as tenant in possession.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract of land lying and being in the city of College Park, in land lot one hundred and sixty-two (162) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Ga., commencing on the west side of Victoria avenue two hundred and twelve and eight-tenths (212.8) feet south of the southwest corner of Cambridge avenue and Victoria street, and running thence south along the west side of Victoria street fifty (50) feet; thence extending back west of same width as front one hundred and sixty-three (163) feet; being lot thirty-one (31) of the subdivision of the T. J. Noland property as made by Knox Thomas, civil engineer, and sold at auction by Chas. P. Glover Realty company April 22, 1911. Levied on as the property of Mrs. N. M. West to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of H. L. Luttrell vs. the said Mrs. N. M. West. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: That tract of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, in land lot one hundred and forty-nine (149) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., being lot one hundred and thirty-five (135) of Westwood Park, as per plat recorded in plat book 2, page 99, of the Fulton county records, and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the west side of Wellington street one hundred and fifty-six (156) feet north from the intersection of Gordon street, and running thence north along the west side of Wellington street sixty-six (66) feet to lot number one hundred and thirty-six (136); thence southwardly along lot number one hundred and thirty-six (136) of said plat one hundred and forty-one and five-tenths (141.5) feet to Gordon street; thence southeastwardly along the northeast side of Gordon street forty-nine (49) feet to lot number one hundred and thirty-four (134); and thence northeastwardly along lot number one hundred and thirty-four (134) of said plat ninety-nine and seven-tenths (99.7) feet to point of beginning. Levied on as the property of C. H. Evans to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of T. E. Mann and N. P. Mann vs. the said C. H. Evans. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot one hundred and eighty (180) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Ga., and more particularly described as follows: Lot number sixteen (16) in block one (1) in West End Heights subdivision as per plat recorded in plat book three (3), page 195, and in plat book four (4), page 38, in the office of the clerk of the superior court of Fulton county, Ga., said lot being fifty (50) feet by two hundred (200) feet. Levied on as the property of Frank L. Hall to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Leo P. Daly vs. the said Frank L. Hall, maker; Aaron Keith and J. E. Duffell, endorsers. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: One house and lot, same being in land lot one hundred and fifty-seven (157) of Fulton county, Ga., and being fifty (50) feet on the north side of Taylor street between Atlanta and West Point railroad and Central avenue, and running back north two hundred (200) feet. Levied on as the property of E. E. Padgett to satisfy a fi fa issued from the Justice Peace court of the 1332 district, G. M., in favor of H. H. Schaul vs. the said E. E. Padgett. Levy made by L. F. Parker, L. C., and handed to me. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in College Park, Fulton county, Ga., commencing at a point on the north side of Walker avenue one hundred (100) feet east of the northeast corner of Madison street; thence east along the north side of Walker avenue forty-five (45) feet; thence north parallel with Madison street one hundred and forty-two and five-tenths (142.5) feet to Etheridge's line; thence west forty-five (45) feet; thence south parallel with Madison street one hundred and forty-two and five-tenths (142.5) feet to the beginning point on Walker avenue. Levied on as the property of E. U. Etheridge to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Travelers' Bank and Trust company vs. the said E. U. Etheridge and C. Clark. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in land lot one hundred and thirty-four (134) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, known as lot number eight (8) in block "E" of plat of the Cobbs Land company property, made by S. Z. Ruff, civil engineer, under date of April 15, 1909, of file in the office of the clerk of the superior court of Fulton county, Ga., in plat book No. 3, page 123, and more particularly described as follows: Beginning on the westward side of the East Point chert road at a point one hundred and seventy-nine and one-tenth (179.1) feet northeastwardly of the northwest corner of East Point chert road and Nabell street, thence westwardly one hundred and eighty-four and seven-tenths (184.7) feet; thence northwardly fifty (50) feet; thence eastwardly two hundred and six and one-tenth (206.1) feet to the East Point chert road; thence southwardly along the western side of the East Point chert road seventy-five (75) feet to the point of beginning. Levied on as the property of T. N. Bradshaw to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Mrs. Emma T. Brown vs. the said T. N. Bradshaw. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in partially Fulton county and partially in DeKalb county, being part of land lot seven (7) of the Seventeenth (17th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, commencing at the southeast corner of land formerly owned by W. K. Grauss, thence west to line of Mrs. Goodwin's land; thence south along Mrs. Goodwin's land to the corner of land of W. J. Houston; thence east to original and county line; thence north along the county line to the beginning point, containing twelve and one-half (12½) acres, more or less, and being so described in a deed from Thomas N. Paden to Seaborn Cochran, recorded in book T-3, page 76, Fulton county records of deeds, except six (6) acres sold by Cochran to Coplins Belcher, March 2, 1905, commencing at the southeast corner of the above described twelve and one-half (12½) acres, which twelve and one-half (12½) acres corners with land formerly owned by the Goodwin, marked with a stone, commencing at the corner, running thence north three hundred and thirty-five (335) feet; thence east to Cheshire Bridge road seven hundred and seventy-eight (778) feet and crossing the road 96'7"; thence southerly three hundred and seventy-eight (378) feet; thence west to Cheshire Bridge road 96'7" crossing said road, running west to point of beginning five hundred and ninety-four (594) feet, and except two acres sold by said Cochran to Daniel Hewitt, May, 1905, described as follows: Commencing at a point 96'7" from the east side of Cheshire Bridge road and cornering with land sold Coplins Belcher, March 2, 1915, running thence along an alley reserved 12 feet wide 269'8"; thence northwardly 378'; thence west 269'8"; thence south to point of beginning 378'; also part of land lot one hundred and fifty-five (155) of the Eighteenth (18th) district of originally Henry, now DeKalb county, Ga., commencing where formerly W. J. Houston's land began, and running north along the county line seventeen (17) chains to stake; thence east 7.81 chains to a stake; thence south sixteen (16) chains, thence 7.81 chains to beginning point; containing half an acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of R. E. Riley to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of W. C. Harper and C. J. Sheehan vs. the said R. E. Riley. Deeds for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, fild and recorded as required by law. Tenants in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in partially Fulton county and partially DeKalb county, being part of land lot seven (7) of the Seventeenth (17th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga.: Commencing at the southeast corner of land formerly owned by W. K. Grauss; thence west to line of Mrs. Goodwin's land; thence south along Mrs. Goodwin's land to the corner of land of W. J. Houston; thence east to original and county line; thence north along county line to beginning point, containing twelve and one-half (12½) acres, more or less, and being so described in a deed from Thomas N. Paden to Seaborn Cochran, recorded in book T-3, page 76, Fulton county records of deeds, except six acres sold by said Cochran to Coplins Belcher, March 2, 1905, commencing at the southeast corner of the above described twelve and one-half (12½) acres, which twelve and one-half (12½) acres corners with land formerly owned by Goodwin, marked with a stone commencing at corner, running thence north three hundred and thirty-five (335) feet; thence east to Cheshire Bridge road seven hundred and seventy-eight (778) feet and crossing the road 96'7"; thence southerly three hundred and seventy-eight (378) feet; thence west to Cheshire Bridge road 96'7" crossing said road, running west to point of beginning five hundred and ninety-four (594) feet, and except two acres sold by said Cochran to Daniel Hewitt in May, 1905, described as follows: Commencing at a point 96'7" from the east side of Cheshire Bridge road and cornering with land sold Coplins Belcher March 2, 1915, running thence along an alley reserved 12 feet wide, 269'8"; thence northerly 378'; thence west 269'8"; thence south to point of beginning 378'; also part of land lot one hundred and fifty-five (155) of the Eighteenth (18th) district of originally Henry, now DeKalb county, Ga., commencing where formerly W. J. Houston's land began, and running north along the county line seventeen (17) chains to stake; thence east 7.81 chains to stake; thence south sixteen (16) chains; thence 7.81 chains to beginning point, containing half an acre more or less. Levied on as the property of W. C. Harper to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Mrs. Sarah Irine Weathers, administratrix, vs. the said W. C. Harper. Deeds for the purpose of levy and sale have been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, part of land lot one hundred and seventeen (117) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry county, now Fulton county, Ga., and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of Oak and Holderness streets, and running thence north along the east side of Holderness street seventy-five (75) feet; thence east one hundred and ten (110) feet; thence south seventy-five (75) feet to Oak street, and thence west along the north side of Oak street one hundred and ten (110) feet to Holderness street, the point of beginning. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Dorothy Nuckols to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Sigmund Weil vs. the said Mrs. Dorothy Nuckols. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: Part of land lot one hundred and six (106) of the Seventeenth (17th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point on the west side of Piedmont avenue one hundred and fifteen (115) feet north of the northwest corner of Piedmont avenue and Fourteenth street; running north along the west side of Piedmont avenue seventy (70) feet to a fifteen (15) foot alley known as Davison street; thence running west along the south side of Davison street two hundred and fifty-one (251) feet, more or less, to Pause street; thence south along the east side of Pause street seventy (70) feet; thence east two hundred and fifty-one (251) feet, more or less, to the beginning point. Levied on as the property of R. E. Riley to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of W. G. Raoul foundation vs. the said R. E. Riley. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the town of East Point, and in land lot one hundred and fifty-seven (157) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Georgia, beginning at a point on the north side of Baugh street (now Taylor avenue), four hundred and eighteen (418) feet east of Connolly avenue, running thence north two hundred (200) feet; thence east fifty (50) feet; thence south two hundred (200) feet; thence west along the north side of Baugh street (now Taylor avenue) fifty (50) feet to beginning point; being part of lot four (4) of Woodson and Jones subdivision. Levied on as the property of E. E. Padgett to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of W. McC. Miller vs. the said E. E. Padgett. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the town of College Park, being the south half of lot number one (1) in block eighty-six (86), in land lot one hundred and fifty-nine (159) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Ga., as per survey by O. F. Kauffman, civil engineer, in 1905, commencing at the northeast corner of Myrtle street and Walker avenue; thence running east along the north side of Walker avenue one hundred (100) feet; thence extending back north same width as front between parallel lines with Myrtle street one hundred and forty-two and one-half (142½) feet to lot sold by W. L. Parker to Z. M. Parker. Levied on as the property of W. L. Parker to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of T. J. Treadwell vs. the said W. L. Parker. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the city of College Park, part of land lot one hundred and fifty-nine (159) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the north side of Virginia avenue one hundred (100) feet west of the northwest corner of Virginia avenue and Madison avenue, and running west along the north side of Virginia avenue fifty (50) feet; thence north one hundred and ninety (190) feet, more or less, to a ten (10) foot alley; thence east on the south side of said alley fifty (50) feet; thence south one hundred and ninety (190) feet, more or less, to the point of beginning. Levied on as the property of J. D. Muldrew to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of R. O. Campbell Coal Company vs the said J. D. Muldrew. A deed or the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: Part of land lot two hundred and twenty-nine (229), in the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Ga., and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of Campbellton and East Point roads and running thence east along the south side of Campbellton road two hundred and fifty (250) feet; thence southeasterly one thousand, three hundred and forty (1,340) feet; thence west five hundred and thirty four (534) feet to East Point road; thence northerly along said road one thousand, two hundred and thirty-one and five-tenths (1,231.5) feet to beginning point; being lot number five (5) of "Lynnwood Truck Farm" subdivision as shown on plat of same recorded in plat book 6, page 91, in the office of the clerk of the superior court of Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of Newton S. Thomas (of the firm or partnership of Thomas & Griffin) to satisfy a tax fi fa issued by A. P. Stewart, tax collector, in favor of the state and county vs. the said Newton S. Thomas (of the firm or partnership of Thomas & Griffin. This fi fa having been transferred for valuable consideration by said A. P. Stewart, tax collector, to H. H. Turner, and also transferred for valuable consideration by the said H. H. Turner to C. L. DeFoor, and also transferred for valuable consideration by the said C. L. DeFoor to R. H. Harris, same is levied and sold at the instance of and for benefit of the said R. H. Harris. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, in land lot forty-four (44) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the east side of Grant street at a point one hundred and sixty-eight (168) feet south of the northeast corner of Grant street and Woodward avenue, and running thence south along the east sied of Grant street thirty-nine (39) feet; thence east one hundred and fifty (150) feet; thence north thirty-nine (39) feet, thence west one hundred and fifty (150 feet to the point of beginning: said premises being improved property known as No. 108 Grant street, according to the present numbering of houses in the city of Atlanta. Levied on as the property of W. L. Merk to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Atlanta Realty Investment Company vs. the said W. L. Merk, maker, Ben Graham and W. E. Armistead, as indorsers. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot eleven (11) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of Delaware and Essie avenues, and running thence west along the north side of Delaware avenue fifty-seven and eight-tenths (57.8) feet; thence north one hundred and thirty (130) feet; thence east fifty-seven and eight-tenths (57.8) feet to Essie avenue, and thence south along the west side of Essie avenue one hundred and thirty (130) feet to point of beginning. Levied on as the property of J. R. McAdams to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of G. C. Tankersley vs. the said J. R. McAdams. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the Fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., and part of land lot one hundred and eleven (111), and more particularly described as follows: Commencing on the west side of English avenue at a point ninety-three (93) feet north of the northwest corner of English avenue and Kennedy street, and running thence north along English avenue forty (40) feet; thence west same width as front one hundred and twenty-seven (127) feet to a ten (10) foot alley; being known as lot No. 18 of Western Heights plat as made by Theo W. Callaway, July, 1892, being same property as described in book 400, page 541, Fulton superior court records. Levied on as the property of C. D. Wortham, administrator of Mrs. Sarah E. Jenkins, to satisfy a fi fa issued from Cobb superior court in favor of T. B. Martin for use of officers of court vs. the said C. D. Wortham, administrator of Mrs. Sarah E. Jenkins. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, in land lot eighty-one (81) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Ga., and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a point on the north side of West Fifth street fifty (50) feet east of Tumlin street, and running thence along the north side of Fifth street sixty (60) feet; thence north one hundred and ninety-six (196) feet; thence west one hundred and ten (110) feet to Tumlin street; thence south along the east side of Tumlin street ninety-six (96) feet; thence east fifty (50) feet; thence south one hundred (100) feet to the point of beginning. Levied on as the property of W. J. Hogan to satisfy a fi fa issued from the Fulton superior court in favor of Will Scott vs. A. Pope, principal; W. J. Hogan and W. M. Miller, securities. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain tract of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, part of land lot one hundred and nine (109) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Georgia, and commencing on the west side of Mildred street at a point two hundred and twenty (220) feet north of the northwest corner of West Fair and Mildred streets; thence extending back north along the west side of Mildred street eighty (80) feet; thence extending west of uniform width with front, one hundred (100) feet to an alley; being known as lots numbers eighty-two and eighty-four (82 and 84) of the F. C. Lacy property, by S. B. Turman & Co., real estate agents. Levied on as the property of J. C. Jarrett to satisfy a fi fa issued by the municipal court of Atlanta in favor of Lillian M. and Laura C. Lacy, executrixes of estate of F. C. Lacy, deceased, and Mary L. Stranahan vs. the said J. C. Jarrett. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney. Tenant in possession notified. Levy made by O. H. Puckett, marshal, and handed to me.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., and in land lot one hundred and eleven (111) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of said county, being part of lot four (4) of Perdue property recorded in office of G. W. Adair, and better described as follows: Beginning on the east side of Griffin street five hundred and fifty (550) feet north from the northeast corner of Simpson and Griffin streets, and running north along the east side of Griffin street fifty (50) feet; thence east one hundred and sixty-two and one-half (162½) feet; thence south fifty (50) feet; thence west one hundred and sixty-two and one-half (162½) feet to Griffin street, the point of beginning, and being the same property conveyed to Hattie T. Wofford by H. W. Dillin by deed dated January 1st, 1911, recorded in Fulton county records. Levied on as the property of Hattie T. Wofford to satisfy a fi fa issued from the municipal court of Atlanta in favor of Loftis Plumbing Company, W. S. Loftis, proprietor, vs. the said Hattie T. Wofford. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney. Tenant in possession notified. Levy made by O. H. Puckett, marshal, and handed to me.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Part of land lot one hundred and eleven (111) of the Fourteenth (14th) district, being lot number fifteen (15) of the Seago subdivision, beginning at the northwest corner of Travis (formerly Wilson) street and North avenue (formerly Emma street); thence north forty-six and one-half (46½) feet, and extending west same width along the north side of North avenue one hundred and twenty (120) feet, known as No. 4 Travis (formerly Wilson) street, and being the property on which the said Samuel Thomas now resides. Levied on as the property of Samuel Thomas to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Georgia Bond and Investment company vs. the said Samuel Thomas. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, part of land lot eighty-four (84) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., and being lot number three (3) of the Coursey property as sold September 1, 1870, by G. W. Adair. Commencing at the northwest side of Chapel street (formerly Race Track street), one hundred (100) feet northeast of Trebursey street, and running thence northeast along Chapel street fifty (50) feet; thence northwest one hundred (100) feet; thence southwest fifty (50) feet; thence southeast one hundred (100) feet to the point of beginning, being the same property sold by Joseph Coursey to L. P. Thomas by deed recorded in book X, page 567, of Fulton county records. Levied on as the property of Mrs. J. R. Carmichael to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of W. M. Nichols vs. the said Mrs. J. R. Carmichael. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in land lot one hundred and fifty-nine (159) in the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Lying and being in College Park, Ga., commencing at a point one hundred and fifty (150) feet east of the northeast corner of Adams street and Hardin street; thence running east on the north side of Hardin street fifty (50) feet; thence running north same width as front one hundred and ninety (190) feet; being the east half of lot No. 3, block 69, as per plat of the College Park Land company. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Anna M. Sutton to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Beverly W. Wrenn vs. the said Mrs. Anna M. Sutton. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, being part of city lot two (2) in block one (1) of land lot fifty-three (53) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of Fair and Fraser streets, and running thence south along the west side of Fraser street ninety (90) feet to J. W. Wray's line; thence west along Wray's line one hundred and five (105) feet, more or less, to W. S. Adler's line (formerly D. A. Beattie's line); thence northwardly along Adler's line ninety-five (95) feet, more or less, to Fair street; thence east along the south side of Fair street one hundred seventeen (117) feet, more or less, to point of beginning; said premises being improved property known as Nos. 227, 229 and 233 East Fair street, and No. 51 Fraser street, according to present numbering of houses in the city of Atlanta; being the same premises conveyed by Germania Loan and Building Association to Dominico Gusse by deed dated August 23, 1872, and recorded in deed book "I," page 102, Fulton county records. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Minerva Bradberry, as administratrix of the estate of Dominico Gusse, to satisfy a fi fa, issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of H. G. Hutchison vs. the said Mrs. Minerva Bradberry, administratrix of the estate of Dominico Gusse. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenants in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in land lot twenty (20) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., and being more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the corner of Mattie street and Short street, and running thence south along Short street one hundred (100) feet; thence west one hundred (100) feet; thence north one hundred (100) feet; thence east one hundred (100) feet to Short street, the point of beginning. Also: Commencing at the corner of Mattie street and Short street, and running thence north along the west side of Short street one hundred and fifty (150) feet; thence north one hundred (100) feet; thence east one hundred (100) feet to Short street, the south on hundred and fifty (150) feet to Mattie street; thence east along the north side of Mattie street one hundred (100) feet, to point of beginning. Levied on as the property of W. R. Moore to satisfy a fi fa, issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Merchants and Mechanics Banking and Loan company vs. the said W. R. Moore. Tenants in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot number one (1) of the Seventeenth (17th) district of Fulton county, Georgia, beginning at a point on the north side of Virginia avenue one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet easterly from Virginia avenue and the west line of said land lot one (1), and running thence easterly along the north side of Virginia avenue one hundred (100) feet; thence north one hundred and eighty (180) feet to a ten (10) foot alley; thence west along said alley one hundred (100) feet; thence south one hundred and eighty (180) feet to the beginning point; being lots three (3) and four (4), according to the plat made in March, 1914, by Ransom Rogers, civil engineer. Levied on as the property of W. E. Worley to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Lindsey Hopkins vs. the said W. E. Worley. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, in land lot eighty-two (82), of the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Georgia, beginning at the northwest corner of Kennedy and Strong streets, and running thence north along the west side of Strong street eighty-one and one-half (81½) feet; thence west fifty (50) feet; thence south eighty-one and one-half (81½) feet to Kennedy street; thence east along the north side of Kennedy street fifty (50) feet to Strong street, the point of beginning; same being subject to a loan of six hundred and seventy-two ($672.00) dollars in favor of Georgia Investments, Incorporated. Levied on as the property of Morris Cohen to satisfy three fi fas issued from the criminal court of Atlanta in favor of the State vs. Robert Mitchell, Lon Chappell and Nathaniel Mays, as principals, and the said Morris Cohen as security on bonds. Property pointed out by solicitor. Tenant in possession notified.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot one hundred and six (106), of the Fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Georgia, beginning at a point on the west side of Stewart avenue one hundred (100) feet north of Brookline street, and running thence north along Stewart avenue fifty (50) feet; thence west two hundred (200) feet; thence south fifty (50) feet; thence east two hundred (200) feet to the beginning point, being lot number six (6) in block four (4) as per plat recorded in plat book 4, pages 124 and 125, of Fulton county records. Levied on as the property of G. C. Goree to satisfy a tax fi fa issued by A. P. Stewart, tax collector, in favor of the state and county vs. the said G. C. Goree. This fi fa having been transferred for valuable consideration by the said A. P. Stewart, tax collector, to M. G. Johnson, same is levied and sold at the instance of and for benefit of the said M. G. Johnson, transferee. Tenant in possession notified. Property pointed out by attorney for transferee.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, part of block ten (10) of land lot forty-six (46) of the Fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga., and described as follows: Beginning at J. M. Paden's line on the north side of Houston street, three hundred and twenty and four tenths (320.4) feet east of Jackson street, and extending thence north on Paden's line one hundred and fourteen (114) feet, more or less, to East Cain street; fifty (50) feet, thence south one hundred and twenty-nine (129) feet, more or less, to Houston street; thence east on the north side of Houston street fifty-two and one tenth (52.1) feet to the point of beginning. Levied on as the property of Albert M. Shomo to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta in favor of Maxwell G. Simpson individually and as executor vs. the said Albert M. Shomo. A deed for the purpose of levy and sale having been executed, filed and recorded as required by law. Tenant in possession notified.

C. W. MANGUM, Sheriff.

GRAND DUKE NOW THINKS WARSAW CAN BE SAVED

Even Germans Appear to Believe Present Forces Are Not Sufficient to Win

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, July 24.—The battle about Warsaw still is raging without any indication of the ultimate outcome.

Petrograd concedes there is fighting six miles southwest of Ivangorod, where the Germans smashed wire entanglements but were hurled back with heavy losses by a Russian counter attack.

Both Vienna and Berlin, without giving details, claim Austro-German forces now are fighting virtually along the Lublin-Chelm railroad. Petrograd admits a German attack on a village located on the railroad, but claims it was repulsed. It is conceded, however, that some of this ground again was lost.

The impression is growing here that Grand Duke Nicholas now is fighting in the hope of saving Warsaw and defeating the Germans. That the Germans feel their forces are not entirely adequate is indicated by the news from Riga that a Germany army corps recently landed at Libau has been dispatched to the south to strengthen the attack on Warsaw.

The western front is again comparatively quiet. Italy claims further success along the Carso plateau, where the fighting has been fierce.

A Petrograd dispatch to the Telegraph says:

Private messages from Riga report that the Germans have landed an entire army corps on the coast near Libau. The Germans seemed at first to be aiming at Riga but a sudden swing toward the south on this flank confirms the belief that their real objective is to cut the communications of the Russian Warsaw army which are protected by cavalry and other light troops."

Germany Conserving Stores Of Fodder Throughout Country

LONDON, July 24.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company from Berlin received by way of Amsterdam, says:

"The federal council has decided to establish an imperial fodderstuff company to safeguard and to distribute home-grown fodders. The council also has decided to issue a proclamation directed against the exorbitant increase in the price of articles of daily consumption, including luxuries. The possibility of expropriation is provided where such articles are held back."

Factories in Warsaw Are Being Removed

(By Associated Press.)

WARSAW, July 24.—(Via London.)—The factories in the Warsaw district working on military contracts are being removed to interior provinces. Fuel and raw materials are no longer available here because of the nearness of the fighting lines.

The government is gratuitously transporting the machinery and workmen.

Germans Are Everywhere Repulsed, Says Paris

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS, July 24.—The war office today gave out the following official statement:

"The night was calm upon the whole front except in the Vosges, where the enemy delivered several attacks at Reich Ackerkopf, and on the heights to the east of Metzeral. The Germans were everywhere repulsed."

Capture of Gorizia By Italians Reported

(By Associated Press.)

GENEVA, July 24.—(Via Paris.)—A dispatch to the Tribune from Milan says:

"Many persons arriving at Milan say that after severe fighting the Italian troops have taken Gorizia."

ATLANTA CLUB WILL HAVE TWO RECEIVERS

Dr. George Brown and Harry Dodd Agree to Handle Club's Affairs Jointly

Dr. George Brown, president of the Atlanta club and appointed receiver of the same by Judge Bell, of superior court, and Harry Dodd, appointed receiver of the club by Percy Adams, referee in bankruptcy, reached an agreement and settled their differences Saturday morning by taking a consent order from Judge Bell vacating the receivership of his court and turning over the assets of the club to Mr. Dodd and Dr. Brown as co-receivers.

Following up Judge Bell's order, Dr. Brown and Mr. Dodd will now ask Referee Adams to name Dr. Brown co-receiver, and this, it is understood, will be done, placing them jointly in charge of the club under the jurisdiction of the United States bakruptcy court.

SPECIAL TAX PAYERS MUST FILE RETURNS

Internal Revenue Agent A. O. Blalock has issued a warning to special taxpayers that they must file returns before August 1 for the period between July 1 and December 31, or else be subject to a penalty. This applies also to physicians, druggists and dentists who are subject to the provisions of the federal anti-narcotic law.

Those who must pay special taxes are bankers, brokers, theaters, moving picture theaters, commission merchants, tobacco and liquor dealers, etc.

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BILL TO REVISE PRIMARY ELECTION LAWS FAVORED

House Committee Votes to Recommend Beck Measure for Passage

General judiciary committee No. 1, of the house, Friday afternoon voted to recommend for passage the bill revising primary election laws and regulations in Georgia, which was introdused in the house about ten days ago by Mr. Beck, of Carroll.

The bill fixes the second Wednesday in September as the date for the primary elections for all state and county offices from coroner to United States senator and requires all political parties to hold their primaries on that date. All parties shall be represented in the selection of managers and clerks and voting shall be under Australian secret ballot regulations. Voters participating in the primary shall bind themselves to support the nominee of their party in the general election. No candidate is eligible to run in the general election unless he shall have previously received a party nomination at the primary. Candidates receiving the largest number of votes in the primary shall be declared the nominees of their respective parties and state conventions and the county unit system are abolished.

The committee also voted to recommend the passage of the anti-tipping bill, then reconsidered its action and recommended that the bill be sent to the ways and means committee. The bill as drawn made it a misdemeanor for any person to receive a tip in a hotel, railroad train, etc. The committee suggests that the ways and means committee frame a bill levying a special tax on all hotels, railroads, etc., that allow employes to receive tips.

The committee voted to recommend for passage the bill providing for rotation of superior court judges, with an amendment excepting Fulton and Chatham counties on account of the fact that these counties have judicial circuits within themselves.

General judiciary committee No. 2, of the house, which also met Friday afternoon, voted to recommend that the following bills do not pass:

Bill abolishing the fellow servant's liability clause in industrial accidents; bill to require uniform construction of all telephone and telegraph lines along public highways; bill to prohibit false impersonation of deaf, dumb, blind or crippled persons.

The same committee voted to recommend the passage of a bill making it unlawful to receive or keep goods stolen in another state.

The same committee referred to a subcommittee all bills touching the divorce laws of the state.

MOTHER TAKES FIGHT FOR GIRLS TO COURT

Judge Tindall, of Juvenile Court, Must Explain Alleged Violation of Court Order

Judge W. W. Tindall, of the juvenile court, and Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Beasley, present address unknown, were cited for contempt Saturday morning by Judge Bell, of superior court, on account of the alleged removal of Daisy, aged sixteen, and Grace, aged thirteen, Falkenburg, from the jurisdiction of the court in violation of an order issued last fall. The order is made returnable July 28, and on that date Judge Tindall will show cause why he should not be adjudged in contempt.

Last fall the two girls, daughters of Mrs. Minnie Falkenburg, of Capitol square, were taken away from their mother by the juvenile court. Grace was given to Mrs. Beasley and Daisy was put in the juvenile court's house of correction.

Thereupon the mother, represented by Attorney J. McSwain Woods, applied to Judge Bell for and was granted an order restraining the removal of the children from the jurisdiction of the court pending a final adjudication of the case.

In the present contempt proceedings, brought by Attorney Woods on behalf of Mrs. Falkenburg Saturday morning, it is alleged that the case has not been finally adjudicated and that the girls have been removed from the jurisdiction of the court in violation of the restraining order and in contempt of the dignity and authority of the court. It is alleged that Grace is in Jacksonville with the Beasleys and that Daisy is at McDonough, Ga.

Election in Macon County

OGLETHORPE, Ga., July 24.—In a special election held in Macon county for unexpired term of clerk of the superior court, W. H. Gardner was elected by five majority over his nearest opponent, C. Z. M. Watkins. The vote was, Gardner, 278; Watkins, 273.

SUMMER ACHES AND PAINS

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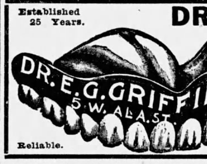

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STATE AND COUNTY TAX SALES

Will be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, the first Tuesday in August, 1915, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit: Same being seized by myself as tax collector of Fulton county, as property of parties named below, for their state and county taxes for the years specified:

Also at same and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in South Atlanta, land lot 57, in the fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 50 feet on the east side of Meldrim street, between Hardwick and Lansing streets, and running back 150 feet more or less in a easterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 354 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in South Atlanta, adjoining Logan and Fitzpatrick. Levied on as the property of Reese Alexander to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Reese Alexander for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at same tome and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in South Atlanta, land lot 57, in the fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 50 feet on the northeast corner of Park and Crogman streets, and running back 150 feet more or less in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 311 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in South Atlanta, adjoining Johnson. Levied on as the property of Jones Anthony estate to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Jones Anthony estate for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in land lot 250, of the seventeenth district, Fulton county, Ga., one lot 50x150 feet, fronting on Hightower avenue of Arrowood "division" as per plat of said lands, said lot is known as lot 35 in section L of said Arrowood division, and more fully described by a deed from Mrs. Mollie E. Arrowood to Thomas J. Eady Investment Co., dated March 30, 1907, and recorded April 3, 1907 in Book 231, page 385, at the court house. Levied on as the property of S. W. Arrowood to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said S. W. Arrowood for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tra or parcel of land situated, lying and being in land lot 131, fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point on the north side of Eubanks avenue 255 feet east of the northeast corner of Eubanks and Harrison avenues, thence running east along the north side of Eubanks avenue 50 feet to lot No. 95; thence north 165 feet to a ten-foot alley; thence west 50 feet to Lo No. 97; thence south 165 feet to point of beginning, being lot No. 96 in the subdivision of the J. R. Smith & Company. Levied on as the property of N. E. Bailey estate to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said N. E. Bailey estate for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of College Park, land lot 161 in the fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 50 feet on the north side of John Wesley avenue, between Atlanta and Ham streets, and running back 190 feet more or less in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of College Park, adjoining Coggins and Cindle. Levied on as the property of J. F. Beck to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said J. F. Beck for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land not 57 of the fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., known as lot No. 386 of the subdivision as per plat recorded in the Fulton county records, plat book 2. Said lot is more fully described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of Hardwick street and Bowen avenue, it extends north fifty (50) feet along the east side of Hardwick street; thence east 150 feet; thence south 50 feet to Bowen avenue; thence west along the north side of Bowen avenue 150 feet to Hardwick street and the beginning point. Levied on as the property of E. H. Belcher to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said E. H. Belcher for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of College Park, land lot 192, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 50 feet on the south side of Princeton street, in block B, lot 47 of — the Rhodes subdivision, and running back 164 feet more or less in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of College Park, adjoining Creel and Burso. Levied on as the property of Jesse Bowen to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Jesse Bowen for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in the village of Tampa, Fulton county, Ga., being in land lot 250 of the Seventeenth district of said county and state, more fully described as follows: From on originally an unnamed street but now known as First street, beginning at a point 167 feet and 4 inches north of dividing line, between original land lots 249 and 250 and 40 feet west of land lot 247, running thence north along said originally unnamed, but now, First street, 100 feet; thence west of uniform width as front 140 feet. Levied on as the property of J. B. and R. M. Carter to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said J. B. and R. M. Carter for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, land lot 12, in the Fourteenth dislows: Commencing at the southeast corner of Faith street and Ormewood avenue and running thence south along Ormewood avenue 130 feet; thence east 57 feet; thence north 130 feet to Faith street; thence west along the south side of Faith street 57 feet to the beginning point. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Mary L. Clark and Mrs. D. P. Hill to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Mrs. Mary L. Clark and Mrs. D. P. Hill for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the town of East Point in land lot 163, of the 14th district of Fulton county, Ga., and more fully described as follows: Commencing at a point on the south side of Williams street, 50 feet east of Cochran street, and running thence south 148 feet to a ten-foot alley; thence east 50 feet; thence north 148 feet to William street; thence west along the south side of Williams street 50 feet to point of beginning. Being lot No. 7 of the Kidd and Harrison plat of the Ransome Rogers survey of 1905. Levied on as the property of J. P. Cochran to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said J. P. Cochran for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of East Point, land lot 132, in the fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 180 feet on the west side of S. Randolph street, between Holcombe and city limits, and runnning back 230 feet more or less in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 705 on said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of East Point, adjoining Martin, Callahan & McCoy. Levied on as the property of T. C. Coleman to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said T. C. Coleman for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of East Point, land lot 132, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 32 feet on the south side of Holcombe street between Bayard and Randall streets, and running back 100 feet more or less in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 507 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of East Point adjoining Vinson and Dozier. Levied on as the property of Sylvester Dickson to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Sylvester Dickson for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 7, of the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of a one-acre tract belonging to Z. A. Ellison, Jr., and Z. A. Ellison, Sr., on the west side of county line road, and running thence west 210 feet along what is known as the Albert Duke's lot: thence south 210 feet along the line of the Lowe lot; thence east 210 feet along south line of said acre tract to said county line road and thence north along west side of county line road 210 feet to beginning point. Containing 1 acre more or less. Levied on as the property of Z. A. Ellison to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Z. A. Ellison for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the town of East Point, in land lots 163 and 19 of the fourteenth district of Fulton county, Georgia, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing 150 feet from Cochran street on the north side of Chapman street, thence running north 132 feet, thence west 50 feet, thence 132 feet to Chapman street, then east 50 feet to beginning point. Levied on as the property of Mrs. M. M. Farris estate to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Mrs. M. M. Farris estate for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 114 of the fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., commencing at the northeast corner of Tate and Temple streets and running east along the north side of Tate street 61.8 feet, thence north 110 feet to a ten-foot alley, thence west along the south side of said alley 61.8 feet to Temple street and thence south along the east side of Temple street 110 feet to beginning point. Known as lots No. 31 and 32 of the Simpson Ridge subdivision, recorded in Plat Book 4, page 172. Levied on as the property of J. D. Gunter to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said J. D. Gunter for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in South Atlanta, land lot 57, in the fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 50 feet on the north side of Turman street, between Bowen and Hardwick streets, and running back 100 feet, more or less in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 67 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in South Atlanta, adjoining Reese. Levied on as the property of Will Harper to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Will Harper for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 11 of the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Commencing at the west side of County Line road at a point 150 feet north of the northwest corner of the County Line road and Dooley avenue (said beginning point) being 380 feet south of the land lot line between land lot 11 and 12 and extending thence north along the west side of said County Line road 50 feet; thence west uniform width with the front 150 feet to an alley; being lot No 7 as per plat of the Dooley property in land lot 11 made by S. B. Turman & Company, recorded in plat book 2, page 157, Fulton county records. Levied on as the property of P. R. Harris to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said P. R. Harris for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to wit: A certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 130, Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: In first addition Eagan Park, lot No. 2, block N, fronting 50 feet on Batchelor avenue and running even width east 172 feet. Levied on as the property of W. D. Hart to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said W. D. Hart for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 178 of the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Beginning at a point on the east side of Center Hill avenue 125 feet south of Baker road, thence running east 301 feet to a point 301 feet south of Baker road; thence south 368 feet; thence west 307 feet to Center Hill avenue; thence north along the east side of Center Hill avenue 658 feet to the beginning point. The above described tract containing 4 acres more or less. Levied on as the property of E. I. Hillburn to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said E. I. Hillburn for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 11 Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., being lot No. 15, in block B, of the subdivision known as Woodville, described as follows; beginning on the west side of South Moreland avenue at a point 240 feet north of Eden avenue and running thence north along the west side of South Moreland avenue 60 feet and extending back west of same width as front 164.5 feet to a ten-foot alley. Levied on as the property of M. P. Hill to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said M. P. Hill for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in Egan Park, land lot 130 in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 50 feet on east side of Central avenue and known as lot 9, block G. N. of Egan Park subdivision, and running back 172 feet more or less in a easterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street, according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in Egan Park. Levied on as the property of D. B. Jacks estate to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said D. B. Jacks estate for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 150, Seventeenth District of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of (formerly Emmett street) now W. Tenth and Bishop streets; thence running west along the south side of West Tenth street 25 feet; thence running south 114 feet to an alley; thence running east along the north side of said alley 25 feet to Bishop street; thence running north along the west side of Bishop street 114 feet to the point of beginning. The same being lot No. 10, Block 6, of the Joseph E. Brown estate as platted by C. S. Robert, C. E. July, 1913, and filed for record in the office of the clerk of the superior court, Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of C. E. Jones to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said C. E. Jones for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of East Point, land lot 134 in the Fourteenth District of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 50 feet on the north side of Clermont avenue between Newnan avenue and city limits, and running back 150 feet more or less in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as number — on said street according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Burnett. Levied on as the property of J. B. Jones to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said J. B. Jones for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, Ward 6, land lot 82, in the Fourteenth District of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 100 feet on the northeast corner of Marietta and Corput streets, and running back 197 feet more or less in a northerly direction, the house on seid lot known as number — on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Davis. Levied on as the property of D. H. Keefer to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said D. H. Keefer for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the town of East Point, being a part of land lot 164, in the Fourteenth District of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Beginning at a point on the west side of Simmes street distant 364 feet south from the north line of said land lot 164, and 25 feet west from the east line of said land lot, said point being the southwest corner formed by the intersection of a 40-foot unnamed street with Simmes street and running south along the west side of Simmes street 304 feet to an unnamed 40-foot street; thence west along the north side of said street 700 feet to another unnamed 40-foot street; thence north along the east side of said street 304 feet to the unnamed street first referred to; thence east along south side of said street 700 feet to beginning point. Containing 4.88 acres. Being lot 2 of the subdivision of Kicklighter property as per plat of C. S. Robert, C. E., December 14, 1906. Levied on as the property of Miss Lucy Kicklighter to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Miss Lucy Kicklighter for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 1, Seventeenth District of Fulton county, Ga., and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the west side of Highland avenue, 55 feet northwest of the northwest corner of Highland avenue and Hall street, thence extending northwest along the west side of Highland avenue 55 feet; thence extending west 165 feet to a 10-foot alley; thence southwest along the east side of alley 55 feet; thence east 165 feet to point of beginning. Being lot No. 32 of the Edmondson Highland avenue property. Levied on as the property of Wesley Knight to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Wesley Knight for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the town of East Point, land lot 163, in the Fourteenth District of Fulton county, Ga., and described as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of Williams and Cochran streets and running thence north along the west side of Cochran street, 132 feet; thence west 50 feet; thence south 132 feet to Williams street; thence east 50 feet along the north side of Williams street to point of beginning. Said tract being a part of the 10-acre tract known as the Pike Hill or Ben Conley place. Levied on as the property of H. A. Ledbetter to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said H. A. Ledbetter for state and county taxes for the year 1918.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in Blackhall district, land lot 150 in the Fourteenth District of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 100 feet on the north side of Cascade avenue between Beecher and an unnamed alley, and running back 300 feet more or less in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as number — on said street according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in Blackhall District adjoining Donnelly. Levied on as the property of Annie Lewis to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Annie Lewis for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 187, Seventeenth District of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of DeFoor's Ferry road and Springer street and running thence west along the north side of DeFoor's Ferry road 50 feet; thence north 209 feet; thence 50 feet in an easterly direction to Springer street; thence south 200 feet along the west side of Springer street to the beginning point. Being lot 27 of the C. G. Hannah and John S. Owens subdivision on Howell Mill road, plat recorded in Plat Book 5, page 16, Fulton county records. Levied on as the property of W. M. Lewis to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said W. M. Lewis for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of East Point, land lot 132, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 40 feet on the south side of East Washington street, between Randall and Harris streets and running back 200 feet more or less in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as number — on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of East Point adjoining Corbett and Thomas. Levied on as the property of P. A. McMullan to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said P. A. McMullan for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: That tract or parcel of land, a lot in land lot 15, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., commencing at a point 350 feet from the southeast corner of land lot 155, and running west along the south line of said land lot 95 feet; thence north 480 feet to a corner; thence east 95 feet to Coldwell corner; thence south 480 feet to starting point. Levied on as the property of E. G. Nabell to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said E. G. Nabell for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of East Point, land lot 155, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 75 feet on the north side of Nabell street, between Daupin street and city limits, and running back 460 feet more or less in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as number — on said street according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in the city of East Point adjoining Clark. Levied on as the property of E. V. Nabell to satisf a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and aganst said E. V. Nabel for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 150, of the Seventeenth district of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Beginning on the east side of Marietta street, 67 feet south of Lee avenue and running thence in a southeasterly direction along the eastern line of Marietta street 259 feet to Exposition street; thence easterly along the north side of Exposition street 74.3 feet to Corrie street; thence northerly along the west side of Corrie street 222.5 fet; thence westerly 149.4 feet to the point of beginning on Marietta street, as per plat of Conn & Fitzpatrick, engineers, made in August, 1911. Levied on as the property of National Stock Yard Commission company to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said National Stock Yard Commission company for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, land lot 22, Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Being in Ward 3, fronting 38 feet on the northwest corner of Confederate avenue and Ormewood streets, and running back 100 feet more or less in a northwesterly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 9 Confederate avenue, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga., adjoining the property of Hoover. Levied on as the property of C. R. O'Quinn to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said C. R. O'Quinn for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 178, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Commencing on the south side of a private road at a point 891 feet west of the intersection of said private road and the east original land line of said land lot and running thence west 463 feet along the south side of said private road; thence south 941 feet; thence east 463 feet; thence north 955 feet to the starting point. Levied on as the property of Daisy Palmer to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Daisy Palmer for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of College Park, land lot 159, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 100 feet on the south side of Mercer avenue, and running back 142.5 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — said street, according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of College Park adjoining Rudisill and Longino. Levied on as the property of J. L. and Emma Parker to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said J. L. and Emma Parker for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in Blackhall district, land lot 151 in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 50 feet on the west side of Brine street between Cascade avenue and Caldwell's pasture, and running back 180 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in Blackhall district adjoining Patterson. Levied on as the property of Geo. W. Patterson to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against Geo. W. Patterson for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 57, of the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., said lot known as No. 162 on Browns avenue of the Campbell Wallace, Jr., subdivision, as per plat recorded in Fulton county record book C-3, page 635. Said lot begins on the southeast side of Brown avenue 100 feet southwesterly from the southwest corner of Brown avenue and Lansing street and runs thence southwestwardly along the southeast side of Brown avenue 50 feet; thence southeastwardly and parallel with Lansing street 145 feet; thence northeastwardly 50 feet; thence northwestwardly and parallel with Lansing street 146.7 feet to Brown avenue and beginning point. Levied on as the property of Leila Peters to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Leila Peters for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 162, Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Beginning at a point on the south side of Cambridge avenue 109 feet west of the southwest corner of Victoria street and Cambridge avenue, running thence west along the south side of Cambridge avenue 54 feet; thence south 160.2 feet; thence east 54 feet; thence north 161 feet to beginning point. Said tract being lot No. 27 of the subdivision of T. J. Noland property made by Knox T. Thomas, C. E. Levied on as the property of Warren Price to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Warren Price for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 177, of the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., known as lot 17, in block C, of the Star Edwards subdivision, as per plat recorded in plat book 3, page 113, of the Fulton county records and more fully described as beginning at a point 260 feet north of the northeast corner of Cross street and Center Hill avenue; running thence north 50 feet; thence east 150 feet; thence south 50 feet; thence west 150 feet to beginning point. Levied on as the property of Miss Emma Reid to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Miss Emma Reid for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 148, Seventeenth district, Fulton county, Ga., and described as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of Forrest and Pine streets; thence south along the east side of Pine street 175 feet to lot 17; thence east along the north line of lot 17 55 feet to lot 19; thence north along the west line of lot 19 175 feet to Forrest street; thence west along the south side of Forrest street 55 feet to Pine street, being the point of beginning. Being lot 20 of the Weyman and Connor's subdivision, plat of same being recorded in clerk's office, Fulton superior court. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Jennie C. Rochester to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Mrs. Jennie C. Rochester for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 177, of the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., beginning at an iron stake at the southwest corner of Grand avenue and Hill street, running thence west along the south side of Hill street 250 feet; thence south 750 feet; thence east 250 feet; thence north 750 feet to the point of beginning. Being lots 22, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43 and 46 of what is known as the Sisk-Ham and Sumlin subdivision as per plat. Levied on as the property of Rockwood Improvement company, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Rockwood Improvement company for state and county taxes for the year 1915.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 57, Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., and known as lot No. 194, on Murray avenue of Campbell Wallace, Jr., subdivision, as recorded in Fulton county record deed book C, page 635. Said lot beginning at southwest corner of Murray avenue and Lansing street and runs thence westerly along the south side of Murray avenue 50 feet; thence southeasterly 174.5 feet; thence east 52 feet to Lansing street; thence northwesterly along the west side of Lansing street 187.5 feet to beginning point. Levied on as the property of W. M. Ross to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said W. M. Ross for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 10, Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Beginning at a point on the east side of Gilbert street, 100 feet north of the northeast corner of Gilbert and Harold street and running thence north along Gilbert 100 feet; thence east 174.6 to a 10-foot alley; thence south 100 feet along said alley; thence west 175 feet to beginning point. Being lots No. 13 and 14, block 1, of the Thomas & Lynes subdivision of the Hirsch property. Levied on as the property of Ralph Sample to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Ralph Sample for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 301, Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., and described as follows: Said property being 25 acres and being part of the west half of said land lot No. 30, and bounded as follows: North by land of Mrs. Nancy Wilson, west by Charles Dorman; South by William Forsigh; east by Weldon Sherly. Levied on as the property of J. E. Sistrunk et al., to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said J. E. Sistrunk et al., for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 143, Seventeenth district of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Commencing at the north east corner of Hemphill avenue (formerly Howell Mill road) and Peachtree Heights road, and running thence in a northeasterly direction along the southeast side of Howell Mill road 541 feet, more or less; thence in a westerly and northwesterly direction, following the curvature of the said road on the northern and eastern side thereof, 922 feet to the point of beginning. Containing 6.14 acres of land as shown by plat of same recorded in plat book 6, page 46, Fulton county records. Levied on as the property of Shelby Smith to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Shelby Smith for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 177, of the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Fronting 50 feet on the east side of Grand avenue and running back uniform width 150 feet, known as lot No. 15 of the Starr & Edwards subdivision, as per plat recorded in plat book 3, page 59, Fulton county records. Levied on as the property of Starr & Edwards to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Starr & Edwards for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of College Park, land lot 192 in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 50 feet on the north side of Princeton avenue, between Laster and Watson streets, and running back 170 feet more or less in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as number — on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of College Park adjoining Laster & Watson. Levied on as the property of Laura Stout to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Laura Stout for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in Colonial Hills, land lot 134, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 50 feet on the east side of Newnan avenue between Clermont street and Hawthorne way, and running back 150 feet more or less in an easterly direction, the house on said lot known as number — on said street according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in Colonial Hills adjoining Colonial Hills Land company. Levied on as the property of Miss Cora R. Strickland to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Miss Cora R. Strickland for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in Egan Park, land lot 130 in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 50 feet on the south side of Vane street, between Harrison road and Batchelor avenue, and running back 150 feet more or less in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as number — on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in Egan Park adjoining Thrailkeld. Levied on as the property of W. A. Sutton to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said W. A. Sutton for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., in land lot 208, known as lots Nos. 10 and 11, in block No. 7, of the subdivision of Lincoln Park property. Beginning at a stake 122½ feet from the northeast corner of Turner street and Lincoln avenue; thence running in an easterly direction along the north side of Lincoln avenue 120 feet to a stake; thence extending back in a northerly direction 175 feet to a 10-foot alley; thence running along the south side of said alley in a westerly direction 120 feet to a stake; thence running south 175 feet to the beginning point. Levied on as the property of Salina Tilliman to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Salina Tilliman for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 192, Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., described as follows: Being lots Nos. 2 and 4 in block 10, according to plat record in book 2, in the office of clerk of the superior court, Fulton county. Said lots fronting Third street 25 feet and running back same width, 140 feet to a 20-foot alley. Levied on as the property of Mrs. R. M. Tollerson to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Mrs. R. M. Tollerson for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot 160, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., beginning on the north side of Mason and Powell Ferry road, near the junction of said road and a settlement road leading to the Sandy Creek Methodist church (Col.), at a rock post 152 feet north of said road; thence north 1,100 feet to a rock post northwest of said church; thence east 600 feet to pine tree on land lot line; thence south 1,100 feet to rock pile corner; thence west 900 feet to rock post, point of beginning. Levied on as the property of Tom Turner to satisf a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Tom Turner for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of College Park, land lot 192, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 170 feet on the north side of Princeton avenue, block A, lot No. 1 of Rhodes subdivision, and running back 85 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of College Park adjoining Brewster. Levied on as the property of Calvin Weaver to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Calvin Weaver for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in Colonial Hills, land lot 134, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 52 feet on the south side of Elizabeth lane between Newnan and Dauphin streets, and running back 150 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being vacant property in Colonial Hills adjoining Cardoza and Arnold. Levied on as the property of Helen M. West to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Helen M. West for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in South Atlanta, land lot 57, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 50 feet on the south side of Park avenue between Lansing and Hardwick streets, and running back 150 feet, more or less, in a southerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 348 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in South Atlanta adjoining Hall and Freeman. Levied on as the property of Bessie Williams to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Bessie Williams for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in East Point, land lot 156, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 100 feet on the west side of Main street between Davis and Chattahoochee streets, and running back 500 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of East Point adjoining Southern Saw works. Levied on as the property of Ellen Wilson and Ida Thompson to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Ellen Wilson and Ida Thompson for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the town of East Point, county of Fulton, state of Georgia, described as follows: Beginning at a point on the south side of Dunlap street 180 feet east of Connally avenue at the west side of a 10-foot alley, running thence southwardly along the west side of said salley 210 feet to a 10-foot alley; running thence eastwardly along the north side of last named alley 60 feet; thence northwardly 210 feet to Dunlap street 120 feet east of Connally avenue; thence eastwardly along the south side of Dunlap street 60 feet to the point of beginning. Being lot No. 4, block M of the survey of the East Point Land company. Levied on as the property of Mrs. F. C. Wilson to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said Mrs. F. C. Wilson for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in Carey, land lot 250, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 60 feet on the north side of St. Paul avenue between Peyton road and Carey station, and running back 100 feet, more or less, in a northerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. — on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in Carey adjoining Hudson. Levied on as the property of Mrs. J. F. Wilson to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Mrs. J. F. Wilson for state and county taxes for the year 1913.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, Ward 6, land lot 50, in the Fourteenth district of Fulton county, Ga., fronting 100 feet on the west side of Peachtree street between Linden and North avenue, and running back 250 feet, more or less, in a westerly direction, the house on said lot known as No. 514 on said street according to street numbers, the same being improved property in the city of Atlanta adjoining Eagan. Levied on as the property of Ben C. Yancey, guardian, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the state and county against said lot and against said Ben C. Yancey, guardian, for state and county taxes for the year 1913. (This property so arranged can not subdivide.)

A. P. STEWART,
Tax Collector and Ex-Officio Sheriff, Fulton County, Georgia.

COTTON

Market in New York Closed 5 to 10 Points Lower Than Previous Close

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, July 24.—As a result of easier cables cotton opened 4 to 5 points lower today with only a light trade, mostly professional. Some uneasiness was expressed over the possible effects of the strong note to Germany, although this was somewhat modified by the higher stock market opening. Weather conditions were considered favorable and this, with reports that the Amoskeag Mills will shut down for three weeks beginning August 14, had a tendency to induce scattered bear pressure, which carried prices off 5 to 6 points under last night at the end of the first half hour.

No improvement was shown in the last hour and the market closed steady at 5 to 8 points net decline or about the lowest of the day with some southern selling in evidence as a result of the satisfactory weather and crop conditions.

NEW YORK COTTON

The following were the ruling quotations in the exchange today:

Tone, steady; middling, 9 20-100c, quiet.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sales.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Jan.	9.57	9.57	9.53	9.54	9.54	9.62
Feb.	....	....	....	....	9.64	9.72
March	9.81	9.81	9.79	9.79	9.79	9.85
April	....	....	....	....	9.89	9.96
May	10.01	10.01	9.99	9.99	10.00	10.05
June	....	....	....	....	10.10	10.15
July	....	....	....	....	....	8.88
Aug.	....	....	....	....	8.83	....
Sept.	....	....	....	....	9.03	9.09
Oct.	9.18	9.19	9.16	9.18	9.17	9.23
Nov.	....	....	....	....	9.29	9.39
Dec.	9.46	9.48	9.43	9.45	9.44	9.51

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.—Poor cables and continued favorable weather over the belt caused a depression of six points in the first half hour of trading in the cotton market today. The market was steadied, however, by reports of shedding in Mississippi.

Reports that large American mills would close for three weeks in August held the market down. Late in the session prices were a net loss of 6 to 7 points.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

The following were the ruling prices in the exchange today:

Tone steady; middling, 8 63-100c, steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sales	Close.	Prev Close.
Jan.	9.34	9.35	9.34	9.35	9.35	9.42
March	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.58	9.56	9.63
May	9.79	9.79	9.77	9.79	9.76	9.83
July	8.60	8.60	8.60	8.60	8.60	8.68
Aug.	....	....	....	....	8.62	8.73
Sept.	....	....	....	....	8.86	8.93
Oct.	9.03	9.05	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.07
Nov.	....	....	....	....	9.13	9.20
Dec.	9.26	9.27	9.23	9.24	9.23	9.30

NEW ORLEANS SPOT COTTON

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.—Spot cotton quiet and easy, unchanged. Sales on the spot 175 bales; to arrive 100; good ordinary, 6.62; strict good ordinary, 7.18; low middling, 7.81; strict low middling, 8.26; middling, 8.63; strict middling, 8.88; good middling, 9.20; strict good middling, 957.

SPOT COTTON MARKET

Atlanta, nominal, 8⅝c.
New York, quiet, 9 20-100c.
New Orleans, steady, 8 63-100c.
Liverpool, steady, 5 21-100d.
Savannah, middling, 8 50-100c.
Norfolk, steady, 8 38-100c.
Augusta, steady, 8 50-100c.
Houston, middling, 8 65-100c.
Baltimore, quiet, 8 50-100c.
Memphis, steady, 8 62-100c.
Charleston, middling, 8 50-100c.
St. Louis, steady, 8⅝c.
Mobile, steady, 8 18-100c.
Little Rock, steady, 8 50-100c.
Philadelphia, 9 45-100c.
Dallas, steady, 8 25-100c.
Boston, steady, 9 20-100c.
Galveston, steady, 8 75-100c.
Montgomery, steady, 8 40-100c.

DAILY INTERIOR RECEIPTS

	Last Year.	Today.
Augusta	60	243
Memphis	57	190
St. Louis	72	222
Cincinnati	100	456
Houston	299	922
Little Rock	22	...

ESTIMATED COTTON RECEIPTS

New Orleans expects tomorrow 1,400 to 1,700 bales, against 36 bales last year.

Galveston expects tomorrow 2,000 to 2,500 bales, against 73 bales last year.

COMPARATIVE PORT RECEIPTS

	Last year.	Today.
Galveston	1,307	6,483
New Orleans	194	535
Mobile	8	4
Savannah	137	774
Charleston	....	268
Wilmington	13	54
Norfolk	330	373
Boston	1	....
Pacific coast	....	5,958
Various	....	36
Total all ports	1,990	14,485

COTTON MARKET OPINIONS

Hayden, Stone & Co.: Though the weekly weather report stated on Wednesday that the plant is standing need of moisture very well, it is inevitable that a continuation of existing conditions will in the end result in deterioration.

Temperatures, however, are much below normal for this season, thirty-two stations out of fifty in Texas, reporting a minimum temperature of 65 or below during the 24 hours ending Friday morning. It is difficult to dry out the soil with cool nights.

COTTON OIL MARKET

	Open.	Close.
Spots	....	6.08@6.30
July	6.05@6.25	6.08@6.25
August	6.05@6.25	6.11@6.14
September	6.08@6.14	6.11@6.13
October	6.06@6.11	6.10@6.12
November	6.06@6.10	6.06@6.09
December	6.07@6.12	5.11@6.13
January	6.12@6.18	6.17@6.20
February	6.20@6.25	5.23@6.28

Tone, steady; sales, 2,100.

E. F. HUTTON & CO. COTTON LETTER

NEW YORK, July 24.—The market was without special feature today. Liverpool's failure to respond to our advance of yesterday encouraged local bears who hammered prices some 7 or 8 points below yesterday's closing. Those bullishly inclined are now awaiting the final settlement of our controversy with Germany. After it is disposed of, no matter whether favorably or unfavorably, the "bugaboo" will be removed and bullish confidence will be strengthened. There are further indications that some satisfactory agreement with England regarding the marketing of the new crop will be reached. The drouth in southwest Texas remains unbroken, but the bears are looking forward to another high condition crop next month. August is more than likely to prove the trying period of the growing crop and serious damage can result within the next few weeks.

HAYWARD & CLARK'S COTTON LETTER

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.—In these days of unrest, safety over a non-business day is being doubly considered and support, therefore, particularly restricted on a Saturday. Bears had no opposition whatever this morning; they were favored by a poor close at Liverpool, the note to Berlin and government predictions of showers in north Oklahoma and Arkansas, still there was no evidence of a desire to force the market.

As stated before, opinion right along has been so pronounced in respect to a break in the market from an early new crop movement that a good short interest has been built up for speculative account. These technical conditions give rise to the idea among professionals of too much company on the short side which may be the reason that action is delayed.

First trades here were at a decline of 4 to 6 points, but there was no aggressive pressure and October held near 9 cents.

New York wired that there was selling this morning on the announcement that the Amoskeag mills would shut down for three weeks. These mills shut down every summer for a certain time for repairs.

The Washington note to Berlin contained nothing that the country had not already been prepared for by preliminary publications in Washington. The note is in a way an ultimatum as was expected of the government.

Outside of Florida there was no rain in the belt overnight and temperatures continue low. There is a warm spell approaching from the west which may cause some cloudiness in the northern portion of the belt, but there are no specific rain indications and Washington predicts fair weather for Texas over Sunday.

Predictions come from creditable sources that the Dardanelles will be forced during the next fortnight. If this should be accomplished it would be a big gain for the popular side and for trade, and might have a decidedly stimulating effect on the markets.

A report from Georgia says that while the crop everywhere has the appearance of a very high condition in every respect, experienced farmers claim that on examination the plant shows the effect of poor and insufficient fertilization, and they believe the yield is sure to be one-third to one-half of the normal yield.

Atlanta Markets

ATLANTA, Ga., July 24.—Cotton by wagon, nominal, 8⅝c.

DRESSED POULTRY.

Hens, 15@16c pound; fries, 20c; turkeys, dressed, 18@20c; Springers, 21c.

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens, 15c; fries, 17c; turkeys, dressed, ducks, alive, 11@12c; turkeys, alive 15c; hens, alive, 12½c; fries, alive, 17@18c; 30c each; roosters, 30c each.

FISH.

Pompano, per lb., 20c; Spanish mackerel, per lb., 12½c; trout, drawn, per lb., 11c; headless red snapper, per lb., 9c; blue fish, per lb., 7@8c; whiting, per lb., 8c; mango snapper, per lb., 6c; mullet, per lb., 4c; small channel and perch, per lb., 5c; mixed bottom fish, per lb., 4c.

CEREALS.

Purity oats, round, $1.50; do. 18s, square, $1.40; Iowa Hominy Grits, 24 10c packages, $1.80; Postum Cereal, large, $2.25; assorted, $2.50; small, $2.70; Instant Postum, large, $4.50; small, $5.40; assorted, $5.00; Post Toasties, 10c size, $2.70; 15c size, $2.70; hotel size, $1.25; grape-nuts, $2.70; hotel size, $1.25; Post Tavern porridge, 36s, 10c size, $2.80; 24s, 15c size, $2.80; Krinkle corn flakes, 8s 10c packages, $1.75.

SALT.

Salt—brick (med.) per case, $5.10; salt brick (plain) per case, $2,35; Salt Ozone, 30 packages, per case, $1.00; salt Ozone, 25 packages, 85c; salt, red rock, cwt., $1.10; salt Chippewa, 100-lb. sacks, 52c; salt Chippewa, 50-lb. sacks, 31c; salt Chippewa, 25-lb. sacks, 19c; salt V. P., 100-lb. sacks, 52c; salt V. P., 50-lb. sacks, 31c; salt V. P., 25-lb. sacks, 19c.

CRACKERS.

Crackers—Block's XXX Florida sodas, 7½c; Block's soda, 8c; Block's wafers, 13c; graham creams, $1.50 per dozen; Block's family tin crispettes, 50c size, $5.00 per dozen; Block's lemon creams, 9c; pearl oysters, 8c; ginger snaps, 8c; cornhills, 8c; penny cakes, 10c; Jumbles, 11c; figbars, 12c; raisin cookies, 10c; crakers, in 5c cartons 50c dozen; crackers in 10c cartons, $1.00.

CANDIES

Stick Candy—Block's 7½c; 30-lb. pails chocolate drops (Block's), 12c; Colonial chocolates, 1-lb. packages, $3.25; Block's bonton mixed, 30-lb. pails, 9c; Block's extra superb chocolate (nut or fruit centers), 1-lb. size, $6.50 per dozen; crackerjack, 50 5c packages, $1.75; 100 5c packages, $3.50; Angelus marshmallows, 50 10c packages, $3.25; Angelus chocolate-coated marshmallows, 50 10c packages, $3.25; Reliable marshmallows, 40c, 50c.

Brower's pure sugar loaf, 8½c; Brower's pure sugar honeycomb, 13c; Brower's Sunshine cream, 8c; Brower's Sunshine mixed, 7½c; Brower's medicated cough drops, 75c box; Rainbow stick, pure sugar, $3.00 per case; open furnace, stick, 7½c; popular mixed, 9½c; rainbow mixed, 11c; Brower's peerless chocolate drops, 30-lb. pails, 12c.

FRUIT AND PRODUCE

Cantaloupes, per crate, 50c@$1.00; oranges, Florida, crate, $3.75@4.00; oranges, California, crate, $4.25; grapefruit, crate, $1.50@2.50; pineapples, crate, $1.50@2.00; lemons, crate, $2.50@3.25.

Butter—Blue Valley, 31c; country butter, 18@20c. Eggs—Blue Valley, selected, 18c; country eggs, fresh, 15c.

Vegetables—Cabbage, crate, $1.00; onions, crate, $1.00@1.25; potatoes, new bbl., $1.25 @2.00; potatoes, new, drum, 50@75c; tomatoes, fancy, crate, 75c@$1.00; tomatoes, choice, crate, 50@75c; egg plant, crate, $1.50@2.00; beans, green, drum, 25@40c; squash, drum, 25 @85c; cukes, drum, 25@35c; okra, drum, $1.00; lettuce, per crate, $1.25; corn, dozen, 15c; celery, fancy, small, 50c dozen; beets, $1.25 per crate; cauliflower, 10 per pound.

MEAT, LARD AND HAMS.

Dry salt extra ribs, 10¾c; dry salt rib bellies, medium average, 11¼c; dry salt rib bellies, light average, 11½c; Kingan pure lard, 9⅝c basis; Kingan Sea Foam compound, 7⅝c; Kingan sliced breakfast bacon in 1-lb. cartons, 28c; Kingan's Shamrock hams, 10-lb. or 12-lb., 17½c; Kingan's F. F. V. country style hams, 17½c.

Cornfield hams, 10 to 12 average, 17¼c; Cornfield hams, 12 to 14 average, 17c; Cornfield skinned hams, 16 to 18 average, 16¾c; Cornfield Picnic hams, 6 to 8 average, 12¼c; Cornfield breakfast bacon, 24c; Cornfield sliced bacon, 1-lb. boxes, 12 to case, $3.25 per case; grocers' bacon, wide and narrow, 18½c; Cornfield fresh pork sausage, link or bulk, 25-lb. buckets, 13c; Cornfield wieners, 10-lb. cartons, 18c; Cornfield bologna sausage, 25-lb. boxes, 12c; Cornfield luncheon hams, 25-lb. boxes, 14c; Cornfield lard, tierce basis, 10¼c; country stye lard, 50-lb. cans, 10½c; compound lard tierce basis, 7⅝c.

GROCERIES.

Mackerel—U-No-It brand, 5-6 ounce, 100 count, $3.25; Anchor brand, 9-10 average, 75 count, $4.00; Crown brand, 10-11 oz., 75 count, $4.50; fancy Norway, 11-12 oz., 75 count, $5.00; lake herring, 10-lb., half barrel, $4.10; 60-lb. keg, $2.80; 6-lb. kit, 37c; salmon, No. 1, talls, Alaska red, $7.00; No. 1, talls, pink, $4.10; No. 1, talls, chums, $3.75; fish flakes, B. & M., small, 2 ounce to case, $1.80; B. & M., large, 2 dozen to case, $2.70; sardines, domestic, Continental, keys, ¼ oil, new pack, $3.50; Conqueror, keyless, ¼ oils, $3.25; Continental, ¾ mustard, keys, $3.15; Home Run, smoked, keys, ¼ oils, $3.50; beef, corned, Libby's No. 1, $3.00 per dozen; Libby's tripe, 2s, $3.75 dozen; Libby's brand, Vienna sausage, ½s, 95s; Libby's mince meat, 25-lb. kegs, 12½c; Libby's pkg. current mince, 2s, $2.50.

Cheese—Full cream, Blue Valley daisies, 18c; coffee, Blue Ridge brand, roasted, 15c; Stonewall brand, 24c; AAAA, 15.50c; Uno, 25c.

Rice—Japan style, 5@6c; domestic, medium head, 6@6½c; fancy head, 7½@8c. Beans—Lima, 6¾c; California black eyes, 7½c; pinks, 6¼c; choice navies, $3.85 bu.; red kikdneys, $4.15; Alaga syrup, 1½s, 48 to case, $4.00; 2s, 36 to case, $3.75; No. 10, 6 to case, $4.00; 2s, 36 to case, $3.75; No. 10, 6 to case, $3.50; No. 5, 12 to case, $3.75; canned beans with pork and tomato sauce. Riders' No. 1, 4 dozen to case, $1.80; No. 2, 24 to case, $1.60; No. 3, 24 to case, $1.80; canned corn, Stokely's Main style, $1.75; B. & M. Main, $3.00; lye hominy, Stokely's No. 3, $1.40; tomatoes, Stokely's No. 2, $1.40; Virginias, No. 2, $1.25; Brook's tomato catsup, 10c; special, 85c dozen; 25c, $2.25 dozen; peaches, Georgia pies, No. 3, $1.75 case; dried in boxes, 6c; confectioners' starch, in 280-lb. bags, $3.10 per 100 lbs.; Tiger lump starch, 3½c; Beauty, 5-oz. oysters, $1.50.

FLOUR, GRAIN, HAY AND FEED

Flour, sacked, per bbl.—Victoria (in towel bags), $7.25; Victory (finest patent), $7.10; quality (in towel bags), $7.25; Quality (finest patent), $7.10; Capitola, $6.45@6.55; Olympia, $6.20@6.30; Miss Dixie (self-rising), $6.65@6.75; Cresco (superlative patent), $6.25@6.75; Gloria (self-rising) $7.00; Nell Rose (self-rising), $6.85; White Lily (self-rising), $6.85; White Lily (12-pound sacks), $7.00; Puritan (highest patent), $6.75; Home Queen (highest patent, $6.75; White Cloud (high patent), $6.60; White Daisy (high patent), $6.60; Ocean Spray (good patent), $6.35; SoSuthern Star (good patent), $6.35; Sun Rise (good patent), $6.35; Ballard's Obelisk, $7.00; Ballard's Table Talk, $6.25; Ballard's Pioneer (self-rising), $6.50.

Meal, sacked, per bushel—Meal, plain, 144-lb. sacks, $1.02; meal, plain, 96-lb. sacks, $1.03; meal, plain, 48-lb. sacks, $1.05; meal, plain, 24-lb. sacks, $1.07.

Grain, sacked, per bushel—Corn, choice white, milling, $1.04; corn, No. 2 white, $1.04; oats, fancy, white clipped, 67c; oats, No. 2 white, clipped, 66c; oats, white, 65c; oats, choice Oklahoma red oats, 66c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 64c.

Hay, etc.—Alfalfa hay, No. 1 green, $1.20; timothy, No. 1, large bales, $1.40; timothy, No. 1, small bales, $1.35; light clover mixed, large bales, $1.35; light clover mixed, small bales, $1.30; peavine hay, choice, $1.25; bermuda hay, 90c; stover, 70c; straw, 65c; cotton seed meal, $28.00; cotton seed hulls, square sacks, $8.75.

Chicken feed, per cwt.—Aunt Patsy, bales, 4 25-lb. sacks, $2.40; Aunt Patsy mash, 100-lb. sacks, $2.40; Purina chowder, 100-lb. sacks, $2.50; Purina pigeon feed, 100-lb. sacks, $2.60; Purina scratch, 12-package bales, $2.50; Purina scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.45; Victoria scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.30; Daisy scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.15; beef scraps, per 100-lb. sacks, $3.35; beef scraps, per 50-lb. sacks, $1.85; oyster shells, per 100-lb. sacks, 75c; Capitola chicken feed, cwt., $2.85.

Ground feed, per cwt.—Arab horse feed, $1.90; Repeater horse feed, $1.80; Victoria horse feed, $1.80; King Corn horse feed, $1.75; A. B. C. horse feed, $1.55; JJune pasture dairy feed, $1.55; alfalfa meal, 100-lb. sacks, $1.55; best pulp, 100-lb. sacks, $1.70; Capitola molasses feed, cwt., $1.80.

Seeds, sacked, per bushel—Orange cane seed, 3-bushel sacks, $1.15; amber cane seed, 3-bushel sacks, $1.15; Tennessee seed rye, $1.10; seed barley, $1.20; Tennessee oats, 65c; Oklahoma rust proof oats, 62c.

Shorts, bran and mill feed—Shorts, Red Dog, 100-lb. sacks, $2.10; fancy mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.95; P. W. mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.85; Georgia feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.70; gray shorts, 100-lb. sacks, $1.80; brown shorts, 100-lb. sacks, $1.80; Germ meal, 100-lb. sacks, $1.65; germ meal, 75-lb. sacks, $1.65; bran, P. W., 100-lb. sacks, $1.40.

DUN'S WEEKLY REVIEW

Dun's Review says:

"Apart from the development of further labor controversies the general situation maintains its favorable aspects. Recent settlement of the troubles in the building trades in the west has been followed by the adjustment of the local clothing strike but fresh disturbances have arisen here and elsewhere, notably at oil plants in New Jersey. Differences between employers and wage earners, however, are not yet sufficiently widespread to seriously interfere with the progress of manufacture and distribution, although the unsettled conditions make for increased conservatism in some directions. It is not the season for the tide of business to rise, but there are indications of a well sustained volume of transactions in various commercial and industrial lines. Not the least significant of these is the steady upward trend of commodity prices. Most products are gaining in value because of the urgent foreign demands, but in some instances domestic consumption is also broadening. Except for essentially hot weather merchandise, recent high temperatures had the usual effect of retarding the retail movement, yet bank clearings at outside cities this week were again slightly larger than last year's, while with the New York included the gain was 8.5 per cent. Returns of railroad earnings do not make the same favorable comparison, but these are gradually increasing.

STOCKS

Bethlehem Steel, Beetb Sugar and Baldwin Loco Up, General Motors Off

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, July 24.—Effect of the American reply to the German government has been discounted in the market's action during the last few days, so that although considered drastic, it had but little effect at the opening of the stock exchange today. Initial quotations were fractionally irregular. Immediately following prices advanced vigorously under the leadership of United States Steel, Bethlehem Steel, Crucible Steel, Westinghouse Electric and Baldwin Locomotive. Bethlehem Steel improved 8½ to 209½, a new high record, on rumors of further large contracts. Several other shares approached recent high levels, but pressure was again applied to the Gould group.

Pool operations were encouraged today by the reception accorded President Wilson's note to Germany in the street, and the fact that the outside participation in the war specialties is expanding steadily, despite the sensational height to which prices of many of these shares have risen. Following out their well known procedure of singling out a particular issue for effect on the entire group. Bethlehem Steel was rushed up rapidly, with more moderate advances in similar shares. Traders who had been fighting the rise in the market were impressed by the quality of the buying and bought freely. Hasty profit taking, and a desire to await enlightenment on the manner in which the president's message will be received at Berlin caused a reaction, but there was a sharp upturn later. Sensational buying of electric boat in the "outside" market sent it up 75 points to 340.

The closing was strong. Bonds were steady.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK, July 24.—The following were the open, high, low, last sales and previous close quotations on the stock exchange today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sales.	Prev. Close
Amal. Copper	71⅞	72¼	71⅞	72	72⅛
Amer. Beet Sug.	51⅝	52¾	51⅝	52¾	51½
Amer. Can Co.	57¾	59½	57¼	59¼	56¾
Amer. Car Fdry.	56½	57	56½	56¾	56⅝
Amer. Cot. Oil	....	....	....	....	46¾
Amer. Ice Sec.	....	....	....	....	24
Amer. Linseed	9¾	9¾	9½	9½	10
Amer. Locomo.	52⅝	53¼	52	52¾	52¾
Amer. Smelting	78⅞	78⅞	78	77½	78¼
Alaska Gold	33¾	33¾	33¾	33⅝	33¾
Amer. Sug. Rfy.	....	....	....	....	109
Allis-Chalmers	23⅝	24½	23⅝	24	23⅝
Amer. T. & T.	....	....	....	....	121¼
Am. Hide & L.	....	....	....	....	6⅝
Am. H. & L. pd.	33¾	35¾	33⅝	33⅝	33½
Amer. Fdry	39¾	39¾	39	39½	40⅞
Anaconda	68	68	68	68	....
Atchison	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101
Atlantic S. Line	100	100¼	100	100¼	100
Balti. & Ohio	79	79⅝	78⅝	78¾	78⅞
Bethlehem Steel	202	209½	202	208	201
Baldwin Loco.	77½	78¼	77¼	78⅝	76¾
B. R. T.	....	....	....	....	85
Butte Sup.	70	70½	70	70½	70¾
Canadian Pacific	140	140⅝	139½	139⅝	139¾
Central Leather	42	42½	42	42⅝	42⅛
Chino Copper	44½	44½	44½	44½	44½
Chesa. & Ohio	39¼	39⅛	39	39	38¾
Crucible Steel	45½	47½	45⅛	45½	45
Colorado F. & I.	34⅝	34¾	34⅛	34¼	34⅝
Cuban Sugar	118½	119	118	118	119
Con. Gas	....	....	....	....	127½
Corn Products	14½	14½	14½	14½	14⅞
Dame Mines	23	23	23	23	....
Distillers' Sec.	27	27⅛	26½	26½	26¼
Erie	25¼	25⅝	25¼	25¼	25¼
Erie, First	39⅝	39¾	39	39¼	39½
Gen. Electric	171⅝	171⅝	170	179	170⅝
General Motors	182½	182½	180	180¼	181¼
Goodrich Rubber	51	51¼	50⅝	50⅝	50¾
G. Northern Ore	37¼	37¼	36⅞	36⅞	36⅝
G. Norther pf.	116	116	116	116	116¼
Great Western	....	....	....	....	11
Interboro	19	19⅛	19	19	19⅛
Interboro, pf.	73	73	73	73	....
Illinois Central	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	101
Imp. Copper	29⅞	30	29⅞	30	30
Inter. Paper	9½	9⅝	9½	9⅝	9
Kan. City Southern	23	23	23	23	23
Kan. and Texas	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	5½
Kan. & Texas pf.	....	....	....	....	....
Lehigh Valley	141⅝	141⅝	141	141	141⅛
L. & N.	....	....	....	....	106
Mex. Petroleum	73	73½	71½	71½	72⅝
Nev. Con. Copper	14	14	14	14⅛	14
Mo. Pacific	2⅜	2⅜	2¼	2¼	2⅝
N. Y. Air Brake	102	103⅝	102	102	103
National Lead	63	63	62½	62½	63⅝
N. Y. Central	86¼	86¼	86	86	86
New Haven	....	....	....	....	57½
North Am.	73	73	73	73	....
Nor. Western	104	104	104	104	104
Northern Pacific	....	....	....	....	104
Northwestern	....	....	....	....	121
Ontario & West.	26	26	26	26	26¼
Pacific Mail	35⅝	36	35	35	34½
Pennsylvania	106¼	106⅝	106½	106⅝	106⅝
Phila. & Read.	146½	147¼	146½	146¾	147
Pittsburg Coal	22½	23	22½	23	22½
Pressed S. Car	50	50	50	50	50
Ray Con. Copper	22½	22⅞	22½	22¾	22½
Rep. I. & Steel	36	36½	35¾	35¾	35⅞
Rep. I. & S., pd.	93	93	92⅝	92⅞	93
Rock Island	12	12	11¼	11½	11½
Sloss-Sheffield	....	....	....	....	39½
Southern Pacific	83⅝	85⅛	84¼	84⅝	84½
Southern Railway	13¼	13¼	12⅞	12⅞	12¾
Southern Ry., pd.	43⅝	43⅝	43¼	43¼	43½
St. Paul	79½	79⅝	79¼	79⅞	79¼
S. A. L.	11⅝	11⅝	11¼	11¼	11¾
S. A. L., pd.	30	30	29⅝	29⅝	30½
Studebaker	82	82⅝	82	82¼	82⅞
Third Avenue	50½	50½	50¼	50¼	50½
Tenn. Copper	36⅝	36¾	36⅝	36¾	36⅞
Texas Pacific	8½	9	8¼	9	8⅞
Texas Co.	131	131	131	131	131¼
Sears-Roebuck	....	....	....	....	147
Union Pacific	126⅝	127⅝	126½	126⅝	126⅝
Kuickslilver	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2
U. S. Rubber	44¾	45	44	44¼	45⅝
U. S. Steel	64	64⅞	63⅞	64¼	64⅛
U. S. Steel, pd.	111	111⅝	110⅞	111	111⅛
Utah Copper	66	66	65	65½	65⅞
Va.-Car. C. Co.	31¼	31¼	31	31	....
Willys Overland	135	135	135	132⅝	135
Western Union	69	69	69	69	69
West. Elec. Co.	107	109	107	107⅝	107¼
Maxwell Motors	....	....	....	....	36¼
Guggenheim	68½	68½	68½	68½	68⅞
Miami Copper	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
Nat. Enamel	20⅝	24¼	20⅝	23⅝	20⅝

Total sales, 280,872 shares.

MONEY AND BONDS

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, July 24.—Mercantile paper 3@3½.

Sterling sixty day bills, 4.71.75; demand, 4..76.50; cales, 4.77.25. Francs, demand, 5.64½; cables, 5.63½. Marks, demand, 81¾; cables, 81⅞. Lires, demand 622½; cables, 621½. Rubles, demand, 33; cables 33¼.

Bar silver, 47¼.

Mexican dollars, 36⅝.

Government bonds, steady.

Railroad bonds, steady.

LOCAL STOCKS AND BONDS

STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked
Atlantic Ice & Coal Corp.	77	78
Atlantic Ice & Coal Corp., pf.	85	86
A. & W. P. R. R.	148	153
American National Bank	199	200
Atlanta National Bank	280	290
Atlanta Brewing & Ice Co.	55	65
Atlanta Trust Co.	45	50
Central Bank & Trust Corp.	138	140
Augusta & Savannah Railway	100	102
Fulton National Bank	108	112
Fourth National Bank	270	275
Exposition Cotton Mills	118	120
Ga. Ry. & Elec., pf., 5 per cent	85	87
Ga. Ry. & Elec., stamped	116½	117½
Ga. Ry. & Power Co., 1st pf.	68	69
Ga. Ry. & Power Co., 2d	14	15
Ga. Ry. & Power Co., com.	8½	9
Empire Cotton Oil Co., com.	65	66
Empire Cotton Oil, pf.	94	95
Lowry National Bank	223	225
Trust Company of Georgia	226	228

BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked
Atlanta 4½, 1940	100	102
Atlanta 3½s, 1933	86¾	87⅝
Ga. Ry. & Elec. 5s	97	99
Sou. Bell Tel. & Tel. 5s	96½	97½
Southern Ry. 5s	100½	101
Georgia 4½s, 1915	100	100½
Atlantc Ice & Coal Corp. 6s	92	95

GOSSIP

Weather Report, Crop Advices, Expert Opinions and Newspaper Comment

COTTON GOSSIP

Times-Picayune says: As the season of 1914-15 is now so near at its end, one fact of supreme importance to the cotton trade may be put beyond dispute; despite the great war and its infinite complexities, spinners' takings will have amounted to fully 13,500,000 bales by August 1. The most resolute optimist did not dream of such a result after the full effect of the war began to be felt but truth is stranger than fiction in commerce as elsewhere.

What will the new crop be? And what will spinners' takings amount to if the conflict lasts another year? With regard to the crop, no accurate estimate is possible at this stage of the game; with regard to spinners' takings it seems safe to assume that the record will be equalled and the probabilities favor an excess. What would happen if peace came, nobody can pretend to say because nobody knows how much the ammunition factories have consumed beyond the normal, nor can anybody know whether routine trade would absorb, or more than absorb the extra quantities used by makers of shells and the like.

Nevertheless it is clear that the south is better able to fight for its own than one dared to imagine a year ago. For the federal reserve system has meanwhile become an accomplished fact and funds for carrying cotton may therefore be had at reasonable rates. Besides the average man has adjusted himself to the present state of things and is not to be stampeded by ghost stories.

The cotton market will not await Germany's reply. No matter what its tenor may be when the controversy is definitely settled it will tend to restore bullish confidence and higher prices will likely result. In the meantime the Texas drouth remains unbroken.—M. D. Burnley.

Map shows fair entire belt, no rain except cloudy Florida with geenral showers over that state.

Map indicates generally fair, warmer except possibly some cloudiness north Oklahoma, Arkansas. See no reliable indications of any change.

Storm warning: Disturbance of moderate intensity off east Florida coast will move northeast, its center keeping off the coast, and will cause fresh to strong northeast to north winds off the Atlantic coast between Cape Cod and Hatteras during the next 48 hours.

Forecast:

Tennessee: Fair tonight, Sunday partly cloudy, probably showers west portion.

Virginia: Fair interior and probably showers on the coast tonight and Sunday, fresh to strong northeast winds.

Georgia: Generally fair tonight and Sunday, fresh north winds.

Alabama and Mississippi: Generally fair to night and Sunday, light north and northwest winds.

Kentucky: Cloudy tonight and Sunday with probably showers and thunder storms, moderate temperature.

Louisiana and East Texas: Fair tonight and Sunday; not much change in temperature; light northeast and north winds on the coast.

Arkansas: Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday, probably showers in north portion; moderate temperature.

Oklahoma: Showers and thunder storms this afternoon and tonight; Sunday fair.

West Texas: Generally fair tonight and Sunday except probably showers in extreme west portion.

C. W. MacCar, chairman of International Federation of Master Cotton Spinners and Manufacturers association, indorses the suggestion that Great Britain purchase their proportion to the American crop which usually goes to Germany and Austria and store until end of war.

STOCK GOSSIP

Dow, Jones' summary: American note says freedom of seas must be maintained without compromise and at any cost; further offenses will be deliberately unfriendly. American press comment puts issue squarely up to Germany. President Wilson calls for reports on subject of national defense to aid him in preparing reasonable and accurate program which he will propose to congress at the proper time. Failures this week in United States, 411, against 46 last week and 352 a year ago. Statements on committee of constitutional convention report a favorable serial bond plan for state financing. American Brake, Shoe and Foundry company is considering a plan for readjustment of company's capital, which should mean a gain to preferred and possibly to common stockholders. Missouri Pacific security holders united to resist reorganized plan. Japan planning to spent $1,000,000,000 on her navy in next six years. Average price of 12 industrials, 92.12, off .15; 20 railways 90.16, off .12.

E. F. Hutton & Co. say: The president's message must show to every one the acute condition that exists between Germany and this country. The railroad list has recognized this for some time, but war stocks do not. With a market so peculiar, no one can attempt to forecast its action. The Mexican situation comes next. The weakness in low priced railroad shares is brought about by recent developments in Missouri Pacific and St. Louis and San Francisco.

The final authorization on the closing of the $40,000,000 contract which the British government has been negotiatng with the American Can company has reached the officials of the company from London.

GRAIN GOSSIP

Bartlett, Frazier & Co. say: We still feel caution should be exercised about making short sales of wheat. We still feel friendly to the long side of all corn futures. Oat prices are not likely to ease much.

Liverpool cash wheat closed strong unchanged to 1¼ up; corn strong unchanged to 1 up.

Paris spot wheat unchanged.

Corn—Practically all local trade; scattered commission house selling, locals bearish. Oats—July strong and higher on demand from shorts and any visible strength to September and December oats is occasioned by strong position of July. Otherwise these futures are acting with heavy undertone. Armour selling September corn.

Grain belt forecast: Illinois, Wisconsin, Missouri, Iowa: Unsettled with showers. Minnesota, North Dakota unsettled. South Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas, probably showers.

A cable from Rome, Italy, predicts the opening of the Dardanelles within the next two weeks.

Best posted Kansas City men say storms the past forty days destroyed as much wheat in southwest as would have been marketed in July. Trade figures movement is delayed. Fact is, wheat is lost and only normal movement to Kansas City market probable from now on.

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET

	Open.	Close.
January	6.91@6.95	6.91@6.92
February	6.93@7.00	6.95@6.96
March	6.98	6.99@7.00
April	....	7.04@7.06
May	7.08 bid	7.09@7.11
June	7.10@7.20	7.14@7.15
July	....	6.94@6.96
August	....	6.84@6.86
September	6.75 bid	6.77@6.78
October	6.80@6.82	6.80@6.81
November	....	6.84@6.85
December	6.85	6.87@6.88

Tone steady; sales, 3,000.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Coffee, Rio No. 7, 7½c.

NAVAL STORES

(By Associated Press.)

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 24.—Turpentine, firm, 39½c; sales, none; receipts, 360; shipments, 74; stock, 26,102;.

Rosin firm, sales none; receipts, 1,240; shipments, 285; stock, 59,708.

Quote: B, $2.80; D, $3.00; E, $3.05; F, $3.10; G and H, $3.15@3.20; I, $3.20; K, $3.50@3.60; M, $4.20@4.25; N, $5.00; WG, $6.00; WW, 6.50.

Weather Conditions

Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday.

Atlanta and vicinity: Fair tonight and Sunday.

Georgia and Alabama: Generally fair tonight and Sunday.

The slight disturbance over Florida has practically disappeared and the weather is now generally clear over the entire cotton belt, with very moderate temperatures. A few stations in Florida reported rain, Tampa receiving 1.36 inches. A number of stations along the territory extending from Arizona northeastward to the upper lakes also received rain.

A moderate area of low pressure exists in the extreme southwest, but the barometric pressure is again high over Manitoba, indicating continued moderate temperatures for some time to come.

Temperatures ranged from 84 degrees at Key West at 7 a. m. to 76 degrees at Jacksonville, 70 degrees at Atlanta, and 50 degrees at Duluth and Winnipeg. Moderately warm weather prevails west of the Mississippi river.

Fair weather is indicated for Atlanta, without much change in temperature.

C. F. VON HERRMANN, Section Director.

GRAIN

Wheat Closed 1 1-2 to 3 3-8c Higher—Corn Steady—Oats Up—Provisions Lower

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, July 24.—Wheat scored a decided advance today on unfavorable weather. After opening ⅝ to 1¼ higher, prices rose materially all around.

Reports of a fair demand from the seaboard led to additional wheat gains. The close was nervous at 1½ to 3⅜c net advance.

Corn showed some firmness in sympathy with wheat, opening a shade off to ¼c up, then rose slightly.

Active shipping call brought considerable firmness in corn, but it closed unsettled, ¼ off to ¼ up net.

Oats, like wheat, rose sharply on account of unfavorable weather.

Higher prices for hogs steadied provisions.

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS

The following were the ruling prices in the exchange today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
WHEAT—					
July	112	114¼	111⅝	114¼	110⅝
Sept.	107½	109	107⅛	108¾	160⅝
Dec.	110	111¼	109⅝	110¾	109¼
CORN—					
July	80¾	81¼	80¼	80½	80¾
Sept.	75⅝	75¾	74⅝	75¼	75¼
Dec.	64⅝@64½	65	64¼	64¾	64½
OATS—					
July	52¾@52	54	52	54	57½
Sept.	38 @37⅞	38¼	37¼	38⅛	37⅞
Dec.	39½@39¾	40	39⅜	39⅞	39⅜
PORK—					
July	.....	.....	.....	13.85	14.22
Sept.	14.55	14.55	14.10	14.10	14.47
Oct.	14.67	14.67	14.25	14.25	14.65
LARD—					
July	.....	.....	.....	8.00	8.07
Sept.	8.20	8.20	8.10	8.10	8.27
Oct.	8.25	8.30	8.22	8.22	8.27
RIBS—					
July	.....	.....	.....	9.80	9.90
Sept.	9.95	9.97	9.90	9.90	10.00
Oct.	9.92	9.95	9.82	9.82	9.95

RECEIPTS IN CHICAGO

	Today.	Estimated Tomorrow.
Wheat	395 cars	300 cars
Corn	129 cars	70 cars
Oats	141 cars	125 cars
Hogs	9,000 head	32,000 head

ST. LOUIS CASH QUOTATIONS.

The following were the cash quotations on grain and the previous close.

	Close.	Prev. Close.
WHEAT—		
No. 2 red	1.14	1.13 @1.14
No. 3 red	....	1.04 @1.10
No. 2 hard	Nominal	Nominal
CORN—		
No. 2	81½	81
No. 2 white	82	81½
OATS—		
No. 2	53½	Nominal
No. 2 white	58½	57

GRAIN CLEARANCES.

Clearances—Wheat, 490,000 bushels; corn, 78,000 bushels; oats, 379,000 busels; flour, 7,000 barrels; wheat and flour, 522,000 bushels.

CHICAGO CASH QUOTATIONS

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, July 24.—Wheat, No. 2 red, new, $1.14@1.14¾; No. 2 hard, new, $1.15@1.18.

Corn, No. 2 yellow, 82@82¼c.
Barley, 74@79c.
Timothy, $5.40@5.50.
Clover, $8.50@13.25.
Pork, $13.25.
Lard, $7.90@7.97.
Ribs, $9.25@9.85.

PRIMARY MOVEMENT.

Wheat—Receipts, 979,000 against 412,000 last week, and 2,639,000 last year.

Corn—Receipts, 469,000 against 523,000 last week, and 497,000 last year.

Oats—Receipts, 493,000 against 561,000 last week, and 810,000 last year.

Wheat—Shipments, 327,000 against 293,000 last week and 1,436,000 last year.

Corn—Shipments, 255,000 against 340,000 last week and 380,000 last year.

Oats—Shipments, 452,000 against 487,000 last week, and 590,000 last year.

KANSAS CITY CASH QUOTATIONS.

(By Associated Press.)

KANSAS CITY, July 24.—Wheat, No. 2 hard, $1.33@1.45; No. 2 red, $1.14@1.27.

Corn, No. 2 mixed, 79@79½c; No. 2 white, 78@78½c; No. 2 yellow, 79½@80c.

Oats, No. 2 white, 51½@53c; No. 2 mixed, 46@46½c.

METAL MARKET.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, July 24.—Copper easy; electrolytic, 19.00@19.50.

Iron unchanged.

SUGAR MARKET

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, July 24.—Sugar futures were dull and featureless today. The closing was quiet 1 to 3 points higher; sales 150 tons.

NEW YORK SUGAR MARKET.

	Open.	Close.
January	3.08 bid	....
February	3.08@3.15	3.10@3.13
March	3.10 bid	3.13@3.16
April	....	3.15@3.16
May	3.15 bid	3.18@3.20
June	3.26@3.28	3.23@3.24
August	....	3.58@3.60
September	3.65@3.67	3.65@3.66
October	3.70@3.72	3.70@3.71
November	3.56 bid	3.55@3.57
December	3.40@3.43	3.42@3.45

Tone, steady; sales 150.

ELGIN BUTTER MARKET

(By Associated Press.)

ELGIN, July 24.—Butter, 100 tubs sold at 24½c; 100 at 25½c; 25½c bid for 1,000 tubs.

KING, FARNUM & CO.'S GRAIN LETTER

CHICAGO, July 24.—Wheat—Prices have continued to harden as a result of more rain and predictions for showers over Sunday. Late reports indicate considerable losses in Kansas and with indifference of farmers to bid and exhaustion in old crop supplies, we believe situation is favorable to holders with possibility of black rust damage northwest still to be reckoned with.

Corn—There has been fair buying of corn by commission houses with firmness in wheat and light stocks factors. The crop is late and with continued wet weather over large part of the belt indications are for good support to market on all setbacks.

Oats—Weather is unfavorable in many sections and damage reports of serious kind are not unusual.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, July 24.—Butter, unchanged.

Eggs, unchanged; receipts, 16,067.

Potatoes, higher; receipts, 35 cars; barreled, $1.35@1.40.

E. F. HUTTON & CO. STOCK LETTER

NEW YORK, July 24.—Writers of market letters revise their methods and indulge now in purely academic discussion, the president's message, which some months ago might have given a shiver to the market, was absolutely ignored. Almost every day we have some new stock which has been considered a "has-been" brought out with a war contract and a leader. The liquidation which started yesterday in the shares of low priced railroad stocks was not evident today. As long as the market is made up of nothing but war stocks, opinions as to its future are worthless.

SURPLUS RESERVE ITEM SHOWS LARGE INCREASE

NEW YORK, July 24.—The actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $172,925,890 reserve in excess of legal requirements, an increase of $3,470,160 over last week.

The statement follows:

ACTUAL CONDITION:

Loans, etc., $2,566,099,000,; increase, $13,104,000.

Reserve in own vaults (b), $444,985,000; increase, $5,770,000.

Reserve in federal reserve bank, $133,516,000; increase, $6,066,000.

Reserve in other depositories, $32,597,000; decrease, $5,569,000.

Net demand deposits, $2,535,037,000; increase, $14,789,000.

Net time deposits, $137,123,000; increase, $3,293,000.

Circulation, $37,931,000; increase, $16,000.

(b) Of which $371,104,000 is specie.

Aggregate reserve, $611,098,000.

Excess reserve, $172,925,890; increase, $3,470,160.

SUMMARY OF STATE BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES IN GREATER NEW YORK NOT INCLUDED IN CLEARING HOUSE STATEMENT:

Loans, etc., $595,176,400; decrease, $163,900.

Specie, $48,705,200; increase, $8,800.

Legal tenders, $9,348,700; decrease, $392,500.

Total deposits, $746,878,000; increase, $6,181,000.

Banks' cash reserve in vault, $11,201,800.

Trust companies' cash reserve in vault, $46,852,100.

Atlanta Live Stock

(By W. H. White, Jr., of White Provision Co.)

Good to choice steers, 800 to 900 pounds, $6.50 @6.75.

Good steers, 700 to 800 pounds, $6.25@6.50.

Medium to good steers, 700 to 800 pounds, $5.50@6.25.

Good to choice beef cows, 800 to 900 pounds, $5.50@6.00.

Medium to good cows, 700 to 750 pounds, $4.50@5.50.

Good to choice heifers, 650 to 750 pounds, $4.50@5.50.

The above represents the ruling price of good quality beef cattle. Inferior grades and dairy types selling lower.

Medium to good steers, 800 to 900 pounds, $5.25@5.75.

Medium to good cows, 700 to 800 pounds, $4.00 @4.50.

Mixed common, $3.50@4.00.
Good fat oxen, $4.50@5.50.
Medium fat oxen, $4.00@4.50.
Good butcher bulls, $3.50@4.50.
Prime hogs, 160 to 200 pounds, $7.50@7.85.
Good butcher hogs, 140 to 160 pounds, $7.30 @7.50.
Good butcher pigs, 100 to 140 pounds, $7.00 @7.25.
Light pigs, 80 to 100 pounds, $6.80@7.00.
Heavy rough hogs, 200 to 300, $650@6.75.

Above quotations apply to corn-fed hogs. Mast and peanut-fattended 1½@2c under.

Receipts of cattle light. Market steady on all best grades; weak and lower on inferior kinds.

Hogs unchanged to a shade lower.

CHICAGO, July 20.—Hogs: Receipts 20,000; slow. Bulk, $7.00@7.55; light, $7.50@8.00; mixed, $6.95@7.85; heavy, $6.65@7.50; rough, $6.65@6.80; pigs, $7.10@7.90.

Cattle—Receipts 3,000; weak. Native beef steers, $6.50@10.35; western steers, $7.10@8.25; cows and heifers, $3.25@9.25; calves, $7.00 @10.00.

Sheep—Receipts 12,000; weak. Sheep, $5.60@6.75; lambs, $5.75@8.00.

LIVE STOCK BY WIRE

(By Associated Press.)

KANSAS CITY, July 24.—Hogs—Receipts, 500; steady. Bulk, $7.25@7.50; heavy, $7.10@7.35; packers and butchers, $7.30@7.50; light, $7.30@7.55; pigs, $7.00@7.25.

Cattle—Receipts, 300; steady. Pime fed steers $9.75@10.10; dressed beef steers, $8.50@9.70; southern steers, $5.75@8.85; cows, $4.50@7.25; heifers, $7.00@9.80; stockers, $6.50@8.75.

Sheep—Reecipts, 200; steady. Lambs, $7.35@7.75; yearlings, $6.40@7.00; wethers, $6.00@6.75; ewes, $5.50@6.50.

CHICAGO, July 24.—Hogs—Receipts, 7,000; strong. Bulk, $6.80@7.30; light, $7.45@7.90; mixed, $6.75@7.75; heavy, $6.45@7.40; roughs, $6.45@6.70; pigs, $6.75@7.65.

Cattle—Receipts, 200; steady. Native beef steers, $6.40@10.35; western steers, $7.00@8.20; cows and heifers, $3.30@9.25; calves, $7.00@10.50.

Sheep—Reecipts, 3,000; strong. Sheep, $5.75 @6.75; lambs, $6.00@8.20.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.—Hogs—Receipts, 3,500; higher. Pigs and lights, $7.25@7.87½; mixed and butchers, $7.50@7.87½; good heavy, $7.45 @7.65.

Cattle—Receipts, 200; steady. Native beef steers, $7.50@10.35; yearling steers and heifers, $8.00@9.65; cows, $6.00@8.15; stockers, $6.00@8.25; Texas and Indian steers, $5.25@8.85; cows and heifers, $4.00@6.50; native calvse, $6.00@10.75.

Sheep—Reecipts, 200; steady. Clipped muttons, $5.00@5.25; lambs, $7.50@8.25; clipped lambs, $7.00@7.50.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, July 24.—Butter, steady; receipts, 6,258 tubs. Creamery extra, 92 score, per pound, 26½c; high scoring lots, 27@27½c; firsts, 89 to 92 score, 24½@26c; seconds, 84 to 88 score, 23@24c; thirds, 24@24½c; state, dairy finest, 28c; good to prime, 26@27½c; common to fair, 23@25½c; renovated extras, 24½@25c; firsts, 23½@24c; lower grades, 21½@23c; imitation creamery, finest, 23@23½c; ladles, current made, finest, 22@22½c; seconds, 21½c; lower grades, 19¼@21c; packing stocks, No. 1 current make, 21c; No. 2 current make, 20½c; lower grades, 19@20c.

Cheese, weak; receipts, 2,434 boxes. State whole milk, 14½@14¾c; fresh flats and twins, colored specials, 14½@14¾c; fresh flats and twins, spe., 14½@14¾c; fresh, flats and twins, white average fancy, 14c; fresh, all styles, undergrades, 13¼@14¼c; Wisconsin, whole milk, fresh, flat twins or double daisies, 14 @15c; state, skims, fresh, specials, 12@12⅝c; fresh, choice, 10½@11½c; fresh, fair to good, 8@10c; fresh, common, 3@7c.

Eggs unsettled; receipts 9,360 cases. State Penn. and nearby fancy white, 23@26c; defective, 21½⅝22½c; gathered white as to size and quality, 21½@23c; western gathered, white, 21@22c; hennery, brown, 22½@24c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 19½@21½c; fresh gathered extras, 24@25; fresh gathered extra firsts, 21½@22½c; fresh gathered firsts, 19½@21c; fresh gathered seconds, 17½ @19c; thirds and poorer, 16@17c; checks, good to prime, 15½@16½c; fresh gathered culls and inferior, 12@15c; dirties, No. 1, 16¾@17c; dirties, No. 2, 15@16c; duck eggs, nearby and Indiana runs, 2425c.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

ATLANTA, Ga.—For the 24 hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, July 24, 1915.

STATIONS OF ATLANTA, GA., DISTRICT.	Temperature xHighest.	Temperature xxLowest	Precipitation Ins. and 100ths.
Atlanta, clear	85	66	.00
Columbus, clear	91	71	.00
Gainesville, clear	82	59	.08
Griffin, clear	88	64	.00
‖Macon, clear	88	68	.00
Monticello, clear	90	63	.00
oNewnan, clear	86	65	.00
Rome, clear	88	62	.00
Tallapoosa, clear	88	60	.00
Toccoa, clear	85	64	.00
oWest Point, clear	86	63	.00
‖Chattanooga, clear	83	64	.00
Greenville, S. C., clear	86	63	.00
Spartanburg, S. C., clear	85	63	.00

CENTRAL STATIONS.	No. Stations in District.	Dist. average temperature. xHigh.	Dist. average temperature. xxLow	Precipitation. No. Stations reporting 0.10 inch or more.	Precipitation. Av. Sta. reporting 0.10 in. or more.
Wilmington	10	84	62	0	.00
Charleston	5	86	66	0	.00
Augusta	11	86	64	0	.00
Savannah	19	90	70	3	.40
Atlanta	14	86	64	0	.00
Montgomery	14	90	66	0	.00
Mobile	12	88	64	0	.00
Memphis	14	84	60	0	.00
Vicksburg	14	88	60	0	.00
New Orleans	16	88	60	0	.00
Little Rock	18	88	60	0	.00
Houston	50	90	64	0	.00
Oklahoma	21	88	62	1	.10

‖Minimum temperatures are for 12-hour period ending at 8 a. m. this date.

oReceived late; not included in averages.

xHighest yesterday. xxLowest for 24 hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, except where otherwise indicated.

Note.—The average highest and lowest temperatures are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received, and the average precipitation from the number of stations reporting .10 inch or more. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at the time of the observation.

REMARKS.

Fair weather and moderate temperatures prevail in all sections of the cotton belt.

C. F. von HERRMANN, Section Director.

LIVERP'OL

Futures Closed 1 to 1 1-2 Points Lower—Spots 8 Points Up—Sales 7,000 Bales

NEW YORK, July 24.—Liverpool cables were due to come 2 points higher on October, 1½ higher on January and 1 higher on March. Market opened quiet and unchanged.

Closed dull at a net decline of 1½ points.

Spot cotton in moderate demand at 8 points advance; middling, 5.21; sales, 7,000 bales; American, 6,000; speculation and export, 11,000 bales; imports, 4,000 bales; none American.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

The following were the ruling prices on the exchange today:

Tone dull; sales, 7,000; middling, 5.21d.

	Opening Range.	2 p.m.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Jan. & Feb.	5.43½@5.45		5.42	5.43½
Feb. & Mar.	....		5.47	5.48½
Mar. & April	....		5.52	5.53½
April & May	5.58		5.55½	5.57
May & June	5.60		5.59	5.60½
July	....		5.06½	5.08
July & Aug.	5.08 @5.09		5.06½	5.08
Aug. & Sept.	5.11 @5.13		5.09½	5.11
Sept. & Oct.	5.20 @5.22½		5.19	5.20
Oct. & Nov.	5.27½@5.29		5.26	5.27½
Nov. & Dec.	....		5.32	5.33½
Dec. & Jan.	....		5.37	5.38½

WEEKLY COTTON REVIEW

NEW YORK, July 24.—The cotton market has been comparatively quiet during the past week, with fluctuations irregular. The rally of about 75 points from the recent low level was followed by reactions of some 30 to 35 points and the talk around the ring here has been rather bearish on a favorable view of new crop progress over the greater part of the belt, but short selling has been restricted by the comparatively low price, and the possibility of crop scares, while nervousness over international politics has apparently discouraged general business.

On declines Liverpool has bought presumably to undo straddles and it is said that there is still a substantial interest of this sort outstanding. Generally speaking, however, scattered accounts are believed to be well evened up pending a later view of the crop and export developments, particularly in view of droughthy conditions in south Texas. Meanwhile spinners' takings continue heavy, while remaining old crop holders show little disposition to force sales and southern advices indicate that plans are being made to assist in gradual marketing. Domestic mills are reported to have been moderate buyers for new crop shipment and some spot demand has been reported from Russia, but forward business has been small and manufacturers are believed to be waiting for the effect of new crop movement.

Recent advices from India report an improvement in the monsoon, suggesting increased activity in Manchester and the discussion of cotton problem in England has taken a form indicating a desire to prevent friction and to satisfy southern growers. According to figures published by the department of agriculture purchases of commercial fertilizers for the crop of 1915 were only 59 per cent of last year's, with the effectiveness of the supply much reduced by the scarcity of potash, while the department also estimates that 92 per cent of the old crop had been sold by producers on June 1 this year, against 97 per cent last season.

VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.—Comparisons are to actual dates not to close of corresponding weeks.

Statement of world's visible supply:

Total visible this week	4,964,000
do. last week	5,211,000
do. same date last year	3,416,000
do. same date year before	2,750,000
Of this the total American this week	3,448,000
do. last week	3,639,000
do. last year	1,809,000
do. year before	1,426,000
All other kinds this week	1,515,000
do. last week	1,571,000
do. last year	1,607,000
do. year before	1,324,000
Visible in the United States this week	1,248,000
do. this date last year	3,940,000
Visible in other countries this week	3,716,000
do. this date last year	3,022,000

Your Money

INSTALMENT INVESTMENT; ONE COMPANY'S PLAN.

By JOHN M. OSKISON.

One of the country's greatest public service corporations has recognized, in its offer of stock interest to its workers, the sound principle of instalment investing.

It is a prosperous company, having excellent management; it pays 8 per cent dividends on its stock, where market price varies in normal times from $115 to $130 a share. To all its thousands of employes the company made this offer:

For every $300 of yearly salary the worker could buy one share of stock at $110 a share, but no one could buy more than ten shares. To pay for the stock, the company would deduct $2 a month from the worker's pay. As soon as the buyer began making payments the stock dividends were credited, and on unpaid balances the company charged interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent a year.

As dividend credit and interest charge worked out, the buyer paid $98 a share—that is, $98 was withheld from his salary during the payment period for each share of stock purchased.

Under this plan the worker took four years to buy the stock; less than 10 per cent of the worker's pay went to meet the instalment payments; and the worker then had the option of holding the 8 per cent stock or of selling it at the current market price—which is now $124 a share.

Some $10,000,000 of this stock is now in the hands of the corporation's employes, either paid for or in process of being paid for. In some of the smaller communities where this company does business every employe has taken stock on the terms described.

More and more the corporations are putting into effect plans more or less like this. The managers want the workers to be owners, too; and I believe that in most cases the stock sold is a good investment.

But why must money earners be led by their bosses to take up an idea so patently good? Why should the employe of X company be restricted to investment in X company stock?

This instalment principle is familiar to all who buy life insurance. It is a perfectly workable plan to use in making and using savings no matter where you work or for whom.

A DOLLAR SAVED IS A DOLLAR EARNED

and enough of them earned in this way will form a very comfortable and much desired path to independence and a peaceful, contented old age. If you doubt the truth of this remark ask any man or woman who has a substantial savings bank account. Can't you see what a feeling of satisfaction and security they have? They know that they have a snug sum of money to fall back on.

GEORGIA SAVINGS BANK & TRUST CO.
(Organized 1899.)

CHICAGO
CHOICE OF ROUTES AND GOOD SERVICE
L&N

Telephone Main 2000

Classified and Real Estate Section

Telephone Atlanta 423

Journal Want-Ad Rates

One time, 10c a line.
Three times, 6c a line.
Seven times, 5c a line.

The reduced rates are for consecutive insertions, cash with order.

Six words of average length are counted as a line.

The minimum charge is the price for two lines.

Money will be refunded on the basis of the earned rate for paid-in-advance Want Ads which may be discontinued.

All discontinuances should be made in person at The Journal office or by letter. Telephone discontinuances are not valid.

The Journal maintains a messenger service and a phone-receiving service for Want Ads.

A messenger will be sent for your Want Ad or your Want Ad will be taken over the phone by an expert operator and ad writer, as best suits your convenience.

Telephones Main 2000 Atlanta 423

The Journal Covers Dixie Like the Dew

July 24.

"Here is the place to work;
Now is the time, my soul;
Within the heart it must begin,
Where all the life-streams roll."

1701—Detroit, Mich., founded.
1847—Salt Lake City founded by the Mormons.

WANTED HELP—MALE

WANTED—Boys to carry routes in afternoon and Sunday morning. Apply at the following places: Atlanta Journal main office; Sub-station No. 1, 495 Edgewood avenue; Sub-station No. 2, 212 Lee street; Sub-station No. 3, 792 Marietta street.

WANTED—Men to learn the barber trade. The world is constantly needing more barbers. Our graduates earn good wages. Few weeks completes with us. Prepare now for coming season's rush. Call or write Moler Barber College, 38 Luckie st., Atlanta, Ga.

YES—If you have two hands Prof. G. O. Branning will teach you the barber trade for $30 and give paying position in our chain of shops. Steady. Wages while learning. Atlanta Barber College, 10 E. Mitchell st.

BAKER WANTED—Town of 2,500. One who can turn out 300 pieces bread, pies, cakes, daily. Good pay for right man. Schneider's Bakery, Thomson, Ga.

MEN WANTED—Government jobs. $90.00 month. Atlanta examinations Sept. 15. Sample questions free. Franklin Institute, Dep't 46-F, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Names of men, 18 or over, wishing government jobs; $65 month; no pull necessary. Answer immediately. "J. L.," 300, care Journal.

BE A DETECTIVE—Earn $100 to $300 per month; travel over the world. Write Supt. Ludwig, 605 Westover bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

IF YOU are looking for a position, or want experienced help, see Reliable Employment Office, 71 Ivy st. Ivy 3948-J.

WANTED—An experienced man cook for private family. Good wages and room on lot. Apply 787 Ponce de Leon ave.

WANTED—First-class white barber for extra work. Talley & Scott, 128 Edgewood avenue.

WANTED HELP—FEMALE

STENOGRAPHERS wanted by government, $65 month. Atlanta examinations October 26. Sample questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 60-F, Rochester, N. Y.

OPENING for young lady to learn ladies' tailoring. Apply 314 Grand bldg., Mr. Fox.

YOUNG lady for office, afternoons. $3 weekly. G., Box 106, care Journal.

WANTED—SALESMEN

WANTED—High-grade specialty salesman to take exclusive state agency for Standard Autographic Registers, on commission basis. Must be well recommended and equipped to cover entire state. Address at once H. G. Brentlinger, Sales Manager, care Hotel Ansley, Atlanta, Ga. Give your phone number in replying.

TRAVELING SALESMEN.
WE REQUIRE IN SOUTHERN TERRITORY TWO A-1 ALUMINUM WARE SALESMEN, THE NEWEST AND BIGGEST SPECIALTY LINE IN THE UNITED STATES. WE TRAVEL LARGE TOWNS AND CITIES. EARNING POSSIBILITIES VERY GREAT FOR STRONG SALESMEN. APPLICANTS MUST BE MORE THAN TWENTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE AND HAVE SUCCESSFUL RECORD AS SALESMEN. THIS IS A STRAIGHT TRAVELING POSITION. NO CANVASSING. EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY. TRAVELING EXPENSES ADVANCED. REFERENCE REQUIRED AND PERSONAL INTERVIEW. E. F. WHITE, 307 FORSYTH BLDG., ATLANTA.

WANTED—Several capable, experienced insurance salesmen; local and road positions. High class proposition. Excellent opportunity for producers. Loafers and boozers need not call. Apply 211 Equitable Bldg.

WANTED—Two salesmen for a proposition as high class as banking. Those experienced in selling stock and insurance preferred. Call from 5 to 7 p. m., room 608, Third National Bank building.

SALESMEN wanted for magnificent new state surveys. Write quick for special summer offer. Hustlers now at work taking from 70 to 100 orders per week. Hudgins Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Salesmen and district agents to sell auto specialties. Good proposition for right man. Write Central Sales Co., Charlotte, N. C.

WANTED HELP—Male and Female

"MOVIELAND," only 500 copies left? Going at a dime each. Send 2c stamp to cover postage. National Feature Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SEVERAL men and women in Atlanta wanted to get U. S. government jobs. $75 month. Vacations. No layoffs. Short hours. Common education sufficient. "Pull" unnecessary. Write for free list of positions now obtainable. Act immediately. Franklin Institute, Dept. 54-F, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—AGENTS

AGENTS—$5 to $8 a day easily made. I have a proposition that will interest you; positive necessity. Write Ford Supply Co., La Crosse, Wis., Dept. 2.

WANTED—TEACHERS

ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY. Best service; most liberal terms. 1233 Healey bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

WHY continue in a business unsuited to you when a Journal Want Ad is always sure to sell it?

WANTED SITUATIONS—MALE

SPECIAL RATES for Situations Wanted ads. 3 lines one time, 10 cents; 3 times, 15 cents. To get these rates ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Journal office.

ENERGETIC, reliable, well educated and widely experienced, Christian gentleman of good habits, age 38, married, and having two children, seeks position as salesman, salesmanager or purchasing agent. Past ten years dealing in printing and stationery. Capable estimator and fighter of keen competition. Adaptable to any line of work. Health of wife compels removal to milder climate. For further information please write D. L. Bellamy, 1665 Bedford avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

A-1 WATCHMAKER, jeweler, diamond setter and optician, over 20 years' experience in railroad watch repairing, single, sober and steady workman. Best of reference. Would start at $18 per week. Must have work at once. Do not engrave. Address Watchmaker, Box 85, care Journal.

DRUGGIST wants a position as prescription man, front man or combination front and prescription man; eight (8) years' experience; can give the best of references; hard worker and strictly sober. All I ask is a trial. Mc., 663 Spring st., Macon, Ga.

WANTED—By young man position as hotel clerk, clerk in grocery store or any hontest work. Have had several years' experience both in hotel and grocery business. Must have work. Address H. H., 132 Avon ave., Atlanta

LUMBERMAN, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED ESTIMATOR, SALESMAN, GENERAL OFFICE MAN, WANTS POSITION, HARD WORKER, GOOD HABITS, BEST REFERENCES. H., BOX 107, CARE JOURNAL.

YOUNG man with experience wants position in grocery or general store, but would consider other positions. If you need help write "R. C. T.," Box 701, care The Journal, Atlanta, Ga.

EXPERIENCED house man wishes a position in private family or hotel; can assist with general work. Reliable man. Best references C. B. Mitchell, General Delivery, City.

REGISTERED druggist wants position at once. A-1 references; good salesman. Experienced in prescription department. Will go anywhere. J. T. Morgan, Manatee, Fla.

SITUATION as second engineer in ice factory. five years' experience with Exsorber machine. Steady, sober, reliable, willing to work. A. D. Gray, Sunny Side, Ga.

FIRSTCLASS bookkeeper with ten years' experience, would like position with responsible concern. Best of reference. Address "C.," Box 46, care Journal.

FOREMAN in cabinet department of lumber manufacturing plant would make change if suited. "Experience," Box 600, care Journal.

WANTED—Position as superintendent of light and waterworks or electrician for large office building. Superintendent, Box 668, care Journal.

EXPERIENCED dairyman wants work; can do most anything; good references. Address Worker, Box 4, care Journal. Phone W. 1019-J.

EXPERIENCED printer and newspaper man wishes position on country newspaper. References. Address P. O. Box 112, Jesup, Ga.

WANTED—Position as superintendent of gin plant or assistant superintendent of oil mill. References. P. O. Box 123, Cuthbert, Ga.

HOTEL man, with fifteen years' experience, front and back, will accept any position that is open. P. O. Box 1006, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Position; any kind. Competent and reliable. Hard worker. Best references. B. W. Camp, Jr., 726 Spring street, city.

YOUNG married man experienced in lumber wants position as bookkeeper, yardman or woodsman. Address Street, Worth, N. C.

POSITION chauffeur, 4 years' experience with reference. Can keep up car and willing to work. Phone West 782-J.

FIRST-CLASS white barber wants job in first-class barber shop. A-1 references. Address E. E. Price, Monticello, Ga.

GOOD STENO AND ALL-ROUND MAN EXPERIENCED; BEST REFERENCES. G., BOX 14, CARE JOURNAL.

WANTED—Position by young man 19 years old to work in a dairy. Address "Position," Box 444, care Journal.

WANTED SITUATIONS—FEMALE

SPECIAL RATES for Situations Wanted ads. 3 lines one time, 10 cents; 3 times, 15 cents. To get these rates ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Journal office.

WANTED—Cases to nurse by undergraduate sick nurse, long experience; references from doctors and patients; maternity cases a specialty. M. 2383-L.

POSITION by experienced, normal trained teacher, cultured, refined, all grades, English specialty. Best testimonials. "Teacher," Box 400, care Journal.

YOUNG lady stenographer with some experience, sterling character, must have office work. Moderate salary. "L.," Box 8, care Journal.

LADY stenographer, 8 years' experience in stenographic and general office work. Can give reference if desired. Address I. A., Selma, Ala.

POSITION wanted by white woman as working housekeeper in private famly. "M.-C.," Box 30, care Journal, or phone Ivy 8119-L.

WANTED—Cases to nurse by undergraduate nurse; indorsed by Atlanta's best physicians; maternity a specialty. Ivy 8391-J.

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper. Seven years' experience general office work. Furniture preferred. Call M. 1317-L.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper by competent young woman. Very best references. Atlanta phone 1728.

WANTED—Position as companion or housekeeper in widower's home. "H. C.," Box 91, care Journal.

WHITE girl wishes position in private family as maid or nurse. "Nurse," Box 4, care Journal.

A-1 BOOKKEEPER desires position in or out city. Salary no object. Phone Ivy 6157-J.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.
Premier Carrier of the South.
Arrival and departure of passenger trains, Atlanta.
Schedule figures published only as information. Not guaranteed.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
49 Asheville	5:30 am	36 New York	12:01 am
23 Jack'ville	5:55 am	20 Columbus	6:15 am
35 New York	6:05 am	23 Kan. City	6:15 am
1 Jack'ville	6:10 am	1 Chicago	6:20 am
12 Shreveport	6:30 am	12 Richmond	6:55 am
17 Toccoa	8:10 am	7 Chatta'ga	7:10 am
26 Heflin	8:20 am	32 Ft. Valley	7:15 am
8 Rome	9:45 am	16 Brunswick	7:45 am
27 Ft. Valley	10:45 am	38 New York	12:05 pm
21 Columbus	10:50 am	40 Charlotte	12:15 pm
7 Macon	11:10 am	6 Macon	12:20 pm
40 Memphis	11:15 am	29 Bir'ham	12:25 pm
6 Cincinnati	12:05 pm	30 New York	2:25 pm
29 New York	12:10 pm	15 Rome	3:35 pm
30 Bir'ham	2:10 pm	5 Cincinnati	4:25 pm
5 Macon	4:15 pm	18 Toccoa	4:45 pm
39 Charlotte	4:20 pm	22 Columbus	5:10 pm
37 New York	5:00 pm	39 Memphis	5:15 pm
15 Brunswick	8:00 pm	28 Ft. Valley	5:20 pm
11 Richmond	8:00 pm	10 Macon	5:30 pm
31 Ft. Valley	8:05 pm	25 Heflin	5:45 pm
16 Chatta'ga	9:35 pm	48 Asheville	8:40 pm
24 Kan. City	9:55 pm	24 Jack'ville	10:05 pm
19 Columbus	10:25 pm	2 Jack'ville	10:55 pm
2 Chicago	10:45 pm	11 Shreveport	11:30 pm

All trains run daily, Central time.
City Ticket Office, No. 1 Peachtree street.

TAXICABS.

VITTUR'S AUTO SERVICE COMPANY. DAY AND NIGHT. ONE PASSENGER, 50 CENTS. TWO OR MORE 25c EACH. FIVE-PASSENGER CARS, $1.50 AND $2.00 PER HOUR. BELL PHONE M. 4387-J. ATLANTA 4387.

TAXICABS
VACATION TIMES.
A PHONE call will bring an automobile to your door, any hour, day or night. Prompt and polite service.
BELLE ISLE

TYPEWRITERS

For Rent

TYPEWRITERS rented, 4 months for $5 and up. Initial payment applied in event of purchase. Factory rebuilt typewriters, fully guaranteed—$20 to $60. Write for special summer price list No. 80.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., 48 N. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

INSTRUCTION

LADY of Spanish birth desires pupils wanting Spanish instruction. Mrs. J. Llorens, 301 Cain street.

AUTOMOBILES

For Sale

EXCHANGE CAR BARGAINS

LIMOUSINE $350.00 TERMS.

WE HAVE many other good exchange cars at equally attractive prices.

EXCHANGE CAR DEPARTMENT THE LOCOMOBILE COMPANY OF AMERICA
469 Peachtree St. Ivy 1371.

THERE is no place where you will obtain better results in disposing of used cars, or where you will be able to buy more satisfactorily, than at the Atlanta Automobile Exchange. 380 Peachtree St. Phone Ivy 2772.

1913 Overland Roadster.
1913 Overland Touring Car.
1914 Overland Roadster Electric. Lights and starter.
OVERLAND SOUTHERN AUTO CO. 232 Peachtree Street.

BRAND new Hudson automobile for sale at cut price. A client of mine has deposited $400 as part of the purchase price of a 1916 model Hudson car, any style. Unable to complete contract. Will sell the deposit for $300. Purchaser get same service rights from the Hudson Branch as if bought direct. Phone Ivy 5151, or call 620 Empire Bldg.

1914 OVERLAND roadster, run less than 2,000 miles; a bargain if taken at once. P. O. Box 995.

FOR SALE—One six-cylinder 48, 1915, Packard touring car, practically new and in good condition. All cash or one-half cash and balance in notes. Address P. O. Box 209, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—5-passenger automobile, just painted and overhauled, or will give six months free use to reliable party for use of $350. For information, Ivy 7586.

AUTO FOR SALE—One Chalmers thirty horse-power; will make fine truck or passenger machine; extra strong rear axle. Terms. 26 Emmett street.

FOR QUICK SALE, one 25-horse power, I. H. C. motor truck, price $350, in good running condition. Address all letters to Box 11, Cartersville, Ga.

HAVE a 40-h. p. roadster, first-class condition, will sell at reasonable terms, or will trade. Address 7 Produce place. Phone M. 1721.

1914 MODEL T, 5-passenger Ford, good condition, runs good, for sale. Apply 1017 Atlanta National Bank bldg.

BY OWNER 1915 Ford touring car for $370; leaving town. "A," Box 46, care Journal.

Exchange

CUT-DOWN Cadillac to exchange for electric or player piano. Will show it in Atlanta. J. E. McElhannon, Jefferson, Ga.

Repairing

LEO SHERARD AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Ivy 2850. 70 Ivy Street.

ATLANTA RADIATOR CO. Automobile Radiator Work Exclusively. Bell Ivy 7434. 288 Edgewood ave.

Painting

JOHN M. SMITH CO. Pioneers in Automobile Coach Work CARS REPAINTED.
Tops recovered and repaired, wheels, springs and axles repaired. Bodies built to order or repaired.
120-122-124 Auburn Avenue

Welding

WELDING AND MACHINE WORK.
AUTOMOBILE REPAIRS RIDDELL BROS. 16 E. MITCHELL STREET.

Accessories

PROTECT your car with Halloday bumper and shock absorbers. For sale by A. L. Credelle Specialty Co., 229 Peachtree street.

Garages

THE CENTRAL GARAGE OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. 34-38 AUBURN AVE.—IVY 9905.

Wanted

I HAVE a thousand dollar equity in a beautiful Kirkwood home; lot 50x240; large oak trees, 6-room cottage, bath, electric lights, sleeping porch; will exchange for auto that's worth the money. Address "K.," Box 55, care Journal.

EQUITY of $400 in vacant lot (value $600) to exchange for secondhand Ford or other automobile. Address Auto, 1227 Empire bldg., Atlanta.

WANTED—To exchange a lot, 45x100, East Lake subdivision, for an automobile. Party leaving town. Apply 58 Mason avenue.

WANTED—Car worth $800 to $1,300; will exchange equity in gilt-edged renting property. Owner, Box 53, care Journal.

WANTED—To trade my equity in 6-room bungalow for auto. What have you? Phone West 411-J.

MOTORCYCLES

For Sale

USED motorcycles, all makes, $35 and up. Retail department. Harley-Davidson Motor Co., Atlanta, Ga., 224 Peachtree street.

Sale or Exchange

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Good twin-cylinder Indian motorcycle, 1913 model, will swap for Ford roadster. Willing to pay little difference. A. E. Hutchison, Rutledge, Ga.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD GOODS

THE HAVERTY FURNITURE COMPANY will furnish your home. Use your credit and enjoy your furniture while paying for it. Haverty's liberal credit plan helps you. Main store, corner Auburn avenue and Pryor street.

DINING ROOM set, instantaneous heater, gas range, window shades. Phone Ivy 1337.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

For Sale

FOR SALE.
GOOD, gentle mule, or will rent out by the day. 54 Houston street.

THREE good buggy horses for sale. Morrow Transfer Co., 132 Elliott st.

MEDICAL

MEN'S DISEASES cured. American-European Specialist. Finest equipment; 18 years' experience; some cures for $5. Dr. Holbrook, 205-6-7 McKenzie bldg. Ivy 8423-J.

SONGS, MUSIC AND DANCING

DANCING AT LANE'S, 217½ Peachtree st., Tuesday and Friday. Ivy 5786. Instructions daily. 10 lessons, $5.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE

THE Southern Auction and Salvage Co., at 90 South Pryor, will buy or sell your furniture. household goods or pianos. Bell phone M. 2306

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING and plain sewing, sewing by the day at reasonable rates. M. 2917.

MONEY TO LOAN

LOANS $25.00 AND UP On Furniture, Pianos, etc.
WE ARE a new company, organized for the purpose of loaning money to working men and ladies keeping house, at the lowest possible rate of interest. We positively make no charges for commission, drafting papers, or any other so-called charge, but only ask you to pay the rate permitted by the laws of the state. Our easy payment plan allows you to pay us back to suit your income. We also protect you from publicity, and extend every courtesy to make the carrying of a loan satisfactory to you in every way.
Open Saturday evening till 7 o'clock.
GUARANTEE LOAN CO., Rooms 308-11 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Bell Phone Main 440. Atlanta Phone 722.

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE CO. is now making loans on high-class improved Atlanta property at 5, 5½ and 6 per cent. Prompt and courteous attention.
CHAS. H. BLACK, Loan Agent, 210-11 Empire Building Phone Ivy 111.

$15,000 AT 7%
A CLIENT wishes three good applications for loans on improved city property of $5,000 each at 7 per cent. We will consider several other good applications also.
FULTON INVESTMENT CO. 1702-9 HURT BUILDING, GREEN, TILSON .. McKINNEY, ATTORNEYS

FUNDS ON HAND AT 6½, 7 and 8 per cent for first mortgage loans on Atlanta and suburban property. Quick service.
HAAS & McINTYRE Empire Bldg. Phone Ivy 641.

Plenty of Money to Lend
ON ATLANTA and nearby improved property, 5½ to 8 per cent, straight; also monthly plan at 6 per cent on 5 years' time, payable $21.66 per month on the thousand, which includes interest. Will also lend smaller amounts. Purchase money notes wanted.
FOSTER & ROBSON, 11 Edgewood Ave.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE
ACCEPTABLE LOANS on Atlanta improved real estate, either residence or business property. Submit us applications on improved central property at 5½ and 6 per cent, and residences at 6, 7 and 8 per cent.
TURMAN & CALHOUN Second Floor Empire.

$50,000 HOME FUNDS
TO LOAN on Atlanta homes at 6 per cent. Unlimited money for business property at lowest rate. See or write and will call. S. W. Carson, 413-14 Empire bldg., corner Broad and Marietta sts.

LOANS MADE TO SALARIED PEOPLE
AT LEGAL rates, easy terms. Fulton Loan and Discount Co., 508-09 Third Nat'l Bank bldg.

WE have $20,000 on hand to buy purchase money notes or to loan on Atlanta property. If you have something that looks all right come to see us. The Merchants and Mechanics Banking and Loan Co., 209 Grant Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN.
CONFIDENTIAL loans to salaried people at reasonable rates.
SOUTHERN LOAN CO., 319-20 TEMPLE COURT.

MONEY TO LOAN on farm lands in counties of Campbell, Clayton and Fayette. Rates 6 to 7½ per cent, according to amount of loan, 3 to 5 years' time. White R. O. Cochran, College Park, Route 1.

LOAN AGENTS TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY. Real estate loans, current rate. Purchase money notes bought. See Rex B. Mooney, Cliff C. Hatcher Ins. Agency, 221 Grant bldg. Both phones.

MONTEFIORE SELIG
LOANS—ATLANTA REAL ESTATE. Empire Building.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND others upon their own names. Cheap rates; easy payments; confidential. Scott & Co., Room 820 Austell bldg.

FOR first mortgage loans on Atlanta real estate. No delay. 7 and 8 per cent. Direct applications preferred. Thos. L. Swift, 130½ Peachtree. Ivy 1297.

LOANS in sums of $500, $900, $1,000, $1,500, $2,000, $2,500 and $3,0000 on Atlanta and suburban real estate. Dunson & Gay, 400 Equitable. Ivy 5678.

SEE us for 6½ and 7 per cent first mortgage money. Prompt and courteous attention. L. H. Zurline & Co., 501-2 Silvey Bldg. M. 624.

MONEY TO LOAN—At 6, 7, 8 per cent on Atlanta real estate in sums of $1,000 to $3,000 Dunson & Gay, 409 Equitable. Ivy 5678.

PROMPT loans on improved Atlanta realty, also insurance funds for farm loans. M. I. Stone, 327 Candler Bldg., Ivy 3545.

MONEY to lend on Atlanta business and residence property at lowest rates. Aaron Haas Son & Howell, Candler bldg.

FUNDS on hand for immediate loans on property in or near Atlanta. J. E. Van Valkenburg, 319 Equitable bldg.

6 PER CENT residence loans by Equitable Life no commission charged. F. W. Burr, Mgr. D. R. Henry, cashier.

MONEY to loan on first-mortgage Atlanta or suburban property. Sol Epstein, 523 Hurt building. Ivy 4666.

MONEY to loan on improved Atlanta real estate. Fitzhugh Knox, 1613 Candler bldg.

MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate. W. B. Smith, 708 Fourth National Bank bldg.

MONEY to lend on improved real estate. C. C. McGehee, Jr., 622-624 Empire bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN on Atlanta real estate. Otis & Holliday, 309 Peters Bldg.

STOCKS AND BONDS

TEXTILE manufacturing company (not a cotton mill) in Georgia has a limited amount of stock for sale. This is a splendid opportunity for a private capitalist or would sell in blocks of a reasonable amount upon terms. Company has a fine grade of goods and a large home and foreign connection. All foreign orders payable against sight draft. Good profits are assured. The management is composed of experts knowing the business and at least 15 per cent net profit can be relied upon. Details given only at a personal interview and only to those who can show they have the capital and mean business. Address "Textile Co.," Box 500, care Journal.

FOR SALE—6 per cent first and second mortgage bonds, taken as part payment for constructing the Forrest hotel, at Rome, Ga. Write A. M. Walkup Co., contractors, Richmond, Va., for particulars.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

WANTED—To buy good second mortgage monthly notes at reasonable discount. L. H. Zurline Co., 501-2 Silvey Bldg. Main 624.

WANTED—To buy first or second mortgage purchase money notes on good property. Miss O. L., Box 75, care Journal.

WILL buy either first or second-mortgage purchase money notes. G., Box 132, care Journal.

WILL BUY SMALL BUNCH OF GOOD NOTES. J. H. LYLE, BOX 2, CARE JOURNAL.

I HAVE $3,000 for good purchase money notes, Atlanta property. Walton. Ivy 6363-L.

AUCTION SALES

CENTRAL AUCTION CO., 12 E. Mitchell st., buys and sells everything. Regular auction Tuesday and Friday., Bell phone Main 2424.

JOURNAL Wants are the most practical means for securing the better kinds of jobs. Bell phone Main 2000 or Atlanta phone 423.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

WARE & HARPER
BUSINESS BROKERS, ROOMS 724 and 725, ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BUILDING. Phones: Bell Main 1705, Atlanta 1888.

IF YOU ARE a practical business man and would like to clear $200 to $500 per month on $2,500 investment in a good business that is well established, we would like to tell you about a proposition that we have. If interested and have money, come to the office for information.

$375 FURNITURE and furnishings and transfer of lease, five light housekeeping APARTMENTS, making money, nice class of patronage, splendid location. Best reasons for selling.

$300 HALF interest to an acceptable partner in well established and profitable (4 years) TRANSFER BUSINESS, this includes equipment, good will, etc.

$5,500 WELL Located, most splendidly equipped popular and profitable SODA WATER, ICE CREAM, CIGAR and TOBACCO BUSINESS, most prominent corner, close to heart of city. A fortune has been made at this stand. Best reasons for selling.

$500 HALF INTEREST to an acceptable purchaser only in well established, reputable, high class OFFICE BUSINESS, clearing good money, will stand the closest investigation.

$250 PER MONTH, possibly the best location for SODA WATER BUSINESS in the City of Atlanta. If you are interested, see us at once.

WATCH!—These ads changed daily—WATCH! ABOVE FOR SALE BY WARE & HARPER.

TEXTILE manufacturing company (not a cotton mill) in Georgia has a limited amount of stock for sale. This is a splendid opportunity for a private capitalist or would sell in blocks of a reasonable amount upon terms. Company has a fine grade of goods and a large home and foreign connection. All foreign orders payable against sight draft. Good profits are assured. The management is composed of experts knowing the business and at least 15 per cent net profit can be relied upon. Details given only at a personal interview and only to those who can show they have the capital and mean business. Address "Textile Co.," Box 500, care Journal.

SOUTH GEORGIA AND FLORIDA OPPORTUNITIES
IF YOU desire an investment, for speculative or income purposes, we can furnish same. Real estate, mortgages, business locations, etc. In writing, state fully the kind of investment wanted and about what amount to be invested. A. B. COOK & CO. Fitzgerald, Ga.

WE SOLICIT your slow and doubtful accounts, including your loss and gain, outlawed and judgment proof accounts regardless of their age or character. Our system succeeds where others fail. Agents wanted in every city and town in the south. Call or address. Mercantile Reporting Company, 616 Third National Bank building, Atlanta, Ga.

$200 PER MONTH salary for six months, then $200 per month to man of iron clad references who can lend $5,000 cash at 6 per cent, where security is good as government bonds; good common sense is all that will be needed to fill the position. Do not bother me if you haven't the ready cash. Address Business, care Ansley hotel.

IN securing cooks, housemaids, second girls and other domestic servants, make use of The Journal Want Columns.

MUNICIPAL and community write-ups in The Journal bring big results. Boards of trade, mayors or others interested are requested to write The Journal. The cost is nominal and we furnish without cost an experienced man to do the writing and assist in raising the finances.

WANTED—Advertisers contemplating placing a product on the market or who may not be obtaining results commensurate with the expenditures, will be advised and incur no obligation. Address the Daily Newspaper Club, World bldg., New York City.

I HAVE for sale my well known theatrical hotel located in the heart of the city of Baltimore. Doing a big business. It can be bought cheap. Apply Nachman's Hotel, J. H. Nickel, Prop. 70 E. Baltimore St., Balto., Md.

FOR SALE—Nice soda stand, also milk depot in connection, doing good cash business, long lease if desired. Big bargain to right party. Apply 200 East Georgia avenue. Both phones 5158.

FOR SALE—A strictly cash grocery, well located; cheap rent; enormous possibilities; making money. Must sacrifice on account of other business. J. C., Box 14, Journal.

WANTED—Party owning small acreage to finance proposition that will pay 50 per cent or better within four months. "Y," Box 30, care Journal.

WANTED—Partner with $500 capital. $1,800 a year proposition for a capable, energetic man. "Established," Box 84, care Journal.

FACTORY for sale or trade, profitable employment at once. Present demand for output. "M.," Box 93, care Journal.

WEINER stand for quick sale; good location; selling out on account of change of business. Phone West 99-J.

FOR SALE—SODA FOUNT DOING GOOD BUSINESS; GOOD LOCATION. 28 CAPITOL AVE.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

RARE BARGAINS IN PIANOS.
STERLING upright, ebony case, good condition $69.00
Kranich & Bach upright, ebony case, fine practice piano $75.00
Phillips & Crew upright, mahogany case, rebuilt $175.00
Crown upright, walnut case, fine tone .. 160.00
PHILLIPS & CREW CO., 32 N. Pryor St.

LOOK AT THOSE FLIES
INSIDE your window screen. Always crawling up-up-up; crazy to get out. See the dead and dying on the sill that have given up in despair. Put FLY-ESCAPE on your screens and let the filthy and dangerous pests out. L. G. Reeves & Co., 411 Silvey Bldg. Phone M. 2351.

LARGE iron safe, Elliott-Fisher billing machine, comptometer, adding machine, vertical files, standing desk, office railing, tables, shelving, wire window guards, electric light fixtures, sample trunks. Floyd-Wisdom-White Company, 62-64 West Mitchell st. Bell phone M. 1597.

FOR SALE—New International Encyclopedia. Half-morocco binding. Practically new. Original purchase price $130. Cheap for cash. Address N. L. P., Box 181, care Journal.

FURNISHING FOR 9-ROOM HOUSE CAN BE GOTTEN FOR LESS THAN $100 CASH. SMALL PAYMENT. BEST LOCATION. 28 CARNEGIE WAY. IVY 6467.

SECOND-HAND safes, all sizes, $15 up; Hall bank and burglar proof safes, vault doors. C. J. Daniel, 408 Fourth National Bank bldg.

"NOT superstitious, but I believe in signs." —KENT SIGNS— 33½ Auburn. Ivy 1938.

PRIZE Bucket Sprayers for cattle, fruit, white-washing and fighting fire. All brass, $3.75. The Dunn Machinery Company, Atlanta, Ga.

KITCHEN cabinet, gas stove and other goods, all nearly new. Call at 601 Chestnut street. Phone 5601-B. Leaving town.

FOR SALE at a big sacrifice, entire furnishings of a 4-room house, must sell; party leaving city. 159 Chapel st.

FOR SALE—Two diamond rings, ⅞ karat, 1⅜ karat; white and perfect, big bargain. C., Box 59, care Journal.

BABY carriage thoroughly done over, good as new. Bargain. "B. C.," Box 11, care Journal.

FURNISHINGS of private home, also Conover piano, perfect condition, $135. Ivy 5792-J.

KINGSBURY piano, first-class condition; price $75. Address Music, Box 1, care Journal.

FURNITURE BOUGHT AND SOLD FOR CASH. S. M. SNIDER, 112 SOUTH FORSYTH.

FOR SALE—Genuine leather davenport and refrigerator. Call Ivy 1791-L.

FOR SALE—Jewelry fixtures and safe. 91 Peachtree.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS

WE PAY highest cash price for household goods, pianos and office furniture. Cash advanced on consignment. Central Auction Co., 12 East Mitchell st. Bell phone Main 2424.

BUGGY and harness wanted. Will exchange White Leghorns, Rhode Island Reds, Barred Rocks or good grade pigs for buggy and harness. Box 541, Atlanta.

WANTED—One hundred thousand second-hand brick. Answer quick. Simmons Plating Works, Bell phone M. 1147.

WE BUY SECONDHAND FURNITURE. Atlanta Trading Co. M. 778.

WANTED—To buy second-hand school books for cash. Hopkins Book Concern, 153 Auburn ave.

WANTED—Portable garage, 9x14. Address 786 Marietta st. Main 4272-J.

PERSONAL

CALL Main 4767 if you wish your machine repaired by factory experts. We send for and deliver the machines. Prices reasonable and work guaranteed. We sell parts, needles and oil for all kinds of machines on the market; also rent machines. White Sewing Machine Agency. 133 Whitehall st.

MODISTE I CAN save you money. My work speaks for itself. We make plain and fancy dresses. Phone West 1433-J. 3 Ashby st. Mrs. Buffington.

Ladies' Tailor and Furrier
WOULD advise you to have your furs and suits remodeled and cleaned at half price. Made from old to new. Guaranteed. M. Fox, 314 Grand Opera House.

MATERNITY SANITARIUM—Private, refined, homelike. Limited number of patients cared for. Home provided for infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 26 Windsor st.

$50 REWARD for glasses we cannot duplicate. Low rent enables us to save you money. Eyes tested free. Dr. Silvieus, 25 S. Broad, near Alabama.

WOULD like the address of R. D. Shrivatle who worked for the Lea Fa Mining company, Zacatecas, Mexico, in 1913. "R. R.," Box 706, care Journal.

DISEASES OF men cured. Dr. Bowen, specialist, 205 McKenzie bldg. Bell phone I. 8423-J, Atl. phone 6161-B.

EAR, NOSE, THROAT AND LUNGS. Dr. George Brown, 312 Austell Building. SUMMER RATES AFTER JUNE 1ST.

WANTED—To know whereabouts of Mrs. Ella Davis. Have good news for her. "J. V. H.," 187 State st., Atlanta phone 5615-F.

$2.50 WE WANT rooms to tint at $2.50 a room. White labor. M. 4807-J.

HAIR CUT twenty-five cents, by specialist, at Sanitary Barber Shop, No. 9 Walton st.

SHOPS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW

Designed to place before the public the merchandise, craftsmanship and special service offered by the exclusive shops and specialty stores not usually advertised.

Auto Repairing.

AUTO cylinders rebored and ground accurately and fitted with new pistons. Gears and auto parts duplicated. Georgia Machinery Co., 13 Peters street. Bell phone M. 4619.

Electrical and Mechanical.

ELECTRICAL and mechanical devices, made and repaired. Acme Specialty Co. West 1381.

Machinery Repairing.

AMERICAN MFG. CO., 291-3-5 Marietta st. General Machinist. M. 5403-J.

New Rubber Tires.

PUT on your baby's carriage. Repairing. Robt. Mitchell, 227-9 Edgewood ave. Ivy 3076.

Old Hats Made New.

OLD HATS made new; satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention. ACME HATTERS, 20 E. Hunter St.

Plumbing and Heating.

DAVID W. YARBROUGH PHONE IVY 403. 10 EQUITABLE PLACE

Roof Repairing.

MOONEY REPAIRS all kinds. Roofing a specialty. 12 months' guarantee. Reasonable rates. Call Ivy 905.

IF YOUR ROOF leaks, call the roof doctor. Barnett, Ivy 7238.

Shoe Repairing.

SHOE RENURY 2 AUBURN AVE. Ivy 2310 Work called for and delivered. Atlanta 1493.

Stove and Range Repairing.

STOVES AND RANGES REPAIRED
SECOND-HAND stoves bought sold and exchanged.
STANDARD STOVE & REPAIR CO. 41 Luckie. Ivy 283. Atlanta 892.

F. M. BROTHERTON.
THE STOVE DOCTOR
STOVES AND RANGES FOR SALE.
Phone Main 1460. 61 South Pryor St.

Storage and Packing.

THE HAVERTY FURNITURE CO. will store, pack or ship your household goods. Reasonable and responsible. Both phones, or call at office. AUBURN AVE., COR. PRYOR.

Sewing Machines.

MACHINES of all kinds sold and repaired, or rented at 133 Whitehall street. Bell phone M. 4767. Quick service.

Sign Painting.

"OF KORSE" Grant can't quit, back again at old home, 4½ South Broad. Phone Main 83. Signs painted anywhere, of korse. Ed L. Grant Sign Works.

Trunks and Suit Cases.

MANUFACTURERS, Retailers and Repairers of all kinds luggage. Rountree's, 77 Whitehall street. Phone Main 1576, Atlanta 1654.

Wall Paper and Decorators.

FRIDDELL BROS., 107 N. Pryor st., opposite Candler bldg. House painting a specialty. Ivy 459.

Wall Papering and Painting.

JOEL F. LEE.
WALL paper and painting; rooms papered $5.00 up. Work guaranteed. Office M. 2573.

Window Cleaning.

NATIONAL WINDOW Cleaning Co.; 47 E. Hunter st. M. 1175.

POULTRY, FEED, ETC.

POTATOES FOR SALE
SEED IRISH POTATOES FOR JULY PLANTING
WE HAVE left in cold storage 30 bags of genuine Maine Green Mountain Seed Potatoes, firm and sound, guaranteed to come up. They are put up in 2½ bushel bags. Price $1.50 per bushel. S. W. Bacon Produce Co., Atlanta.

LEGHORNS

WILL purchase 25 to 50 White or Brown Leghorns, January or February pullets at reasonable price delivered Atlanta. Address 429 Bedford place.

PIGEONS

PIGEONS for sale. Homers, blue, black and white, mated and young birds. Squab producing kind, 75c to $2 per pair. Guaranteed stock. Address Atlanta P. O. Box 795, or call Main 2692-J.

SEEDS.

SEED Irish potatoes for fall planting, $2.50 per bushel. Can ship promptly on receipt of order. Fall potatoes are a sure crop and are not bothered with bugs or scab, easily cultivated and keep perfectly. T. M. Poole, 904 Healey bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

PLANTS

CABBAGE and collard plants for fall heading ready now at $1.50 per thousand, cash with order. Cureton Nurseries, Austell, Ga.

STRAWBERRY plants, Klondikes, fifty cents hundred; three dollars thousand. 14 Emerald avenue.

DOGS

HAVE only two left of my fine Llewellyn setter pups; both bitches, beautifully marked and will make exceptionally fine bird dogs. Sired by Ison's famous Bob, and are two months old. For quick sale will close out at $7.50 each. Better hurry if you want one. I. B. Lieberman, 506 North Jackson street.

FOX TERRIER puppies. Beauties. Males $7.50, females $5.00. C. O. Harwell, care Hastings Company.

MONTVIEW COLLIE KENNELS own an Ornskirk-Artist son. Stud fee $10. Registered puppies for sale. Phone 27-J, Decatur, Ga.

WANTED—To buy a thoroughbred Fox Terrier pup, male, six to twelve months old. M-Room 402 Southern Railway Office building.

COWS

FOR SALE—20 nice grade Jersey heifers, one white face Hereford male calf, one registered Shorthorn Durham bull. A. L. Suttles & Co., Miller Union Stock Yards.

THREE Jersey cows for sale, fresh in milk. Bell phone E. P., 548-L.

PIGS

HOGS—Duroc, Berkshire and Tamworth hogs, all ages. Let us know your wants. Prices reasonable on the best of stock properly raised. Box 451, Atlanta, Ga.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

MY ARTICLES will appear regularly in The Southern Fancier-Farmer. Will also be pleased to answer your questions. Loring Brown, Atlanta, Ga.

Now, as continuously for the last 31 years, The Journal circulation is quoted in exact figures, which are open to examination by any advertiser.

Net Circulation of The Atlanta Journal For the Year 1914

Daily

1914	59,100
1913	57,531
Gain	1,569

Sunday

1914	68,335
1913	67,728
Gain	607

In arriving at these average figures each edition of The Journal is taken separately. The Sunday circulation, for instance, is NOT included with the daily circulation.

I, John D. Simmons, manager of circulation of The Atlanta Journal, certify that the foregoing statement of the circulation of The Journal from January 1 to December 31, 1914, is correct.
JOHN D. SIMMONS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 4th day of January, 1915.
B. F. BENNETT, JR., Notary Public, Fulton County, Ga.

THE JOURNAL COVERS DIXIE LIKE THE DEW.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. BY MAIL.
To any address in the United States and island possessions and Mexico.

Daily and Sunday	One Year,	$7.00
Daily without Sunday	One Year,	$5.00
Sunday only	One Year,	$2.00
Semi-Weekly	One Year,	$0.75

BY CARRIER.

Daily and Sunday	Per Week,	12c
Daily and Sunday	Per Month,	55c
Daily without Sunday	Per Week,	10c
Daily without Sunday	Per Month,	45c

SINGLE COPIES.

Daily	2c
Sunday	5c

A Column for the Needy

This column is donated to the Associated Charities by The Atlanta Journal in the hope that the needs here brought to the attention of the public may be provided for by some interested reader. Call, write or phone Associated Charities, 705 Gould building, Main 4260, Atlanta, 891. Always refer to number of ad.

NO. 297. MAN experienced as clerk in post-office, shipping clerk in a cotton mill, and who has run a grocery business, wants position. Stranger in city but has excellent references. Wife and child dependent on relatives until he can get something to do.

NO. 299. STRONG, intelligent, capable man, formerly a farmer, but lost his savings in a grocery business, must have work. Has a wife and seven children, oldest 16 years old. His wife is a good seamstress, and wants to get sewing out by the day.

NO. 282. AN able-bodied negro laborer who has good name wants any kind of work immediately. Is loyal to wife and four small children dependent on him.

NO. 298. YOUNG woman, graduate nurse, wants to get housework in a home where she can keep her child, a year and a half old, with her.

NO. 296. JAPANESE cook who has been in this country ten years wants place and can furnish good references.

NO. 283. MORE work for neat negro laundress.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Boston terrier female brindle with some white, about nine months old. Had on new brass mounted collar, tail rather long and crooked. Return to 12 South Broad st. and get reward.

LOST—Pair of nose glasses in Trust Co. of Georgia building, or on Edgewood avenue, between Pryor and Peachtree. Return to 768 Marietta street. Reward.

LOST—Bulldog. Brindle and white, tan harness; weighs 60 lbs. Answers to name "Drummer." Liberal reward. Phone Ivy 4876. Folsom's Garage.

LOST or strayed from 48 Angier, Tuesday night, Fox terrier male puppy, white with half of face black. Reward. Phone Ivy 7248-J.

LOST—One female pointer dog, with black head, short tail, shaggy dog. Return to 21 Porter place, $5 reward. Phone Ivy 54.

LOST—One black and white Lewellen setter bitch. Finder please phone R. S. Abbott, Ivy 360, and receive reward.

LOST—Gold spectacles, on Inman Park-Clifton car, Friday afternoon; reward. 98 Josephine st.

INSURANCE

EDWARD D. CLARKSON INSURANCE AGCY., THIRD NATIONAL BANK BLDG. IVY 3481.

WANTED—BOARDERS

YOU can't beat this for comfort or price. Large rooms, adjoining bath. Separate beds, electric lights and every convenience; private home. Between Seventh and Eighth, on Myrtle street. Can furnish two meals, if desired. Call Ivy 7074.

61 W. Baker St. Ivy 2027-J.
LARGE, cool, screened rooms with board, connecting bath; electricity, modern convenience; reasonable.

148 TRINITY AVENUE
SPLENDID rooms with or without meals. Price reasonable, close in, 10 minutes' walk from Five Points. Transients solicited.

70 E. MERRITTS AVE.
COMFORTABLE rooms, with steam heat, conveniences; board if desired. Ivy 3894-L.

REST AND COMFORT
COOL rooms, splendid meals, opposite capitol. 121 Capitol square. Main 4839-L.

LARGE AIRY ROOM, WITH RUNNING WATER, TO YOUNG MEN; SELECT NEIGHBORHOOD; FINE MEALS. 17 E. FIFTH ST. IVY 8761.

NEWLY furnished screened rooms, screened sleeping porch, stationary washstand in each room, both shower and tub baths. Phone West 664.

107 PIEDMONT AVENUE
LOVELY rooms and board; summer rates.

SEVERAL young men can get rooms with or without meals in bachelor's home. All conveniences. Good location. Ivy 89.

THREE or four young men can get room and board in private home on Ponce de Leon avenue, near Ford plant. Ivy 6999-J.

WANTED—One or two young men. Room and board, private home, private bath. Ansley Park, near car line. Ivy 3547.

549 PEACHTREE STREET, BRIGHT, COOL ROOMS, SPLENDID TABLE, SUMMER RATES. IVY 3484.

EXCELLENT room and board at $4.00 per week; all home comforts, good location; close in. 11 Garnett street.

COMFORTABLE room with private bath and entrance; good meals, fine for baby. Call Dec. 108.

DELIGHTFUL front room, conveniences, fine location, walking distance. 148 W. Peachtree.

NICELY furnished room near town. All conveniences. Mrs. T. J. Turner, 16 Williams st.

BEST rooms and board reasonable. Only refined patronage solicited. 36 Capitol ave.

TWO first floor, furnished rooms, to young men, meals optional. 34 East Alexander.

ROOM and board at Miss Roddey's, 547 Peachtree. Young men or couple. Ivy 925.

TO GENTLEMEN only, splendid rooms, board if desired. 57 E. Ellis st. Ivy 8304-J.

FRONT rooms with board, modern home. Elizabeth street, Inman Park. Ivy 6395-L.

500 PEACHTREE, cool rooms, excellent meals, summer rates. Ivy 7592-J.

BEAUTIFUL rooms and board; summer rates. Walking distance. 45 Forrest ave.

TWO rooms with board. Mrs. W. J. Swift, 15 Bedford place. Phone Ivy 8853.

181 IVY STREET, room and board, $4.50 and $5.00 per week.

21 E. CAIN ST.—Room and board; close in; conveniences. Ivy 2120-L.

COOL room and board, north side home; sleeping porch. Ivy 7848-J.

ROOM and board for 3 young men, near Terminal station. M. 2666-L.

AT your service—The Journal Want pages.

Buy, Sell, Exchange Anything Through Journal Want Ads

FOR RENT—ROOMS

Unfurnished

THREE upstairs rooms with couple on North Decatur car line. $15. Electric lights, water and telephone included. No children. Apply 96 College ave., Decatur.

THREE unfurnished, connecting rooms, private bath, hot water, conveniences, suitable for light housekeeping. 174 Angier ave., Ivy 8777-J.

ENTIRE upstairs, 4 rooms, newly tinted, use of telephone, sink in kitchen, separate gas, bath. 267 Central avenue. Main 1302-J.

TWO real nice rooms for light housekeeping, in private family, all conveniences, no children. 235 South Boulevard. M. 4279-J.

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms; all conveniences; private south side home. 207 Rawson street. Just off Cooper street.

TWO large, light, airy, outside connecting rooms. Good neighborhood. Walking distance. $8.50. 21 McDaniel street.

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms to couple without children in cottage with owner. 109 E. Ga. ave. Bell phone M. 4632-J.

FOR RENT—Two large airy rooms, with kitchenette, walking distance, modern conveniences. 52 Milk street, Atlanta 5745-B.

IN H. ME with owner, three upstairs rooms, bath, hall, sink in kitchen, on car line. 512 Capitol ave., Main 5371-J.

IN HOME with owner, two rooms and kitchenette apartment, all conveniences, furnace heated. Ivy 5904-J.

SIX NEW clean rooms for 2 or 3 families, walking distance of town. Apply 130 Crew st. Main 3342-J.

ENTIRE upper floor, four rooms and bath; gas water heater and sink in kitchen. 273 East Pine st.

FOUR nice rooms, private bath, suitable for light housekeeping; special price. 187 N. Howard.

FOUR connecting, first floor, housekeeping rooms. Private bath. 164 Courtland st. M. 4337.

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, reasonable. 203 Whitehall st.

THE second floor, front, housekeeping rooms, sleeping porch. 87 Crew st. Ivy 2405-J.

TWO unfurnished front housekeeping rooms, $12.50. Ivy 7955-J. 143 W. Peachtree st.

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms, gas, water and bath. 142 Crew st.

THREE or 4 first floor rooms, lights, hot water, telephone. 229 Capitol avenue.

THREE nice rooms for light housekeeping; private. 205 Howard st.

FIVE rooms, private entrance, and bath. $15.60. 380 Rawson street. Ivy 164.

ONE or two rooms with kitchenette, north side, private home. Ivy 7123-J.

THREE nice rooms, $11. 57 Cooper street. Bell phone W. 1007-J.

Furnished

THE PICKWICK
Ten Stories and Fire-Proof.
WELL furnished rooms with connecting bath. Rates reasonable. Rooms with or without phone in each room.
77 Fairlie st. near Carnegie Library.

NICELY furnished single room, splendid location; $10 per month. Ivy 3894-L.

358 PEACHTREE STREET
NICELY furnished housekeeping rooms; electric lights, phone, hot water, steam heat. Board and room also management. Ivy 2163-J.

61 E. ELLIS STREET
EXTRA nice furnished housekeeping rooms, also room with board, two blocks of Peachtree street.

"THE MARTINIQUE."
FURNISHED rooms with bath, coolest house in Atlanta. Corner Ellis and Ivy streets.

37 CARNEGIE WAY
HOUSEKEEPING rooms, $1.50 to $4. Bedrooms, $1.25 to $3.00.

SEVERAL splendidly furnished rooms to gentlemen desiring permanent rooms; every convenience including steam heat; very reasonable rate. Ivy 8748-J.

IN HOME with owner, two rooms and kitchenette, furnished, large, well ventilated, modern conveniences, references exchanged. 54 Whitehall terrace.

FURNISHED ROOMS—200 W. Peachtree, with all conveniences, gentlemen or business women, with or without meals. References exchanged. Ivy 3281.

TWO connecting rooms, furnished complete for light housekeeping, adjoining bath, private entrance, near Washington street. 371 Glenn street.

THE ADOLPH 16½ E. HARRIS
St. Bachelor rooms de luxe; every modern convenience. Ivy 5071.

TWO well furnished rooms with all modern conveniences, suitable for light housekeeping; good location. 293 Crumley street.

WEST VIEW—3 rooms, first floor, kitchen range, breakfast set, bed, davenport, garden. 142 Wellington st. M. 879.

SUITE of furnished rooms, suitable for three young men or couple; rent singly. Call Apartment E, 210 W. Peachtree.

THREE furnished housekeeping rooms, all conveniences; reasonable to prominent tenant couple; references. Main 1205.

CLEAN, outside rooms, 50c up per day; $2.50 per week. Hot baths free. Gate City Hotel, 108½ S. Forsyth st.

ONE large room with dressing room with closet running water, best neighborhood. 570 Spring. Ivy 5578.

ONE nicely furnished room, all conveniences, close in; reasonable. Nice neighborhood. 375 Spring street.

LARGE, nicely furnished front room; also two single furnished rooms next to Y. M. C. A. 85 Luckie st.

TWO or three connecting rooms, complete for housekeeping; also single room. 252 South Pryor street.

LARGE room and kitchenette, furnished complete for light housekeeping. 333 Whitehall street.

NICEST rooms in the city. Room and bath, $3.50 up. Rooms from $2 to $2.50. 41 Carnegie way.

LARGE room and kitchenette furnished for light housekeeping. 255 W. Peachtree. Ivy 7858.

WANTED—Three couples or young men to occupy Peachtree home about September 1. Ivy 908-J.

ROOMS for two gentlemen, single beds, every convenience, close in. 161 East Harris street.

THREE light housekeeping rooms, hot and cold water, also furnished bed room. M. 5505.

LARGE, cool furnished front room, private home, convenient. 94 Forrest ave. I. 3639-L.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, ALL CONVENIENCES, SUMMER RATES. 61 HOUSTON ST.

BEAUTIFUL room, electric lights, hot water, phone; for white gentleman board. 252 Ivy st.

TWO furnished housekeeping rooms with owner, separate entrance, hot water. W. 855-J.

TWO furnished housekeeping rooms, owner, 138 E. Ellis; $15 per month. Ivy 8905-J.

BEAUTIFUL large cool front room; walking distance. 42 W. Peachtree. Ivy 6097-J.

510 PEACHTREE ST., choice second floor front; excellent table. Ivy 6133-J.

NICELY furnished front room; all conveniences; best location; north side. Ivy 2978-L.

22 AND 24 E. ELLIS ST., beautifully furnished rooms, two blocks from Candler bldg.

ONE nicely furnished room, modern conveniences, walking distance. 41 W. Baker st.

LARGE nicely furnished room next to Y. M. C. A., 93 Luckie st. Main 4055.

TWO or 3 rooms and kitchenette, conveniences. 119 Forrest ave. Ivy 5740-L.

NICELY furnished room, all conveniences, close in. 96 West Peachtree street.

TWO nicely furnished front rooms, summer rate. Miss Tirk. 162 Courtland st.

Furnished or Unfurnished

To gentlemen or couples: nice large rooms, housekeeping privileges; also housekeeping apartment. 506 Whitehall st.

FOR RENT—Three lovely connecting rooms, housekeeping privileges; private family. Best north side neighborhood. Call Ivy 1292-J.

THREE furnished or unfurnished rooms, with kitchenette, north side; Atlanta phone, 3254.

TWO or three rooms for light housekeeping, home comforts, near in. 296 Central ave.

FOR RENT—Nice, clean rooms for light housekeeping. 208 East Hunter. Ad. 5771-M.

21 DELTA PLACE, Inman Park, three rooms for light housekeeping. I. 3468-L.

2 ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished. 50 Ogletorpe avenue. W. 626.

FOR RENT—HOUSES

Unfurnished

ST. CHARLES AVENUE HOME
NEAR Fredrika st, have an unusually attractive home of eight rooms, with very large living and dining rooms; hardwood floors, furnace heat, servant's room, the best of electric and plumbing fixtures, etc. Lot 50x200 feet. This house was built by the owner and has been occupied by him as his home, and his only reason now for offering it or sale is because he is moving from the city. For quick sale owner has made the very low price of $6,000. $3,000 loan, at 6 per cent, due in five years; reasonable terms on balance. See Cheshire, 204 Grant bldg., or Ivy 4385.

FOR RENT—Direct Druid Hill section, eight-room house, three sleeping porches, hardwood floors, hot and cold water in each room, cedar closets, laundry in basement, furnace heat, good car service, school within one block. Screened throughout. Ivy 8083-J.

FOR RENT—Colse-in, 15-room, well-established, clean house; electric lights and hot water; four baths; part of all of furnishings for sale cheap. Big garden; plenty room; sick, not able to run same; $60 month. "E. L. B.," Box 87, care Journal.

OWNER'S home on Greenwood avenue, has 9 rooms, furnace heat, hardwood floors, two baths, tiled kitchen, garage, garden, etc., never rented before. An exceptionally desirable place. Good references required. Phone M. 1228.

FOR RENT—10 N. Jackson st., modern home, 10 large rooms, 4 baths, 2 on each floor; 2 dressing rooms, heat and electricity. Everything new. Large, shady lot. Call 171 North Jackson st., or Ivy 8052-J.

OUR WEEKLY RENT LIST gives full description of everything for rent. Looking for one or let us mail it to you. Forrest & George Adair.

REASONABLY, two 7-room cottages, just put in perfect condition; close to school and car lines. Inquire Owner, 50 Milledge avenue, North Hill.

INMAN PARK, 61 Ashland ave., six-room house, sleeping porch, hot water heat, all conveniences. Ivy 3076. Robert Mitchell, 229 Edgewood ave.

260 NORTH JACKSON street, 2-story, eight-room, brick house, near corner Forrest avenue, August 15. Nelson, Ivy 6111.

Decatur Homes For Rent
PHONE Decatur 148. Jones & Ramspeck.

FOR RENT—144 Richardson street, near Prior. 6 rooms and bath; rent $18.00; worth $25 L. Grossman, 96 Whitehall street.

372 NORTH BOULEVARD, near Angier ave., nine-room house, convenient to three car lines; gas and electric lights. Hill.

49 COOPER street, 6 rooms, good repair, gas, hot water, porcelain bath. Wat-time rent. Phone owner.

HOUSES, apartments and stores for rent. Phone us and let us mail you a rent list. Geo. P. Moore, 10 Auburn ave.

FOR RENT—Nice 5-room cottage, gas and water, $20, near North Avenue school. Apply Owner, 98 E. Pine st.

FOR RENT—New 6-room house with all modern conveniences. Large lot, $20 per month. Call Main 3051.

IF YOU are home hunting see our list before you rent. L. F. Chapman Realty Co., W. 667.

291 WOODWARD avenue, Cottage, 3 rooms; bath. All conveniences. $12. Purse.

FOR quick results rent your vacant houses with Beasley & Hardwick, 605 Empire bldg.

FOR results list your property with Sharp, Boylston & Day, 12 Auburn ave.

Furnished

SIX-ROOM bungalow, sleeping porch, furnace heat. Three doors off North Boulevard. $40 per month. Ivy 1697-J.

SIX-ROOM, furnished house for five weeks. West View 960-L.

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS

Unfurnished

FIRST-CLASS APARTMENTS, THE LILLIAN AND ELIZABETH, EIGHTH STREET, NEAR PEACHTREE; 4, 5 AND 6 ROOMS, MODERN HOUSE. FIXTURES, HEATING, TILED HALLS, PORCHES AND BATHS, $65 AND $70. GOLDSMITH, 25 LAWTON ST.

APARTMENT with owner, 3 rooms and kitchenette, private bath. Two extra large closets, thoroughly renovated, water and gas furnished. To elderly couple without children, $15. 45 Gilmer st.

THE LAWRENCE—Two, three and four-room apartments; some early vacancies; all conveniences and in walking distance of town. Res. Mgr., Apt. S, 52 West Peachtree place. Ivy 8086.

FOR RENT—Six-room apartment, large yard, two baths, shower and plunge; every convenience; one block Piedmont park; cheap rent accommodations for summer. Ivy 1797.

SIX-ROOM apartment, entire second floor, in good residential section, on north side Nelson. P. O. Box D.

FIVE-ROOM apartment; all modern conveniences; no children. Apply 63 Windsor street.

Furnished or Unfurnished

AT Eighth and Bedford place, 3-room apartments, with stove, ice box, up-to-date, splendid neighborhood, adults. Ivy 7779.

TWO flats, upper and lower, furnished or unfurnished. Steam heat. Call Ivy 2786-L.

HOTELS—SALE OR RENT

FOR SALE OR RENT—The Brunswick hotel at Norcross. Address Miss Holbrook, Norcross, Ga.

FOR LEASE—STORES.

FOR RENT—One of the best corner stores in Asheville, 2700 square feet, ample, situated in good cotton section. Two banks, good opening for cafe; rent $35 month for 2 years, privilege of additional years for $25. W. A. Cherry, Asheville, Ga.

FOR RENT—DESK SPACE

DESK space for rent in desirable office. Apply 312 Atlanta National Bank bldg. M. 3862.

FOR RENT—OFFICES

WILL sublet one office at reasonable price. 609 Walton Bldg.

FOR RENT—BUSINESS SPACE

LODGE ROOMS FOR RENT
ON top floor central office building, small lodge room, all night except first and thirs, Mondays; hall on Wednesday nights; elevator, electric fans and lights.
GEO. H. RUSH
1308 Healy Bldg.
Ivy 7416.

WANTED—HOUSES

Unfurnished

J GREGORY MURPHY, renting agent. 308 Peters bldg. M. 3026.

WANTED—ROOMS

Unfurnished

MAN and wife with no children, want two rooms, kitchenette and private bath, on north side; must have garage. Furnished if rent is reasonable. Address W. E. V., Box 135, care Journal.

FAMILY three adults want to rent one-half of 7 or 8-room furnace heated house on north side. Address House, Box 25, care Journal.

Furnished

WANTED—Room without meals with strictly private family, walking distance, must be reasonable. Reply L. T. G., Box 1497, city.

SUMMER RESORTS

DELIGHTFUL resort, higher altitude than Asheville. Mile from Clayton, midst Blue Ridge mountains. Running water every room. Lights, telephone, baths, swimming pool, tennis court, etc. Splendid table. Rates $7 up. Address Proprietor, Laurel Falls, Clayton, Ga. Phone Ivy 520-J evenings.

ST. RAPHAEL'S house, Monterey, Tenn., midway between Nashville and Knoxville, Alt. 1700 feet. Beautiful park. Conveniences. Rates reasonable.

COME to Ocean View house, St. Simons Island Beach, Ga., for health and rest. Open all the year. W. Arnold, proprietor.

FOR EXCHANGE—REAL ESTATE

WANTED—To exchange equity of $4,200 in modern home, best part of Atlanta, for farm of equal value, near Atlanta. Address, B. H., care Journal.

7-ROOM, 1½-story bungalow at College Park to exchange for Cobb county farm or will sell on easy terms. Address "J.," Box 96, care Journal.

$400.00 GETS $1,000 equity in new six-room West End bungalow; would exchange. G. M. J., Box 15, care Journal.

ALL classes of city and farm property to exchange. R. F. Bishop, 1217 Atl. Nat'l. M. 3295.

OWNERS—Cash or unincumbered lots for your equity. W., 518 Peters bldg.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

North Side
NEW BRICK BUNGALOWS.
LYNCH'S, $5,500 to $5,750
IT WILL PAY YOU TO SEE THESE.
Beautiful fourth street homes, consisting of 6 and 7 rooms, tile bath, sleeping porch, furnace heated; hardwood floors, tinted dining rooms; gas, electricity. Beautiful electric showers. Within one block of Ponce de Leon avenue car. Get off Durant place, walk one block north, located 5 blocks from Georgian Terrace in a high-class section, on easy terms. Will be open every day and Sunday for inspection until 8:00.
HUGH J. LYNCH, 308 PETERS BLDG.

SACRIFICE
I HAVE a small piece of land on north side that is a bargain for $1,000 cash; has a 10% income on it. Taxes this year paid. Have to leave city is why I am sacrificing. Write M. D., Box 49, care Journal.

THIS PLACE IS A DREAM—Just completed, beautiful bungalow, located 100 Copenhill ave., West Highland. Stone front, six rooms, bath and sleeping porch, hardwood floors throughout, a handsomely built house, everything the very best. Interior finished in genuine mahogany. If you want a well built home, take a look at this, lot 55x155, side cement drive and garage. Price $5,250; $500 cash, $40 month. Hugh J. Lynch, 308 Peters bldg. Phone M. 2785.

$300 CASH and $35 per month will purchase 6-room brick veneer bungalow; furnace, tile bath, bookcases, plate glass, beautiful electric showers and every modern convenience on cheated street, for only $4,850. Call Ivy 5644 after 6:30 p. m.

BEAUTIFUL tract of land joining Druid Hills and new Emory university, 1,200 feet on road and 670 deep. Must sell at once. Apply Owner, Box 56, care Journal.

PRETTY north side bungalow, 6 rooms, all conveniences, built-in improvements, east front lot. Very cheap, terms $100 cash, balance like rent. Phone Ivy 4973.

A BARGAIN—North side, 6 rooms, up-to-date bungalow, all improvements and choice neighborhood. Call at 1404 Third National Bank building.

South Side.
WILL sell two lots for $150. Near car line, water and sewers, each 40x141, real bargain. "Lots," Box 26, care Journal.

Ansley Park
BEAUTIFUL 8-room, two-story house with elegant lot for $8,250 if sold soon, and also a beautiful, stiffly shaded lot for $3,250. They are the two best bargains in Ansley Park. Cliff W. Ansley, 217 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 5128.

Inman Park
FIVE-ROOM bungalow, neatly furnished, including piano, by owner leaving city. 102 Josephine street.

West End
MY HUSBAND'S death forces me to sell my six-room bungalow, 214 Willard ave., West End Park. Furnishings if desired. Built by us for a home. Phone West 98-L.

OWNER leaving city, must sell 6-room bungalow by Aug. 1. Will take auto as cash payment. Phone West 411-J.

Suburban.
YOUR CHANCE
TO SECURE the greatest bargain of a lifetime. Listen to this: Modern cottage, six rooms and two baths, servant's house; also garage with room above; all on a beautiful shaded corner lot 100x220. Improvement cost more than price asked. Price $6,500. Address Owner, Box 196, care Journal.

"CLAIRMONT PARK"
HAVE two of the best lots in this sub-division, located on Superior street, near entrance to park; will sacrifice equity in one or both, might accept good automobile or notes. Answer, "G.," Box 25, care Journal.

PRETTY new bungalow, facing Howell Mill road; 6 rooms, bath, hot and cold water, sleeping porch. A big bargain. Pay for it with your rent money. Phone the owner M. 4814.

FOR SALE—College Park, choice home, 4 blocks Cox college, 2-acre lot, worth $6,000. Owner has left the state and is willing to sacrifice at $4,500. Hughie & Warlick, College Park.

$250 CASH; will sacrifice my equity, worth $500, 6-room bungalow, 1407 Ponce de Leon. East Point. Address W. E. S., Box 90, care Journal.

FOR SALE—House and lot, College Park; rents for $52 a year. Will swap for a Ford car. Phone E. P. 379.

Miscellaneous.
THOS. L. SWIFT, Real Estate and Loans. 1364½ Peachtree. Phone Ivy 1297.

H. M. ASHE & CO. Bargains in city and farm property. 1520 Healey bldg. Ivy 1816.

B. M. GRANT & CO., Real Estate and Renting. Grant building.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE

WANT at once cottage in suburbs with acre or more; also small investment property. 955 Gould Bldg.

LIST your homes, lots, farms, acreage with Hugh J. Lynch, 308 Peters bldg. M. 2785.

WE HAVE customers for small income properties. J. W. Dobbs & Co., 312 Peters bldg.

WANTED—6 or 7-room bungalow or cottage on north side. Call Mr. Murphy, M. 3026.

YOU can own your own home by reading and acting on the offers contained in The Journal Want Ads. Do it now.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY TO LOAN
We have on hand $100,000 to lend at 6%, in amounts from $5,000 up, on central and semi-central business property in Atlanta.
We will give all applications prompt consideration.
FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

WARE & HARPER
724-5 ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
COLORED PROPERTY
6-ROOM cottage, on north side, with all modern improvements, gas and water, etc.; $250 cash and $20 per month. A nice home for a colored family. Price $1,800.

3-ROOM cottage, new, city water, and gas, new and pretty, near car line; $100 cash and $10 per month. Cheaper than rent.

5-ROOM new bungalow, granite front, cement steps, hardwood floors, beamed ceilings, plate rail in dining room, electric bells, beautiful shower electric lights, tile bath room, sleeping porch, walls artistically decorated; $300 to $500 cash and monthly payments. A swell home for a colored man.

$475—CHOICE vacant lot, for colored man; granite curbing, tile sidewalks, city water, choice colored section. $50 cash and $10 per month.

$1,800—THREE 4-room houses, rent for $24 per month and steady renters; $800 cash.

FARM LANDS

For Sale
FOR SALE
$4.50 an acre CASH buys 875 acres land 1½ miles county seat. 150,000 feet pine timber. 100 acres ready for cultivation. Well watered; old mill site.
H. J. PEAGLER,
Butler, Ga.

700-ACRE farm with 500 acres cleared; price $12,000.
200 ACRES, rich bottom lands; all in woods; price $3,600.
100 ACRES bottom land, 75 acres cleared; price $10,000; will exchange for rent-paying property. All the above is in Bibb county. First piece 11 miles from Macon, second 8 miles, third piece 2 miles from Macon. Address Box 203, Macon, Ga.
GEORGIA farms and acreage tracts near Atlanta. If interested will mail bulletin. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Phone E. P. 416.

Wanted
WANTED—FARM
50 TO 200 ACRES, within 25 miles of Atlanta. State number acres, location, price, terms, give general description. Must be worth the money. Jno. M. Ponder, 204 Grant bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

DON'T FAIL TO READ THE JOURNAL'S REAL ESTATE COLUMNS. EITHER BUYER OR SELLER SHOULD CONSULT THEM DAILY.

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS

APARTMENTS
THE NORTH PARK
CORNER Fourteenth street and Piedmont avenue. This is a handsome new apartment house, overlooking Piedmont Park, which will be ready for September occupancy. Each apartment has five rooms, sun parlor and sleeping porch. The sun parlors are enclosed and steam heated, which makes them useful both summer and winter. They are equipped with every modern improvement and convenience. Prices $65.00 and $70.00.
THE CLARAMEER
CORNER Piedmont avenue and Thirteenth street. This apartment house is finished in oak and now ready for occupancy. We have several four and five-room apartments with sleeping porches and shower baths. They are modern in every particular and before you sign a lease for another year don't fail to see them. We can now rent these apartments at $50.00 and $60.00 per month.
M. L. THROWER
30 N. FORSYTH ST. IVY 165.

THE BARTOW
APARTMENTS—SMALL, CLOSE-IN
LUCKIE STREET, CORNER BARTOW
WE WILL HAVE READY, SEPTEMBER 1ST, a number of small, close-in apartments, containing living room, bedroom, kitchen, bath, steam heat, janitor service, stoves, refrigerator—everything complete. Located just beyond the new Y. M. C. A. building and two minutes of the center of town. Come up and let us show you a plat of the room arrangement, sizes and price. $27.50 to $35.00. References required.
TURMAN & CALHOUN
SECOND FLOOR, EMPIRE BUILDING.

HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS FOR RENT
WE ARE PREPARED to supply the fall demand for high-class apartments, having now listed several in north side buildings that are modern and desirable.
IN THE CORNWALIN, corner Ponce de Leon avenue and Durant place, apartments of five and six rooms at $62.50 and $67.50.
IN THE MARLBOROUGH, corner Peachtree and Pine streets, a four-room apartment at $37.50.
IN THE VIRGINIAN, corner Peachtree and Fifteenth sts., apartments of four, five and six rooms at $42.50, $50.00 and $62.50 respectively.
IN THE SUMNER, located on Juniper, near Fifth st.; six-room apartments at $55 and $60.
IN THE LINDEN COURT, corner Linden and Courtland sts., a large 6-room apartment at $60.
FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

Three and Four-Room Apartments
EXTRAORDINARY SPECIAL PRICES ON THE NICEST SMALL APARTMENTS IN CITY. IN THE "BOSCOBEL," CORNER HURT ST. AND EUCLID AVE., AND FAIRLEIGH, 133 SPRING ST. MANAGER LIVES ON PREMISES.
FITZHUGH KNOX
1613 CANDLER BLDG. Ivy 4446.

WHO PAYS? TO-DAY AND TOMORROW

BY EDWIN BLISS

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(Continued From Yesterday.)

(Continued from Yesterday.)

GREAT clouds of black smoke, crinkling, crinolated smoke were reaching out to them. No sooner had the sun fought his way above the horizon than these great masses and blocks of smoke reached out and obscured him. Through the smoke, now and then, would reach out a long, ugly hand of flame, sweeping across the smoke as though to ruthlessly clear it from the heavens, but always falling back vanquished.

Came the crack of a rifle—sharp, scintillating. Payne stepped on the accelerator and the car leaped forward like a living, pulsating thing.

"My God—he's outta ammunition or he'd a answered." It was Grady's voice.

The car forced its way through an overwhelming bank of smoke. The pillars of flame from the wells and derricks surrounding them were now lost. The smoke was getting higher. The machine shot out the road and past the office of the wells. Again a rifle shot, then, with a yell, the derrick fell from the car and lunged in the direction from which that shot had come.

A haggard, crouched-shouldered man staggered from out the office.

He did not speak, but his eyes were fastened upon the face of his foreman. And in those eyes was such an expression as made Julia Monroe leap forward, a little cry of pain coming from her lips, throwing herself into her father's arms, her own hands caressing his sunken cheeks.

But the eyes still burned accusingly, burned intently as the oil blazed at them, burned their way into the very soul of the man he had trusted—the man who had failed him.

Roaring like a million wild beasts loosed from their cages to devour the creature who had so long time held them captive, hissing its triumph, tossing its invincible banner of black over the entire heavens, stifling the sun itself—came the fire.

Great derricks seemed builded from the beginning that they might support no more intangible substance than the fire demon. Tanks were gone and the wild thing still fed upon itself.

And Ira Monroe stood, surrounded by the deputies and his own people. But he seemed not to see them, seemed not to know that he was not alone, seemed unconscious of everything.

All his life he had fought that he might gain these fields. Poor was he born and poor had he started working among the oil men. The places of the earth where anteclinals form that the precious fluid of the earth may give it self up to man had known his feet. And—

Yesterday he had been rich; today, now, he was a poor man. His life had been devoted to these fields that were now but signs of what devastation can be caused by the thing which Man had harnessed.

Triumphing in its freedom, exulting, wild clamored the fire. And still he stood and stared at ruin of everything he had held dear. He turned to his daughter and his eyes fell upon Payne, standing his head, unable to meet again those eyes.

"Well," he laughed harshly, "I trusted you, Lee Payne. I always trusted you. And my reward—is this—" He waved his hand in a wide gesture toward the terribly beautiful sight.

"You may go now. I suppose you will wish to go now, you have done—your worst—"

Julia sprang forward, her arms affectionately about the broken old man's neck. But he made no response. As well might he have been dead for all sign of response he gave.

"Oh, Dad, I did it—it was my fault—"

"I trusted you," Ira Monroe repeated, as Payne would have opened his lips to spare her.

Gently but firmly the old man reached up and disentangled her arms from him, slowly moving toward the waiting motor car, wherein the deputies were already piling, after scattering the rioters.

Julia turned toward her sweetheart, her hands outstretched in appeal, the agony of worlds upon her face.

"And I did it—I did it, Lee. And I only wanted to be with you because—I loved you so much. But I did it all and now—"

"He trusted me—for this—" the superintendent answered slowly, the words falling dully from his lips.

"Lee—Lee," she clung to him desperately. "Say you forgive me—that you understand why I—"

"He—trusted—me—for—this—"

Slowly, heavily he turned. She reached out her arms toward him but he did not turn when the black smoke swallowed up his form from her sight.

Blinded she looked upon the havoc. She could see it again at the Winecoff hotel Thursday and nearly lost his coat and $457.

The cab dropped out of the window, accidentally; a messenger boy found it, and returned it to J. F. DeJarnette, assistant manager of the Winecoff. In the coat's pocket Mr. DeJarnette found a letter addressed to "J. E. Smith, warden, state farm, Milledgeville, Ga." Soon the visitor came down from Senator Persons' room, went to Mr. DeJarnette, and said his coat had been stolen. He said his name was J. E. Smith, and that he was calling on Mr. Persons.

DeJarnette showed him the coat that the boy brought in, and the visitor identified it as his, took $45 in bills that was in it, and gave $5 to the messenger boy.

A story to this effect was printed in The Journal of Friday. Saturday morning Warden Smith asked The Journal correspondent in Milledgeville to have the story corrected, saying that he was not in Atlanta.

LITTLE BEDTIME STORIES

By Thornton W. Burgess.
Copyright, 1915, by J. G. Lloyd.)

WHAT was a busy day for the little people who were trying to help Farmer Brown's boy by killing all the insects and worms in the Old Orchard, the berry patch, and the garden. But at last jolly, red Mr. Sun went to bed behind the Purple Hills, and then most of those busy little workers went to bed, too. They were tired, but they were happy, for they felt that they had done a great deal. The next day they would continue the good work.

Peter Rabbit, who had faithfully kept watch while the others worked, was almost sorry as he listened to the busy hum of insects all around the thrush. It seemed a pity to stop them. But he knew that Tommy Tit and Drummer the Woodpecker, and Chippy the Sparrow, and all the other feathered workers needed rest. Besides they could not see in the night as he could.

"It's too bad that the work has to stop," said Peter aloud as he made ready to leave the Old Orchard.

"What work?" demanded a voice right over his head. There in one of the apple trees sat Timmy the Flying Squirrel.

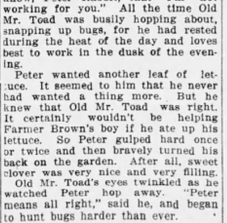
"Then Peter told Timmy how everybody in the Old Orchard that day had been trying to help Farmer Brown's boy and that he meant that it was too bad that the work had to stop at all.

"It doesn't," replied Timmy, suddenly springing on a fat hard-shelled beetle. "I'm here and I rather think that I shall be rather busy by the looks of things. There are a great many bugs that don't appear in the day time, and there are a few of us that prefer the night in which to work. You can depend on me to do my share to help Farmer Brown's boy. He fixed a trap for me long ago and took great care not to disturb it. And he chased away that black cat when she came nosing around. I shall be only too glad to do something for him and if catching bugs will help you can count on me. I see Boomer the Nighthawk and Flitter the Bat are at work already. Excuse me, I see another beetle over yonder."

In a twinkling Timmy was gone Peter looked up in the air. Sure enough there was Flitter the Bat, darting in and out among the trees, and Peter knew that he was catching insects in the air. A second later Boomer the Nighthawk swept over his head and he heard the snap of Boomer's bill, which meant that Boomer had caught something. Peter sighed happily. He had forgotten all about these little night workers. They could do what the day workers could not do.

"Wouldn't Farmer Brown's boy be glad if he knew," thought Peter as he started home by way of the garden, for he had a mind to nibble a tender lettuce leaf. When he reached the garden he ate one lettuce leaf and had just begun on another when a voice, a very indignant voice, made him jump guiltily.

"What are you doing?" demanded Old Mr. Toad angrily. "Don't you know that everybody is working for



"I—I Didn't Think," Replied Peter Meekly.

Farmer Brown's boy? Of what use is it for us to kill all the bugs and worms so that the green things can grow if you are going to eat them all up? Answer me that, sir!"

"I—I didn't think," replied Peter meekly.

"Well it's time you did think," retorted Old Mr. Toad tartly. "There's plenty for you to eat over on the Green Meadows. I'll have you to know, Peter Rabbit, that I'm not working for you." All the time Old Mr. Toad was busily hopping about, snapping up bugs, for he had rested during the heat of the day and loves best to work in the dusk of the evening.

Peter wanted another leaf of lettuce. It seemed to him that he never had wanted a thing more. But he knew that Old Mr. Toad was right. It certainly wouldn't be helping Farmer Brown's boy if he ate up his lettuce. So Peter gulped hard once or twice and then bravely turned his back on the garden. After all, sweet clover was very nice and very filling.

Old Mr. Toad's eyes twinkled as he watched Peter hop away. "Peter means all right," said he, and began to hunt bugs harder than ever.

Next Story: Farmer Brown's Boy Repays His Friends.

THE JOURNAL Wants show gainful transactions in providing the needs of many, supplying what is sought for as an imperative demand.

OBSERVATION CAR—CINCINNATI

LEAVES ATLANTA 7:12 AM. DAILY L&N

CHARGES AGAINST JUDGE RUSSELL ARE PROBED

Many Prominent Lawyers and Former Judges Present as Friends of Accused Jurist

The special committee of the house of representatives appointed to investigate charges brought against Chief Justice R. B. Russell of the state court of appeals by W. T. Moyers, formerly an official stenographer to the appellate court, and now an Atlanta lawyer, opened the investigation Saturday morning and heard from Moyers and his witnesses.

One of the charges was that Judge Russell drew some of the salary of Miss Bloodworth while she was his official stenographer without her knowledge or consent. Miss Bloodworth, on the witness stand, failed to corroborate this charge. She said it was agreed that if extra help were needed, the same would be paid out of her salary, and that the money drawn by Judge Russell was for this purpose and was drawn with her knowledge and consent. Two other ladies, formerly stenographers, likewise denied similar charges involving Judge Russell and their salaries.

Judge Arthur G. Powell, formerly an associate justice of the court of appeals, disputed the accuracy of Moyers' charges concerning certain matters of procedure in the courts, in which it was alleged that Judge Russell is perpetually behind with his cases, and is in the habit of misrepresenting facts to and playing petty politics with his associates on the bench.

At the outset of the hearing, Moyers' charges were read and Judge Russell's answer was read. Moyers conducted his own case, Attorney George Westmoreland conducted the examination of witnesses for Judge Russell. Judge Andrew Cobb, of Athens, Jude Horace Holden, of Athens, both former justices of the state supreme court, and other prominent lawyers and judges were present as friends of Judge Russell.

The committee took a recess for lunch at 1:30 o'clock and the hearing will be concluded Saturday afternoon.

J. E. SMITH, WHO CALLED ON PERSONS, NOT WARDEN

Milledgeville Head Says He Was Not in Atlanta on Friday

Who was the J. E. Smith who called on Ogden Persons, president of the senate, in the latter's room at the Winecoff hotel Thursday and nearly lost his coat and $457?

The cab dropped out of the window, accidentally; a messenger boy found it, and returned it to J. F. DeJarnette, assistant manager of the Winecoff. In the coat's pocket Mr. DeJarnette found a letter addressed to "J. E. Smith, warden, state farm, Milledgeville, Ga." Soon the visitor came down from Senator Persons' room, went to Mr. DeJarnette, and said his coat had been stolen. He said his name was J. E. Smith, and that he was calling on Mr. Persons.

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CHAPLIN'S LOCAL TWIN MAKES DEBUT AT ALPHA

"Those Chaplin Feet" Will Be Sung by Billy Beard and Leon Sugarman

Leon Sugarman, of 351 Central avenue, is not Charlie Chaplin, but he looks enough like him to be his twin brother. Having made a study of Chaplin on the screen, Leon in costume can even fool himself, he is good at it.

He will make his debut at the Alpha theater in a Chaplin burlesque Saturday afternoon and night, appearing with Billy Beard. They sing a song, "Those Chaplin Feet," which Billy made up himself.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN? No! His name is Leon Sugarman, an Atlanta boy. He made his debut at the Alpha Saturday.

DON'T FAIL TO READ THE JOURNAL'S REAL ESTATE COLUMNS. EITHER BUYER OR SELLER SHOULD CONSULT THEM DAILY.

FATHER WAS RIGHT.—By Goldberg.

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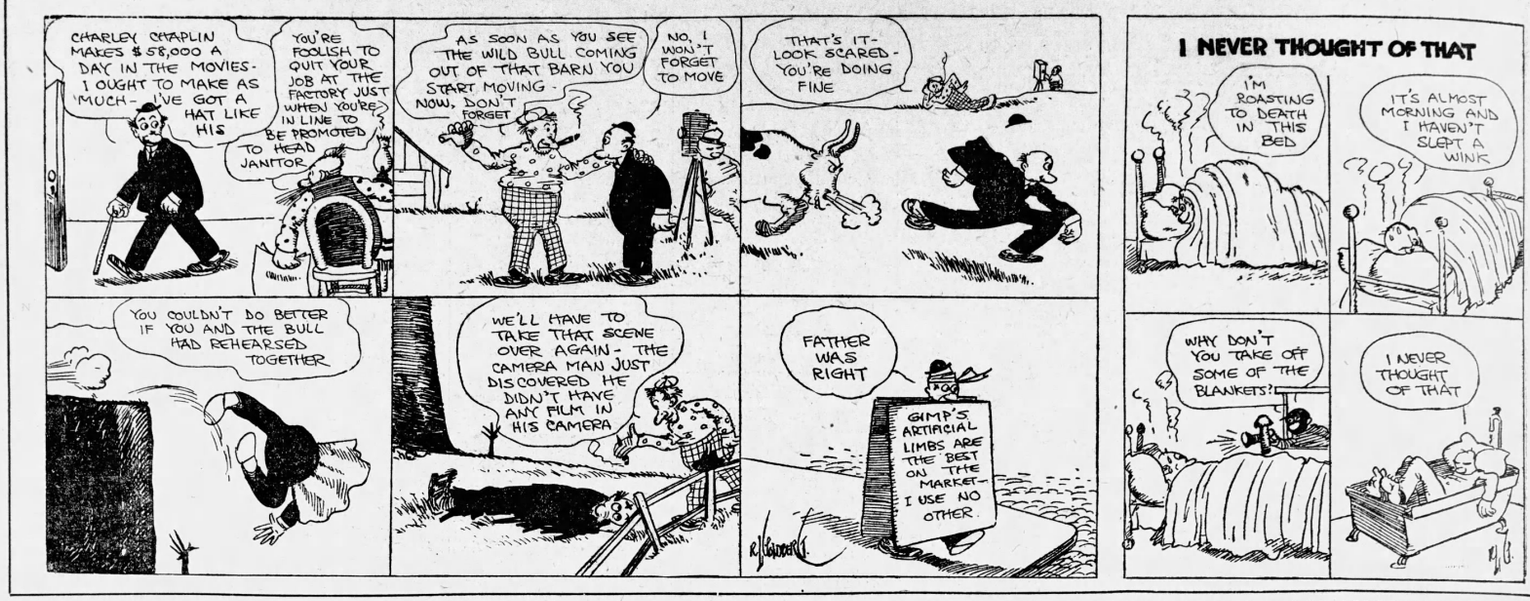

WOMEN AND CHILDREN TRAPPED IN CABIN AS STEAMER TURNS OVER

(Continued from Page One.)

the gang plank watching the people come aboard.

"Suddenly I noticed the boat list toward the center of the river. It rolled slightly at first and then seemed to stop. Then it started to roll again. I shouted to the crowd to keep still. Apparently a majority of the passengers were on one side of the boat and this had overweighed it and caused it to list. The hawsers which held the boat to the deck snapped and the officers pulled the gang plank in and refused to allow any more on the boat.

"At this time everybody was panic-stricken, women screamed, and men tried to quiet them. I ran back to the port side where the gangway had been. The boat then slowly drifted away from the dock, rolling as it slipped into midstream, and a moment later it had turned over on its side. I climbed over on the side of the boat and stayed there until I was taken off by row-boats.

"Many of the passengers leaped into the water as the boat went over. Scores of others were caught in the cabins and drowned. When the small boats began coming out to us I worked with other survivors in taking passengers out of the water and cutting holes in the cabins to remove bodies."

MOTHER AND THREE LOST.

Mrs. Paulina Vantak, mother of three children, was among the drowned. Her children were believed to have been lost. Henry Vantak, her husband, Ewas pulled out of the water.

"I could not believe the boat was turning over," Vantak said. "About a dozen of the 150 persons on the upper decks jumped. The rest were thrown into the river.

"I did not see my wife or children after the boat turned. They were carried into the river with the crowd. Some one grabbed me around the neck and kept pulling me. It was a woman but I could not save her."

Policeman Henry Sesher, one of the first to go to the rescue, said: "I saw scores of men and women, many holding children, plunge into the water. I jumped into a row boat and pulled out to the drowning. I think I got about fifty ashore.

"The fire boat and tugs hurried to the scene and picked up more than 100 people."

BOAT BADLY CROWDED.

The Eastland was filled to capacity and hundreds were turned to other boats, according to S. G. Hall, one of the excursionists. He said that seven thousand tickets had been distributed to the Western Electric employes and that more than 2,500 were crowded on the Eastland.

Captain Harry Pederson, 57 years old, in command of the boat, said:

"I was on the bridge and was about ready to pull out when I noticed the boat began to list. I shouted orders to open the gangways nearest the dock and gave the people a chance to get out. The boat continued to roll and shortly afterward the hawsers broke and the steamer turned over on its side and was drifting toward the middle of the river.

"When she went over I jumped and held on to the upper side. It all happened in two minutes. The cause is a mystery to me. I have sailed the lakes for twenty-five years and this is the first sailed on salt water twelve years, and this is the first serious accident I ever had. I do not know how it happened."

STEWARD TELLS HIS STORY.

Chief Steward Albert Wycoff said:

"I was in the lunch room on the main deck when I noticed the boat beginning to list. Dishes fell out of the rack and a scene of wild excitement followed. I shouted for the people to save themselves. A moment later I jumped into the water, and managed to rescue three women."

William Barrett, a deck hand, said: "I was on the main deck at the stern line ready to cast it off when the boat started to list. I shouted warnings to the passengers around me and tried to let go the hawser. When the boat went over I climbed on the upper side and helped get a number of passengers into boats. It all happened in a few minutes."

Mrs. Emma O'Donnell, of Berwyn, Ill., said: "The steamer was getting ready to leave and was crowded with excursionists. The officers of the boat pushed back the crowds which were around the gang plank, in order to pull it in. I think this is what caused the boat to list. It never stopped when it started to roll, and a few moments later it was out in the middle of the river on its side.

"I saw dozens of people drowned around me, but was unable to give assistance. By a great effort I was able to climb on the upper side of the boat and managed to hold on until taken off by rescuers."

LOADED TO CAPACITY.

W. K. Greenebaum, manager of the Indiana Transportation company, who was in charge of the excursion, said: "We had chartered five steamers for the excursion of the Western Electric company's employes to Michigan City today. We had the steamers Eastland, Petoskey, Theodore Roosevelt, Racine and, May Wood. The Eastland was the first boat to load, and the docks were crowded with passengers who were to be taken on the other boats nearby. One United States steamboat inspector and two assistants watched the Eastland load. They stood at the gang plank and counted the passengers as they went aboard. Their report shows there were 2,500 passengers on the Eastland, its full capacity under the United States steamboat regulations. I have no idea how the accident occurred."

The Eastland was built in 1903 and owned by the Eastland Navigation company of Cleveland, Ohio. It was 265 feet long, 38 feet wide and had a draft of 23 feet with a net tonnage of 1,218. It was brought to Chicago in 1904 and was used in the excursion business to South Haven, Mich., for several years. Later it was taken back to Cleveland and placed in excursion service there. This spring it was remodeled and put on the run from Chicago to St. Joseph, Mich. It has a steel hull and was known as one of the fastest excursion boats on the Great Lakes. It had a speed of 21 miles an hour.

Greenebaum was summoned to the state's attorney's office shortly after the accident and questioned by State's Attorney Hoyne. Mr. Hoyne ordered his assistants to make a thorough inquiry.

The Eastland nearly met with a similar accident eight years ago when in commission between Chicago and South Haven, Mich. Crowded with passengers, she listed badly in the South Haven harbor when the water ballast was being taken aboard. The passengers were driven to the other side, probably averting a disaster.

Scenes similar to those that followed the Iroquois theater disaster in 1903 cast gloom over the city today. Along South Water street, Chicago's great produce center, commission firms practically suspended business and threw open their establishments as temporary morgues and hospitals. All the big downtown department stores hurried truckloads of blankets to cover the dead and the drenched women and children who were huddled in groups.

Six government inspectors were working on the side of the steamboat inspection service when the Eastland excursion turned over. They were in charge of Inspector R. H. McCurry.

"Two inspectors were assigned to the Eastland," McCurry said, "to see that the boat was not overcrowded. The ship had taken on all that she would hold, and the two inspectors had turned many others away."

Federal Probe of Chicago Disaster Is Ordered at Once

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Acting Secretary Sweet of the department of commerce ordered the steamboat inspection service to investigate the Chicago disaster to determine whether there was any defect of construction or inspection of the Eastland. Federal inspectors will be sent from other points to supplement the force at Chicago, if necessary.

Secretary Redfield, of the department of commerce, has had spirited correspondence with Manager Hull, of the line owning the Eastland over provisions of the seaman's bill which becomes effective respecting vessels on the great lakes on November 1.

Mr. Redfield is at Syracuse, N. Y., and in his absence the department is not making the correspondence public.

Mr. Hull has declared that the existing law was sufficient, and sited the equipment of the Eastland to support his arguments. Secretary Redfield replied that, in his opinion, the seamen's law, which would have required an increase of crew on the Eastland to act in case of an emergency, an increase of life rafts to float off the ship in case of sinking, and other safeguards, might some time be the means of saving many lives.

NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given that Southern Railway company has made application to the railroad commission of Georgia for authority to revise passenger train schedules and service on it lines between Atlanta and Columbus which would affect Nos. 19, 20, 21 and 22, and also on its line between Atlanta and Fort Valley which would affect trains Nos. 27, 28, 31 and 32.

The Atlanta-Columbus trains to be operated by Fayetteville.

The Atlanta-Fort Valley trains to be operated by Griffin and McDonough.

All trains making connection at Williamson.

Detail figures and changes in schedules are posted at all stations.

This application has been assigned for hearing before the railroad commission at its office in Atlanta at 11:30 a. m., July 27, 1915, and parties desiring to be heard should communicate with the commission on or before the date above indicated.

This publication is made in accordance with the requirements of the railroad commission of Georgia.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
By H. W. MILLER, Vice President.
(Advt.)

HARRIS WILL PARDON STRIPLING, HE TELLS BABY OF PRISONER

T. EDGAR STRIPLING
As he appeared in his uniform as chief of the Danville, Va., police force.

(Continued from Page One.)

and who has unfailingly answered our every demand with a smile.

"We beg of you that your excellency will grant a full and speedy pardon to Dr. McNaughton, whom we believe fully merits it."

Dr. McNaughton stated: "I am extremely grateful. I have endeavored to do my duty as best I could. This petition is voluntary on the part of the prisoners, and it would not be fitting that I say more."

TENNIS TOURNEY OPENS SOON AT COLLEGE PARK

The College Park Tennis club announces the opening of its second annual tournament on August 2. A small entrance fee is asked, players from College Park, East Point and Hapeville to be exempt from paying the fee. In charge of the tournament is L. M. Schoeller, who may be reached at Schoeller's pharmacy, College Park, Ga.

OUR GLASSES HELP

Our glasses help your eyes because they are exactly according to the prescription of your oculist, with curves scientifically accurate, and with a finish as nearly perfect as it is possible for the most skilled mechanic to attain. Bring your oculist prescription to us. Jno. L. Moore & Sons, the Opticians. 42 N. Broad St.—(Advt.)

Telephone

Your Want Ad to The Journal this afternoon for insertion tomorrow.

Journal Want Ads have the confidence of all the people—they reach all the people and so they are sure to put you in touch with everyone interested in your proposition.

68,335

is the average circulation of The Sunday Journal.

Some of these copies of The Journal leave Atlanta on early trains, so it is to your advantage to get your Want Ad to The Journal just as quickly as possible.

Call—

2000 Main

or

Atlanta 423

and ask for the Want Ad Department.

TRIED TO KILL FRANK TO PREVENT ATTACK ON PEN, SAYS CREEN

(Continued from Page One.)

zy, the governor replied that he thought him "weak minded."

Several convicts ere questioned briefly by the governor and commissioners, and all expressed the belief that Creen's action was the result of no influence in or out of the prison.

Eyewitnesses told precisely the stories published in The Journal of how Creen crept on Frank as he slept and slashed his throat although no one was was questioned who personally saw all the occurrences.

To set at rest the reports that Frank has not been seriously wounded, the governor and commissioners saw Frank's wound dressed. They did not question Frank, merely watching the physicians and leaving the room as soon as the surgeons had finished.

"TERRIBLE WOUND," SAYS HARRIS.

"It was a terrible gash," said Governor Harris.

"There is no doubt about the fact that Frank was seriously wounded."

From the main prison building the governor and commissioners went to the tuberculosis hospital where they questioned Frank Reid and Charles W. Millen about the fight yesterday in which Millen was stabbed in the abdomen.

The prisoners stated that they fought over personal matters following their discharge as hospital stewards, each accusing the other of being responsible for the loss of his position.

Reid stated that the knife with which he stabbed Millen was found in his possession "for a long time," secured from guards.

The investigation will be concluded this afternoon.

Governor Harris and Commissioners E. L. Rainey and T. E. Patterson arrived at 6:15 this morning and immediately joined Chairman R. E. Davidson, who arrived yesterday and spent the night at the farm. Adjutant-General J. Van Holt Nash came as the governor's aid.

At the special invitation of the governor, Representative John T. Dorsey, of Cobb county, chairman of the house penitentiary committee, and Representative C. M. Taylor, of Monroe county, a member of the house committee, are present. It is expected that several other members of the general assembly penitentiary committee will arrive during the day.

The investigators went into the details of the attack Saturday night on Leo. M. Frank by William Creen and also went in charges of Joe Johnson, convict, that the Frank prisoners were enjoying "rich men's privileges" here. The condition of Leo M. Frank this morning continues good. He rested well last night and is declared to be steadily recovering.

FARM IS INSPECTED.

Soon after arriving Governor Harris and members of the commission went over the state farm and through the main prison building.

In the sleeping quarters of the prisoners, Warden James E. Smith pointed out to the governor the location of Frank's cot and of Creen's bunk across the room, some sixty feet away.

The governor stopped and met a number of the prisoners.

Creen, still chained, lay on his cot at the back end of the room, and followed the approach of the committee with his eyes. He was freshly shaved and attired in a clean suit. He smiled and seemed to enjoy the fact that he was the subject of comment.

When the governor approached Creen said:

"I'm not going to tell my story to any one except you and you alone, unless Mr Hardaway comes. I think you both are my friends. Nothing but lies have been told about me, and I want to tell you my story. I know I have done right."

In response to questions from the executive, Creen told the governor that he had kept in pretty close touch with the Frank case by reading newspapers before Frank was brought here.

In accordance with his wishes, Creen was granted a private audience with the chief executive. No one was present except Creen, Governor Harris and Adjutant-General Nash in the capacity of the governor's secretary and aide.

Following the talk with Creen the governor and members of the prison commission met behind closed doors in the office of Warden Smith.

They called in Charles W. Dyer, trusty on night duty as floor walker in the prisoners' sleeping quarters, and questioned him about Creen's attack on Frank.

Dyer stated merely that he was off duty at the time of Creen's attack and was asleep on his cot near Creen, and that he knew nothing of the attack until it was over.

KRYPTOK BIFOCAL

The Ballard Make

Has proven a revolution to glass-wearers all over this country. Far and near vision in one solid glass, absolutely invisible while on the face; no ugly seams or blisters to cause trouble. Are all Kryptok Bifocals the same? No, the material only from which they are made is patented. Unless the grinding of the glass, the fitting of the eyes and the frame adjusting is absolutely correct in every detail you are certain to have trouble. We have more than 20,000 satisfied customers, who are sending us their friends for real optical service. If you have never been to us ask someone who has.

Walter Ballard Optical Co.
85 Peachtree St. (Clock Sign.)
ATLANTA.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending June 30, 1915, of the condition of the

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co., OF BOSTON, MASS.,

Organized under the laws of the state of Massachusetts, made to the governor of the state of Georgia in pursuance to the laws of said state.

Principal office, 87 Milk street, Boston, Mass.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

Purely mutual—no capital stock.

II. ASSETS.

1.	Market value of real estate owned by the company	$ 1,786,372.34
2.	Loans on bonds and mortgage (first liens) on real estate	14,932,821.92
3.	Loans secured by pledge of bonds, stocks or other marketable collaterals	222,850.00
4.	Loans made in cash to policyholders on this company's policies assigned as collateral	11,366,334.93
5.	Premium notes, loans or liens on policies in force	560,467.06
6.	Bonds and stocks owned absolutely, amortized	40,637,886.92
7.	Cash in company's office	551.20
8.	Cash deposited in bank to credit of company	914,799.85
10.	Interest due or accrued and unpaid	856,306.67
13.	Rents due or accrued and unpaid	7,825.00
14.	Net amount of uncollected and deferred premiums (deduction 22 per cent for average loading from gross amount)	375,447.18
	Total assets	$ 72,061,663.17

III. LIABILITIES.

1.	Net present value of all the outstanding policies in force	$63,378,068.00
	Net present value of reserve	$ 63,378,068.00
2.	Death losses and matured endowments due and unpaid	$ 57,090.62
3.	Death losses and matured endowments in process of adjustment, or adjusted and not due	110,751.48
4.	Death losses and other policy claims resisted by the company	8,227.00
5.	Losses reported—no proofs received	69,736.40
	Total policy claims	245,905.50
6.	Present value of amounts not yet due on matured installment certificates	487,527.91
7.	Dividends declared and due and remaining unpaid	226,974.26
8.	Dividends declared but not yet due	1,162,467.00
9.	Special reserve	347,882.95
10.	Amount of all other claims against the company	55,342.45
11.	Premiums and interest paid in advance	38,530.07
12.	Surplus over all liabilities	6,128,964.92
	Total liabilities	$ 72,061,663.17

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1915.

1.	Amount of cash premiums received	$ 4,192,200.18
2.	Amount of notes received for premiums	1,078,205.31
3.	Interest received	1,553,654.89
4.	Consideration for supplementary installment premiums	49,477.72
	Total income	$ 6,873,538.10

V. DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1915.

1.	Losses paid	$1,797,148.81
2.	Matured endowments paid	294,313.43—$ 2,091,462.24
5.	Surrender policies	712,978.20
6.	Dividends paid to policyholders	1,053,537.82
7.	Expenses paid, including commissions to agents, and officers' salaries	868,649.08
8.	Taxes paid	102,004.58
9.	Profit and loss account	3,046.93
	Total disbursements	4,832,678.85
	Greatest amount insured in any one risk	$ 50,000.00
	Total amount of insurance outstanding	298,647,559.00

A copy of the act of incorporation, duly certified, is in the office of the insurance commissioner.

STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS—County of Suffolk.

Personally appeared before the undersigned Alfred D. Foster, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the president of the New England Mutual Life Insurance company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

ALFRED D. FOSTER, President.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 15th day of July, 1915.

REGINALD FOSTER, Notary Public.

Robert J. Guinn

GENERAL AGENT
212-214 CANDLER BUILDING

JEWELERS AND BROKERS
201 PETERS BLDG.
MONEY TO LOAN
PHONE MAIN 128
W. M. LEWIS & CO.
STRICTLY PRIVATE

NOTICES

LODGE NOTICES

NOTICE!

The officers and members of Fulton Lodge, No. 22, I. O. O. F., are requested to meet at the Ga., corner Broad and Decatur streets, Sunday afternoon, the 25th inst., at 1:30 o'clock, for the purpose of attending in a body the funeral of Brother S. L. Wallace, which will be conducted from the chapel of H. M. Patterson, beginning at 2:30 o'clock. A large attendance is desired.

J. C. WILSON, Noble Grand.
W. J. LANEY, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICES

RAWSON—The friends and relatives of Mr. Louie L. Rawson, Judge and Mrs. W. R. Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Johnson, Sr., and family, Mrs. T. P. Westmoreland, Mr. Sidney J. Rawson, Mrs. W. C. Rawson and family and Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Shedden are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Louie L. Rawson Sunday, July 25, at 9:30 a. m. at Oakland cemetery.

WALLACE—The friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Wallace, Misses Mae and Leola Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. John Wallace, of Riverdale, Ga.; Mrs. E. E. Wallace, of College Park; Mr. and Mrs. Hunch Mims, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Mims, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bates, of Jacksonville, Fla., Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Bates, of Lawrenceville, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Wallace, of Anniston, Ala.; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Davis, of Clearwater, Fla., are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. S. L. Wallace Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son. Rev. T. T. Davis will officiate. Interment at West View cemetery. The pallbearers will be selected from the Fulton lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. No. 22, and will please meet at the chapel at 2:15 o'clock.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CAROLINA-PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY
Atlanta, Ga.
Wholesale Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Slate-coated Asphalt Shingles, Acme Plaster, Keystone White Lime, Hydrated Lime, Standard Cement.

DANIEL H. BRAYMER vs. Elizabeth T. Braymer. Superior Court, Elizabeth T. Braymer. By order of the court you are notified that on May 29, 1915, Daniel H. Braymer filed suit against you for divorce to the September term of said court. You are to be and appear at the September term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in September to answer plaintiff's complaint. Witness the Honorable J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this June 14, 1915.

ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

GEORGIA, Fulton County—To Mrs. Mary Alice Perry, Mrs. Hinda Cheney Gossard and Juanita Perry, defendants: You are hereby notified that on September 15, 1915, or as soon thereafter as a hearing can be had, R. M. Clay-ton, as guardian of Mrs. Juanita Perry, will apply to the superior court of Fulton county for an order authorizing the conveyance by him of Mrs. Juanita Murray of a certain lot in the city of Atlanta, a part of his trust estate, and located on the east side of Ivy street, 100 ft. with dimensions 100 by 213 by 75 by 223 feet. Witness the Honorable Ernest Camp, judge of said Court, this July 10th, 1915. ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk Superior Court.

BANKRUPTCY SALE

By virtue of an order passed to me by the Hon. P. H. Adams, referee, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash on July 28th, 1915, at 11 a. m. in the office of the referee, 404 Grant building, $3,000 worth of furniture, consisting of beds, chairs, tables, carpets, rugs and other furnishings as are used in a first-class boarding house, said sale to be subject to a bill of sale I will also sell about 10 tons of furnace coal and 50 cords of wood, all of which being the property of the estate of Mrs. B. E. Meaks, bankrupt. For further information see the undersigned.

VIRLYN B. MOORE, Receiver.
705 Empire Building.

COUNTY OFFICERS

There is now pending before the legislature a bill to furnish, free, every sheriff, ordinary, clerk superior court and justice of the peace of the state a new form book, more complete than any form book that has ever been furnished in Georgia. Each of these officers should immediately ask their representatives to support this bill.

NOTICE!

The Southern and Adams Express Co. will sell all unclaimed packages at public sale at 90 SOuth Fryor street on August 19, 1915.

W. T. ELDER, General Agent.

MORPHINE
Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habits treated at Home or at Sanitarium. Book on subject Free. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, Ex-Confederate Soldier. Atlanta, Georgia.